

Advertisement.

together with the good Reception that it hath found in the World, hath encouraged one to set out a Counterfeit Piece in imitation thereof, by the Title of The English and french Cook; It being only patched up by mangling and spoiling the approved Receipts of this Book, the Author himself being altogether ignorant of the very Terms of Cookery it self.

Caveat Emptor.

THE

French Cook,

Prescribing the way of making ready of all sorts of Meats, Fish and flesh, with the proper Sauce, either to procure Appetite, or to advance the power of Digestion: with the whole Skill of Pastry-work.

Together with about 200. excellent Receits for the best sorts of

POTTAGES,

Both in Lent, and out of Lent.

Also a Treatise of Conserves, both dry and liquid, after the best fashion.

The Third Boition.

With an Addition of some choice Receits grown in Use amongst the Nobility and Gentry, by a prime Artist of our own Nation.

Englished by J. D. G.

LONDON,

Printed for Thomas Dring, at the Harrow at Chancery Lane-end, and John Leigh, at the Blew Bell by Flying-Horse Court in Fleet-Street. 1673,

TO THE
RIGHT HONOURABLE

OF HIM

Earl of TANNE 7, &c.

My very good Lord.

My Lord,

F all the Cooks in the World, the French are esteem'd the best, and of all Cooks that ever France bred up, this may very well challenge the sirst place, as the neatest and compleatest

first place, as the neatest and compleatest that ever did attend the French Court and Armies. I have taught him to speak English, to the end that he may be able to wait in your Lordships Kitchin, and furnish your Table with several Sauces of Hant Goust, and with dainty Ragousts, and Sweet-meats, as yet hardly known in this Land. I hope your Honour will forgive my boldness of begging your Lordships Patronage, in his behalf; entreating your Honour to consider, that

The Epistle Dedicatory...

having first set out his skill in French. under the protection of a French Marquess. he now as a stranger doth humbly crave to be theltred under the luttre of your honourable name, that so with the more credit and confidence, he may impart his skill for the publick good, in teaching every body how to continue and prolong comfortably by a well relished Diet. the fweet marriage of Soul and Body. Befides, my Lord, your former commands are indeed the first and chief cause of my presuming thus far, esteeming it to be a part of my duty, which will never be fatissied until some better occasion do furnish me with a more serious Subject. whereby I may let all the world know, that all my ambition is to deserve the glo-2 ous title of

Your Lordships most

humble Servant,

Du. Fresne.

To the Pender.



READER

Courteous Reader.

Was defired by a Noble Knight to English this Book; besides, being sollicited and intreated about the same, by many of my Friends, and persons

of good quality, I have taken the pains to do it, as puntually and exactly as the matter could give me leave, endeavouring to make it intelligible for every body. As concerning some few words which are not Englished, they are words of things which are not in England, or Some words of Art, which you will find explained in a Table set before the Book. I have had all the care possible to make it compleat and easie, to the end that it

To the Reader.

may be useful, not only for Noblemen and Gentlemen, but also for every private Family, even to the Husband-man or Labouring-man, wheresoever the English Tongue is, or may be used. If you do accept of it for your own use, as kindly, as I do give it heartily to the publick, I am fully satisfied for all my Labours, wishing that you and I may long enjoy the comfortable refreshments therein. Farewell.

THE

THE

BOOKSELLE RS

TO THE

READER

Reader,

His Book, what with the Eminency of the Author in the Art of Cookery, and the excellency and usefulness of the Work it self, gained so great Applause and

great Applause and Reputation, not only in the Court and Kingdom of France, but here in England too, that it became the business and concernment of several persons of quality to get it translated into English; which so soon as done, was so well received, that

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two

To the Reader.

two confiderable Impressions were sold of them; which made us (having met with many things worthy to be inserted) undertake the Reprinting it, which we have done with very confiderable and useful Additions. And we hope it will the rather meet with a favourable reception, since no Author yet hath so fully described this way of Cookery: for you will hence find directions not only for the making all forts of Pottages and Pies, whether of Fish or Flesh; but likewife for making of all forts of Sauces and Pallatable Dishes vvhatsoever, used either in France, or the Tables of the Nobility here, together with Directions for ferving up First, Second, and Third Courses for the vyhole Year.

VIA Gogly amily house in his hours

An Alphabetical Table for the explaining: of the hard and strange words contained in this Book.

Abbatis or Abatis

It is a form of land as

They are the purcenances of any heaft, viz. the feet, the ears, the tongue, & C. They are also the gibles of any fowl, viz: the neck, wings feet; gizard, liver, &c.

Andovilles, They are the great guts of pork or beef, filled up with thin flices of render meat; or small guils of pork, well seasoned with pepper, salt, fine berbs, & c. some do call them Chirectings. Andovillets fair

They are balls or roundish small pieces of minced flesh well seasoned.
Aricot, or Haricot.

It is mutton sod, with a few turnips, some wive, and tosts crumbled among it is also made of small pieces of mutton, first a little sodden, then fried in feam with fliced onions , and laftly boiled in broth with parsley, isop, and sage, And in another fashion, of livers boiled in a piphin with sliced onions and lard, verjuice, red wine, and vinegar, and served up with tosts, small spices, and sometimes chapped herbs.

Blanch, so scald, parboll, or plum up.

They are all kinds of ingredients, that may be

A TABLE.

fancied, for to be put together into a pie, or otherwise, viz. Cocks-combs, stones or kidneys, sweet-breads of veal, mushrooms, bostoms of hartichokes, &c.

Beatilles of Pullets.

They are the giblets.

Bard.

It is a sheet of lard or bacon.

Barbillons.

They are the second skin of the pallats of beef.

They are a kind of plumbs which grow beyond-fea.

Cervelats.

They are a kind of great sancidges made beyond-Sea. Cardes.

They are the ribs of beets, of barti-Cardons. Cardeaux. 3

chokes, and such like.

Chapiteau. It is any work fet over the lid of a pie.

Coquemare.

It is a long brasen por.

Cornet. It is a coffin of paper, such as the groffers do put and wrap fruit, or spices in.

To endore.

It is to wet, er daub with some liquor, as one doth a pie or cake before it be put in the Oven.

Fleurons.

They are small pieces of pufs paste fryed. Fricassee.

It is a frying with a fauce.

Farce.

A TABLE.

It is any thing made up for to stuff any meat with.

To farce.

It is to stuff, or fill up any mean

Gandiveaux.

They are forced meat of veal, that is, meat of veal minced, feafined and wronght into small long pieces like chitterlings.

Hash.

It is minced meat.

Lard.

It is fat bacon.

Lardons. 5 1

They are small long flices of lard. To lard when the

It is to flick any meat with flices of lard. Mean Lard.

They are slices of lard of a middle-fize.

Great Lard.

They are big slices of lard.

It is a measure of one pint, or a little more. Legumes.

They are all kinds of pot herbs, as also any fruit growing in a garden, as encumbers, artichokes, cabbage; meloons, pompkins, & c.

Morilles.

They are a kind of excellent small red mushrooms.

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The French Cook.

The manner of making the broth far the feeding of all Pots, be it of Pottage in first course or intencourse (middle service.)



Ake knuckles of beef, the hinder part of the rump; a little mutton, and fome hens (according to the quantity of broth that you will have) put in meat proportionably; seething well

with a bundle of parily, young onions, and the tied together, and a few cloves, large mace that fome beaten cinamon, keeping alwaies found warm water ready to fill up the pot again. They after all is well fodden, you shall strain them who the anapkin for your use. And as for Rosted meet, after that you have taken the juice out of it, you shall set it to boil with a bundle of herbs, as abovestid; seeth it well, then strain it, for to make use of it at your first courses, or for brown pottages.

How to make all kinds of Pottage-

Take young Pigeons; cleanie them well, and trus, them up a which you shall do by making a hole

hole with a knife below the stomack, and thrusting the legs through it is whiten them, that is put them into the pot with hot water or with porbtoth, and gover them well; then put them in the pot with a small bundle of sine here. With an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an Orion or two peeled and put in whole; with an or two peeled and put in whole; with an or two peeled and put in whole; with the best of your broths, have a special-care that it may not become black; then dry your bread, and shove it in the Pigeon-broth; then take it up after it is well seasoned with salt, pepper and cloves, garnished with the young pigeons, cocks-combes, sweet-breads of veal, mushrooms, mutton juice, and pistaches; serve it up, and garnish the brims of the dish with slices of lemon, and barberries.

2. Pigeons otherwayes.

Take Pigeons, and when you have farled and boned them, fry them in butter or mineed lard, and put to them broth, pepper, nutring flicts, ginger, cinnamon beaten, Coriander-seed, raisins of the sun, currans, with vinegar; and serve them with this sauce, being first steeped in it sour or sive hours, and well stewed down. In Summer, you may use damsins, sweet herbs, chopped grapes, bacon in slices, white-wine.

3. Pottage for Health.

Take Capons, cleanle them well, trus them up, and put them in the pot with broth, and cover them, lest the broth do wax black; season them with salt, a little whole pepper, beaten cinnamon, beaten cloves and mace, and seeth them well with store of good herbs (in winter, with succory;) then take up and garnish with your herbs, viz. with carduus, tub the bottom of your dish with a clove

of garlick, and parflie roots or succory, and scalded grapes or carved turnips; and serve.

4. Pottage of Partridges with Coleworts.

Cleanse them well, lard them with great lard, trus them, and put them in the pot with good broth; put also your coleworts in the pot with your partridgess after they are sodden, you shall pass into it a little melted lard, and season them with, cloves and pepper, and falt, and some mace; then stove or soak your crusts, garnish them with sweet-breads of veal, or with sausages, if you have any, and semon, and salt on the dish sides; then serve.

5. Pottage of Ducks and Turnips.

Cleanse them, lard them with great lard, then pass them in the pan with fresh seam or melsed lard; or else rost them on the spit three or sour turns, then put them in the pot; and take your turnips, cut them as you will, whiten them, shower them and pass them in fresh seam or lard, untill they be very brown; put them in your Ducks, seeth all well, and stove or soak your bread well, to the end that your pottage be thickned; If you have capers you shall mix some with it, or a little vineger; take up, and garnish with turnips; then serve.

6. Pattage of Ducks otherwayes.

Take Dacks and lard them, put them on the spit and half road them; then drane them, and put them into a pipkin, and put a quart of claretwine into it, with chesnuts and a pint of oisters bearded, and three onions mineed very small, some mace and a little beaten ginger, cumin, a little tyme stript, a crust of a french rowl grated to thicken

thicken it; and so dish it up on sops, with strong broth.

7. Pottage of Pullets garnisht with Sparague.

After they are well truffed up, whiten them well, and put them in the pot with a sheet of lard over them; fill your pot with your best broth. and season them with salt and a little pepper. some cinnamon, beaten cloves and mace, a whole onion peeled, and a bunch of sweet herbs, and let them not feeth too much; dry your bread and stove or soak it, and garnish it with your pullers, with sparagus fryed and broken, mushrooms. combs, or the giblets of your pullets, with a few pistaches and juice of mutton, and garnish the brim of your dish with lemon; then serve.

8. An excellent Pottage or Broth for a fick Body.

Take a good fleshy Capon, take the flesh from the bones, or chop it into small pieces, and not wash it; then put it into a role-fill, with flices of lemonpeel, wood forrel, with other herbs appointed by the Physician; being distilled, give it to the weak party to drink.

9. Pottage of stoved Partridges.

When your Partridges are well truffed up, lard them with great lard, and whiten them, then put them in the pot; seeth them well, and sealon them with falt, then put in your bread and slove or foak it; garnish your pottage with it, and with mushrooms, boil them a little on the fire, putting therein some white-almond broth and some mutton juice, pistaches and lemon; then serve.

10. Pottage of Quelckchofes, or Liverings.

Take a filler of Veal, cut it very thin, fluff it very well, and cause it to take colour in a tourt-

pan, or between two diffes; put the flices thereof into a small pot with some of the best broth; leason them, fosk your bread, and garnish it with your liverings, mushrooms, sparagus, mutton-juice, piftaches, if you will, or lemona then ferve hiw it 11. Postage de Chine, or an excellent China Broth.

Take an ounce of China thin fliced, put it in a pipkin of fair water, with a little Veal or Chicken stopped close; let it stand four and twenty, hours on the embers, but not boil; then put to it coltsfoot, scabious, maiden-hair, violet leaves half an handful, candid eringo and two or three marth mallows boil them on a lost fire till the third part be wasted: then put in a crust of manchen ja little mace, railing of the Sun Ronted, and let at boils then take it off and keep it for a months use

12. Possage of Stoved Quails. After they are truffed up and whitened, flower them, and pass them wish kird on fresh search, then put them in the pot, feeth them well, and feefon them with falt; foak your bread, and garnishit with your quails, with mulhrooms, combs, lamon, and piltaches; then ferve.

13. Pottage of Wood-Pigeons garnified. 1113b

Take wood-pidgeons, or other big pigeons, whiten, and lard them with middle-fifed lard, then put them in the pot , and feech them well with featoning of falt, and a forig of time, pepper whole, a little beaten ginger and some large mace; foak your bread, then garnish it with your pigeons, bottoms of Hartichokes, and sparagus; then ferve.

14. Pottage of Small Vails.

Take four or fix small hoaves, take but of them

The French Cook.

them all the cramb through a small hole made at the top, take off the top and dry it with the Breud, frie them with fresh feam or lard; then floak your bread with your best broth, and sprinkle it with almond-broths then put your loaves to gainish your portage, and fill them with combs, "I Weet-breads of yeal, giblets, mushrooms, and cover them, put forme broth therein, until the bread be foaked; before you ferve, pour on it some juice and what you have, then ferve. [85

15. The Queens Pottage. Take Almonds, beat them, and boil them with good broth, a bundle of herbs, and a piece of the rinfide of a lemon, a few crumbs of bread; then leafon them with falt, have a care they burn not ffir them often, and firain them: Then take your bread and foak it with your best broth, which you Mail make thus. When you have taken the bones put of some roasted Partridge or Capon, take the bones and beat them well in a mortar, then take Tome good broth, feeth all these bones with a few mushrooms, and strain all through a linnen cloth, and with this broth foak your bread, and as it doth look beforinkle it with almond-broth, and with juice; then put into it a little of some very finiall miniced meat in besit of partridge or capon, fund alwaiss as it doth foak, put in it some almond broth untill it be full; then take the fire shovel red hot, and hold it over it. Garnish your -pottage with cocks-combs, pistaches, granats, and juice; then ferve.

16. Princes's Pottage.

Take of the same broth as that of the Queens pottage, taken out of roafted bones, foak a loaf of bread bread with the crust, and after a small hash of partridges, which you shall strew upon your broad, so thin as it may not appear, soak it and fill it by little and little, garnish it with the smallest mulhrooms, combs, kidneys, pistaches, lemonyand much juice; when ferve.

17. Jacobin's Poltage.

To make it well, take Gapons or Partridges, roalt them, take out the bones, and mince the brawn of them very small; take also the bones of them, break them, and seeth them with broth in an earthen pot with a bundle of herbs, then firain them through a linnen cloth, foak your bread, lay it on a bed of flesh, or of cheese, if you will a bed of almond-broth, and boil it well, and fill it by degrees; then garnish it with the small ends of wings, without bones at one end; take three Eggs, with a little Almond-broth (if you have any) or other broths beat them together, and pour them on your portage, hold the fire shovel over it; then derve.

18. Possage of Cockerels. Dreis and whiten them, literping them a while in fresh water, or in broth, then put them in the pot with some other broth well seasoned with falt : Take up, and garnish them with all that you have remaining of garnish, upon a loaf foakeds and ferve.

19. Pottage of Teales with Hypocrast.

Take Teals, diels and cleanle them well, whiten thein as abovefaid; and being stuffed within with some lard, frie them a little with lard, or fresh feart, then put them in the pot; when they are almost sodden, you shall through in some plumbs,

with a piece of Sugar, and shall garnish your postage with the Teals and Plumbs.

20. Brown Pottage of Larks.

Take Larks and draw them, whiten them, flower them, and pass them in the pan with but ter, lard or fresh seam, untill they be very brown then put them in the pot with good broth, and a bundle of herbs, and boil them, foak a loaf well, which you shall garnish with your Larks, Beef pallats, Mutton-juice and Lemon; then ferve.

21. Pottage of young Pigeons.

Take young Pigeons, Icald them well, and put them in the pot with good broth and a bundle of herbs; boil them well with a sheet of lard, then take them out upon a soaked loaf, and garnish them with Hartichokes and Sparagus fried, green Peale or Lettice; then serve.

22. Postage of Teale with the juice of Turnips.

Take Teales and roast them, then put them in the pot with good broth; next take some turnips, whiten them, flower them, and pass them in the pan, so that they be very brown, put them with your Teale and feeth them together, and when you will take up, firain the turnips through a linnen cloth, for to take out the juice of them, wherewith you shall garnish your pottage, together with your Teale, and with Pomgranates's then ferve. Add Chicago

23. Postage of Beatilles.

Take your Beatilles, scald them well, pass them in the pan as a Fricals of Pullets, put them in the pot with good broth, and let them flew well, foak a loaf, which you shall garnish with your Beatills,

Beatills, with much juice of Mutton and Rams kidnies, then serve.

24. Porrage of Pullers with Colliflowers.

Due them in a pot with good broth, feeth them with a bundle of herbs, and feafon them well with falt, clove, pepper; and grate a little nutmeg, or clust of bread, when you are ready to serve, garnish therewith your loaf soaked with Collishowers and Mutton juice; and ferve.

25. Postage of Pullets in Ragouft.

When they are roafted, cut them into quarters, then put them between two dishes after the manner of a Ragoust, with some broth from the pot; foak your bread in cruft, and garnish it with your Pullets, putting about a few Mushrooms and Sparagus i then feryce in

26. Portage of young Pigeons roafted. Put them in the pot with good broth wel fcafoned with this and clove, feethichem; then foak your crusts, and garnish them with your pigeons, and what you shall have to put in its have a care that your pottage be brown, then ferve.

27. Pessage of a Goofe with Cabbage

and Sausages. Take your Goold and falt it two days, then truls it and lard the breast thereof, season your lard with pepper, mace and falt, and put it a boiling in beef broth (if it may be) otherwise water, season your liquor with falt, pepper grofly beaten, a bundle of Bay-leaves, Rolemary and Tyme; your Cabbage being boil'd tender, drain the water from them, land put them in a pipkin with Claret, Onions, and Anchoves stewed a while with Mace; then

2.14.CE

dish up your Goose on the rop of your Cabbage and Cabbage on top of it, with store of broth.

28. Pottage of Green-Goofe with Peafe-broth.

Take Green-Geele, or any thing else as you will, put them in the pof and seeth them well; then take your peafe and feeth them well; then pass them through a very fine strainer, and put your peafe-broth into a por with a bundle of herbs, pass a little lard in the pan, and when it is melted, throw it into the pot, and when you will serve, soak your bread with your Geele-broath, then pour your peafe-broth over it; which to make green,

you must not let your pease seeth outright; but when they are half sodden, stamp them in a more tas, and strain them with good broth; or if it is in winter, take Beets or Sorrel; stamp and strain it, and pour the juice about your pottage when

Whiten them well, and put them in the pot with broth, a buildle of herits and a sheet of lard; seeth them well, so that beeing fodden they may show white; soak your bread and garnish it with your giblets, which you shall whiten if you will, and put on them a few minced capers; then serve.

Put your green Geele mith Peafe.

Put your green Geele in a pot with broth, after your have prepared and whitened them well; boil and season the three well. Frie your pease a little in the pan, then put them into a small por with a little broath, and when they are well sodden, look your bread; and garnish it with your Geele and their Giblets, and with your pease wholk or strained; then serve, garnished with Lettice.

31. Postage

Your Goole being well poudered, and cut into four quarters, if it be too much fakted, water it, then lard it with great lard, and feeth it well; when your peafe are fod, strain them through a strainer as peafe-broth, and feafon it well according to your pallate; boil your Goose a very little in in this pease broth, toak your bread with other broath (if you have any) in another pot, and over the pease-broth you shall pour a little arkatton juice for to marble it; then serve.

After your Pullets are well scalded and trussed up, put them in the pot with good broath; and sound them well it then pass your pease in the pain with butter or lavel, and soak them with forme Lottice whitened, that is, which you have steeped in fresh water; soak your breakly and the tice; then with it with your Pullet; Pease, and Lettice; then serves with the passes to the serves.

33. Petragerof Pigient mich green peafe.

It is made like that of Politics but that if you will you need not strain your Peafe into Peafe.

broth.

Seethiwell your dalument, beite Bark, or Goofe for any other stelke it top and pour your Peafe-thirth overitt, then forward

When they are flayed, parboil them, and pass them in the pan with butter or lard, then put them in the pot with good broth, and a bundle of herbs, and feeth them as it is fitting, foak well your bread and garnish it with your young Rab-

bets, Mushrooms and Truffies, and with what you have; then ferve.

36. Postage of Purtenances of Lambs.

After your Purtenances are well whitened ; put them in the pot with good broth, a bundle of herbs, and a sheet of fat Lard or Bacon, seeth them well, and foak your bread, and when you are ready to scree, pour white broth over it.

37. Lambs Head in white Broth.

Take a Lambs head, cleave it, and take out the brains, open the pipes of the Purtenances, then wash and foak the meat very clean, then boil and fcum it, and put in some large Mace, whole Cinnamon, flic't Dates, some Marrow and Salt; and when the head is boild, dish it up on fine carved sippets, and trim the dish by scraping Sugar, then strain half a dozen yolks of Eggs in white-wine, with a Ladle full of Cream put into the broth, and give it a walm on the fire; then dish up the Head in the broth with flic't Lemon thereon.

38. White Broth.

Take a pint of firong broth from the boiling of your Purtenances, a pint of Sack, a quart of white-wine, and put them into a pipkin together with a dozen of Dates cut in halves, prunelloes, some whole, or Cinnamon, Ginger, Cloves and Mace, and half a pound of white Sugar, with the marrow of two or three bones, let these boil till the marrow be enough, then take it from the fire and thicken it with the yolks of Eggs being very well beaten and strained through a clean cloth, then garnish it with Lettice, Succets, candid Lemon, and Wafers; and then serve it,

The French Cook. 39. Postage of Larks with a finees sauce.

Plume, pull and draw them, then flower them, pals them in the pan with lard or fresh seam, then put them in the pot with good broth, half a pint of white wine, and half a pound of Sugar, and feeth them well, foak your bread, garnish it with your Larks, and ferve.

40. Pottage of Veal otherwayes.

Take a Leg of Veal, and cut it into several pieces, and boil it in three quarts of fair water with a faggot of sweet herbs; then put in three. Chickens, with some Salt and Mace scalded, then have all manner of fweet herbs, pick them well' and bruise them a little before you dress up your boiled meat, put them in and give them a walm or two; being enough, dish them up on sippets of french bread, pouring on the broth with the herbs, garnishing the dish with Barberries and Lemon.

41. Postage of Knuckle of Veal.

Put your Knuckle of Veal in the pot with good broth, feeth and skim it well, pur therein some white Succorie; soak your bread, garnish it with the Knuckle, Succoric and Mushrooms; then ferve.

42. Postage of a Breast of Veal.

Blanch it in fresh water, then put it in the pot with good broth, feeth it, and put therein some good herbs, and a few Capers and Sampire, and all being well seasoned, take up your soaked bread; then ferve.

43. Pottage of Mavis, or Thrushes. Truss them up, and draw them, then flower them, and pass them in the pan with butter or lard, then put them in the pot with good broth and feeth them well with a bundle of herbs; foak your bread, and garnish it with your Thrushes, Beef-pallars, and Mushrooms; then serve.

44 Pottage of Tortoile

Take your Tortoiles, cut offthe head, and boil them in water, and when they are near boil'd, put a little white wine therein, fome fine herbs, and some lard; when they are boiled, take them out of the shell, and take out the Gall, cut them into pieces, and pass them in the pan with good Butter, some beaten Cinnamon, beaten Nutmeg, a little Ginger, and a little Salt & then flew them in a dish, as also your bread with some of your broth, garnish it with your Tortoises well scasoned, with sparagus cut; with juice, and with lemon; then serve,

45. Portage of Sucking Pig. After you have scalded it neatly, cut it into five pieces, blanch them in some broth or fresh water, and put them, into the pot with good broth, put some fine herbs to it, and a piece of lard, but have a care they do not boil dry; foak your bread, and garnish it with your Pig, the head in the midst of the quarters, and the purtenance round about the dish; then serve.

49. Pottage of mine'd Mutton.

Take a Leg of Mutton, mince it with Beef fuet, season it with some beaten nutmeg, a little pepper and some salt, and slew it in a pot; soak also your bread in a dish with the best of your broths; Aften this, garnish it with your mine'd meat, together with juice, combs, beatilles filled with dry bread, otherwise with pieces of bread of the length and bigness of a finger, in the shape of Lardons, which

you

THE FEBRUARY COME you shall pais in the pan with good sbutter, untill they be brown, and as it were tofted, and foak it of million of him well also; then forve. 47. Petrage of Knuckle of Betf.

Stew it well in a pot, untill it be almost boiled to pieces; and well feafoned with a bundle of berbs ; Cloves, Capers, Sampire, Mushrooms,

Truffice; then foak your bread, and garnish is with your Knuckle, and its implements.

48. Postage of Capon with Rice. Take a Capon, draw it well, and put it in the pot with good broth well feafoned, rake your Rice well pickt, wash and dry it before the fire; then feeth it by degrees with good broath; foak your bread; put your Capon upon it; and garnish it with your Rice's if you will, you may put some faffron to it; and ferve.

49. Pottage of Pullets with Rice. Wilt is made after the same way as the Caponi trus them up's put them in the por , and feafon them alike; make your Rice ready the same way; your bread being soaked and garnished as above-

faid, ferve. 301 Postage of Knuckle of Beeef mith Tailladins. Blanch your Knuckle, feeth and feafon it well, and with the broath feath also your Taillading you thall put it with an onion fluck with cloves, and a little thyme t then look your bread, and garnish it with the Knuckle and with your Tailladins, which are pieces of bread of the length and big--ness of one finger, passed and tried in the pan with butter, or lard, as aforesaid in the 38 Arricles if you will, you may put foine Suffron in its then ferve. - T. O.

Capon

Capon with Tailladin, and all other meat is done the same way, and being made ready thus, it shall be called such meat with Tailladin.

Soak some crusts of brown bread with some good broth out of your boyler, great pot, or beef pot, scasoned with pepper, salt, a little mine'd parsley, some beaten cinnamon, whole meaning the parsley.

parsley, some beaten cinnamon, whole mace; winter savory and time; then serve. The first cuttings of loaves boiled are served in like manner, without parsley or pepper if you will.

When it is sodden, take out the bones, and cut it into as many pieces as you will, then cut a few Oysters either pickled or raw into small pieces, and mix them with your meat, then season them with a little pepper, nutmeg and and sake; then sower it and fry it with butter or lard, then soak your bread and garnish it with what you stave fry'd; serve the dish well filled and garnished with mushrooms, pomgranats, or sliced semons, juice of semons or capers.

Take a Chine of Mutton Chines.

Take a Chine of Mutton, and boil it in a glazed pipkin, well scum'd, put in a saggot of sweet herbs, as Tyme, Parsley, & c. and put therewith some Carrots cut like small Dice, some Raisins, Prunes, Marigold-slowers and Salt, and being sinely boiled; serve it on sippets, garnishing your dish with Raisins, Mace, Prunes, Marigold-slowers, Carrots, Lemons, and broiled Marrow.

For Varietie sake, leave out Carrots and

Take the upper ends of breats of Mutton, fry them, and feeth them well, untill they be fit to receive the turnips, which after you have cut them into flices or pieces, and also well fried, you shall put with your Mutton well seasoned with cloves, pepper, nutmeg, a blade or two of large mace, an onion peeled and put in whole, salt and a bundle of herb; soak your bread; and take up; if your pottage be not thick enough, put a little flower into the broth for to thicken it; and mixtwith it some white pepper and vinegar; then

Boil the Burley in two waters, and put it to a knuckle of Veal, and to the broth fair, raisins, a faggot of sweet herbs, as tyme, parsley, marjoram, penniroyal, &c. with large mace, and the quantity of a mancher slie't together; and so serve it up.

56. Poisage of Knuckles of Shoulders with Ragoust.

When your handles or knuckles are blanche in fresh water, slower them and pass them in the pan with butter or lard, seeth them in an earthen pan with all the implements which can abide seething, as sparagus, mushrooms, trusses; soak your bread or cruss with good broth, and garnish it with your handles or knuckles, sparagus, mushrooms, and all what you have, then serve.

After they are rosted, put them in the pot with good broath and a bundle of herbs, and seeth them well, then soak your bread, and

ferve.

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garnish it with your Woodcocks, and all what you have; then serve.

You may also make it in the same manner as of marbled partridge.

58. Half a Bisque.

Take Pigeons somewhat big, open them, and seeth them as the Bisque, whereof you will easily find the making, if you have recourse to the table; garnish and season them also the same way, so that it may be as good as the Bisque, if you can; then serve.

59. Jacobin's Porrage with Cheefe.

Take a Capon garnished with his bones sitted, as wings and legs, and some cheese, whereof you shall make as many beads as of sless, and you shall beforinkle all with almond-broath, if you can; It it be not thick enough, beat in it two or three Eggs, and give it colour with the sire-shovel. Now to make your broath the better, stamp the bones, and boil them with the best of your broaths, well scasoned; soak your bread, which you may garnish with pistaches, lemons or pomgranats; then serve.

2. How to make farced Pottages.

1. Postage of Capons farced.

A fter they are well prepared, take out the bones at the neck, and fill them up with all kind of beatilles, as young pigeons, the flesh of capon well minced with beef-suer, and when they are well seasoned and trussed up, put them

in the pot with good broath, feeth them, and foak your bread, which you shall garnish with your Capons, and all forts of Beatills; and ferve.

2. Pottage of farcel Cockerels without bones.

After they are prepared, take out the stomack bone, fill them up with godiveaux, which you shall make with the stell of Veal minced with the raw yolks of Eggs, chibbals, parsley, pepper, or spices according to your tast, all seasoned with salt, and after they are trussed up and whitened, put them in the pot, and garnish them with good seasoning, soak them well, take up, and garnish with what you have; and serve.

3. Porrage of Pullers farced.

When they are well drefled, whiten them in fresh water, take up the skin of them with the finger, and fill them with a farce made of veal or brawn of capon, with suct and yolks of eggs, all well minced and mixt together, seasoned with a little pepper, beaten nutmeg, beaten cloves and mace, cinnamon, and salt; truss them up, and put them in the pot with good broath, soak your bread, garnish it with your pullets, hartischoke bottoms, and sparagues, then serve.

4. Possage of Capon. Leg of Beef marrow bones, and Knnckle of Veal.

Take a Capon, a Knuckle of Veal, two martow-bones, and boil them in fair water, fourn them, and put in a faggot of sweet herbs, large mace, whhole cinnamon, and ginger bruised; then best some Ostmeal, strain it, and put it in a then have boiled prones and currans strained also, and put them in with some whole raisins,

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about half an hour before you dish your meat, put in a point of Claret-wine and Sugar; then dish up your meat on sippets and broath.

Otherwayes.

Take two joints of Mutton, Rack and Loin, being halt boil'd and scum'd; take up your Mutton and wash away its dregs, strain the broth, and blow off the sat; then put to the broth in a Pipkin a bundle of sweet herbs tyed hard, and some mace; and boil in it also a pound of raisins of the Sun, being strain'd, a pound of prunes with cloves, pepper, saffron, salt, claret and sugar; stew all well together, then put in your meat, and giving it a walm or two; dish it up.

5. Pottage of young Pigeons farced.

After they are well scalded, and prepared, the skin taken up, and filled as the pullets; blanch them in fresh water, and put them in the pot with good broath, seeth them proportionably, and season them with a sheet of lard, then soak your bread, and garnish it with your pigeons with their livers and wings, the juice of a leg of mutton roasted; and serve.

6. Postage of Ducks farced.

Take out the bones at the neck, fill them up with all the good things you have, as young pigeons, mushrooms, fweet-breads, and other like; make your farce of a lean piece of fresh pork, minced with raw yolks of eggs, parsley, chibbals, pepper, or such spice as you like best; sow your Ducks up again, blanch them in fresh water, and put them in the pot with good broath, seeth and seafon them well; temper a little slower with broath to thicken your pottage, then soak your bread,

bread, and garnish it with your ducks, and all what you have i then serve.
7. Postage of legs of Veal farced.

Cut these legs as far as the loin, take up the skin of them very hearly, and trus up the end of the handle or knuckle, then steep them in fresh water; take the stesh of them and sake out the sinews, mince it with beef or mutton-suet, lard, yolks of eggs, and fine herbs, when all is well minced and seasoned, fill them; and put them in the por with good broath; boil them, and put in some herbs according to the season, or a little white Succory; soak your bread, and garnish it with these leggs, which you shall slanch, with yo'ks of eggs, and verjuice if you will them says.

Take a dreast of Veal, open it at the nettler end, make a farce with a little meat and fuet, the crumb of a loaf, and all kind of good berbs, minde and season all; blanch this breast; and put it in the pot with good broath; Seeth it with capers, Succory or herbs minded, soak your bread, garnish it if you will; and serve.

9. Pottage of la Calfes Hedd without bones.

After it is well scalded, take off the skin thereoff, seeth it, and when it is sodden, take out the
bones, take out the brains and the eyes, for to
set them in their place again; Mince well the
slesh with beef-suct or marrow, and raw yolks of
eggs for to thicken the farce, then set the brains
and the eyes in their place again; when it is
sarced, sow it nearly up, blanch it well in sresh
water, and put it in the pot with good broath;
Seeth it well, and next, take some Calss-seet, and

pass them in Ragoust, parboil them in water, cleave them in the middle, and pass them in the pan with butter or lard, put them into your pot with some Capers: then soak your bread; garnish it with this Head and Feet, with the Capers; and serve.

10. Pottage of Lambs heads without bones farced.

well scalded, take up the skin, seeth them, and when they are sodden, take the meat of them and mince it with suct and lard, well seasoned according to your liking; Farce them with a piece of liver, and of lights of Lamb, Beef suct or Marrow, raw yolks of Eggs, parsley and fine herbs; all well minced together, blanch it, themput them in the pot with good broath; Seeth with well, and season them with fine herbs; soak your bread, and season that with the Heads and purtenances, which you shall blanch if you will with yolks of eggs tempered with verjuice; and serve.

Take a Leg or two of Mutton farced.

Take a Leg or two of Mutton, take out the bones, and mince the flesh very small with suet and lard; then farce the skin with it, and sow it up very nearly, so that the end of the knuckle he very clean, and all well scasoned with salt and spice, according to your take; put it in the por, and seeth it well with a bundle of herbs, Capers, and Turnips; soak your bread, take up, and garnish it with your Turnips; then serve.

Take a Leg of Mutton, and raise up the skin very nearly, and take out the flesh, then mine

it with beef suct and sweet herbs, and spinage, and two penny worth of grated bread very sine; then season it with a little pepper, nutmeg, cloves and mace, and salt; then put to it some currans very well washt and pickt from stones and grayel; then put to it half a pound of Sugar, then break in eggs enough to bind it; then make up and stuff the Mutton with it, then bake it in an Oven, and garnish it with the farced meat that will not go into the Leg, and put white broth to it; then serve.

After they are prepared, take out the brisket, and farce them with what farce you will, then flower them, and put them in the pot with good broath; loak your bread, and garnish it with your Geele, with peale, peale broth, or what you will; and serve.

13. Postage of Pareridges without bones, farced.

Take out the brisket, and take some Veal or some Capon-field mince it, and leason it according to your liking with salt and spice, or sine herbs; farce your Partridges with it very neatly, put them in the pot with good broath, and seeth them well with a bundle of herbs; soak your bread, and garnish it about the dish with sparague, and bottons of hartichokes; then serve.

14. Possage of Turkie farced.

After it is well prepared, take out the briskes, and take Veal and fuet, which you shall mince very small; thicken your farce with Eggs, and mix with it some Beatilles, or young Pigeons, raw yolks of Eggs, put it in the pot with good broath, and seeth it well: put Chesnuts in it, and

The French Cook. and Mushrooms; soak a loaf of bread, and gap wish it with what is in your por; then serve.

For to make the bundle of herbs, take Chibals Parfley and Thime, and tve them rogether.

15. Pottage after the Italian fastison.

Take some strong broath, and boil therein some Bacon cut in flices, and thereunto add what quantity of peafe thou think sufficient; when the peafe are boiled enough, then take parfley fored finall, with pepper and anifeed, and frain some of the peafe to thicken the broth having thus done, let it a little simmer over the fire, and then serve it on sippets, with Lambs head, Murton, or any fort of Poultry.

16. Another way after the Tidlian manner. Take a few whole Cloves, Mace, fliced Ginger, Salty with all mariner of fweer herbs chopt small; boil these with a rack of Mutton, when it is

boiled enough, add thereunto, some strained almond paste, with grape since or gooseberries; then let it a little over the fire, and lerve it, upon

17, Pottage of Beef, Veal or Mutton, after the English fashion.

Take a knuckle of Veal, and boil it well, with flore of good flore of sweet herbs mingled with oatemeal, not forgetting to join with the Veal a rack of Mutron cut into small pieces; let the chiefest of your herbs be sweet Marjoram, Ty me, Marygold-leaves; Bloodwort and Pennirial; and being finely boiled; ferve them on Sippers.

18. Potttage a la mode de France, of Veal, Kid or Mutton.

Having well scummed the pot after boiling, take

take beaten, pat, meal, and strain it well with cold water, and put it therein with whole Spinnage, Lettice, Endive, Colliflowers, flic't Onions, Cabbage with some Salt's when the Pottage is near upon boiled, put in some Versuice, then let it boil a little longer; after that, serve it up on Sippets.

19. Pottage according to the English fashion, made mith Peafe.

Procure the best old Pease which can be had, pick them well, and boil them in fair water, fourmenthe por when you perceive it to boil; then put in your Bicon interlarded, about two pound, adding therunto a faggot of sweet herbs; suffer not your Pottage to be too thick by over-much boiling, but being of an indifferent confisiency, flice the Bacon thin on lippets, and then pour on the Broth.

20. Pottage mithout sight or appearance, of Herbs.

Having minced your herbs very small, pound them with some Oat-meal, then through a strainer, with some liquor of the pot strain them very well, and adding the reunto some Salt; boil them with a rack of Mutton: where note, let your herbs be Straw-berry leaves, Succory, Violet leaves, Spinnage, Scallions, Parsley and Marygold-flowers; when your think it enough, serve it on Sippets.

21. Portage called Skinke, a most excellent Pottage.

Take a good fat Leg of Beef, and chop it into three or four pieces, then boil it with three pottles of Spring-water, adding thereunto whole Pepper, Mace, and a few Cloves: Having scumm'd the pot very well, season your pot, and having made a saggot of Rosemary, Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Sage, Winter-Savory and Parsley, putting in two or three great Onions whole, boil them together somewhat less then an hour, before dinner, add to them some Marrow-bones, thickning your broth with some strained Oat-meal; a little before you dish up this Skink, put to it a little sine powder of Sassion, then let it simmer a little; after this, take french bread, and cut it into large slices, and so with your Marrow-bones dish it up, with white Toass laid round on the Knuckles in the middle of the dish.

22. Postage du Bled, or the best way of making Frumenty.

Take Wheat and wet it well, then put it into a clean cloth, and beat it well with a washing-beetle; having finely cleansed it from the dust and hulls, boil it over-night, and let it soak on a soft fire till the next day: In the morning take thereof as much as will serve turn, and putting it into a Skillet, add thereto Cream or Milk, with Mace, Salt, whole Cinnamon, Sassion, and yolks of Eggs, boil it thick, so trimming your dish; serve it up with Sugar strewed thereon.

Let your Rice be finely pickt and dusted clean, having washt it well, boil it in Milk; having boil'd it well, put thereunto some Cream, large Mace, whole Cinnamon, Salt and Sugar, boil it on a soft stewing fire; and so serve it up in a deep dish.

24. Pottage of Milk

Take whole Oat-meal, and pick it very clean, then put it into a Pipkin or Skillet, but let the water boil first; when you find it boiled very tender, put in some Cream or Milk, with Salt and fresh Butter.

29. Pottage of Elicksander.

Take Elickfander and wash it well, then take Out-meal and pick it clean; then set over the sire a Pipkin with sair water, and when it boils, put in the aforementioned ingredients, suffering it to stand over a lost fire no longer then till it be indifferently thick; then take it off, and put some fresh Butter therein.

26. Porage of dry old Peafe.

Take a quantity of Seedway Peale (as they are commonly called, and are effected the best) pick them well, (for commonly they are a little wormeaten) then wall them, and put them into your pot when it boils; being tender boiled, take out some of them, train them, and so thicken them, adding some sweet herbs chopt with Salt and fresh Butter; and so served with Sippers about them.

27. Postage de Marquis de Blanchfort,

Take fair Water, and boil it in a Pipkin; then firain some Oat-meal well cleaned and put thereto, with large Mace, whole Cinnamon, Salt, a bundle of sweet herbs, some strained and whole Prunes, with a few Raisins of the Sun, being well stewd on a soft fire and pretty thick, add thereunto some Claret-wine and Sugar; and so serve it.

28. Pottage of Almonds. Of Almond-paste take a pound', and strain with some new Milk, have in the mean times pottle of Cream boiling in a pipkin or skillet, and put therein the Milk, Almonds, with some Mace Salt and Sugar; and serve it on french bread,

Pine Molet, Coraping Sugar thereon.

29. Pottage of Shails. Experience hath frequently made appear what an excellent and nourishing thing this Pottage of Snails is, having been found a Soveraign Remedy for the Confumption; tis thus made of

Take Snails, and wash them very well in several waters; then put them into an earthen pan, and put thereto as much water as will cover them; after this, set them over the fire, but let it be moderate: then take them out of the shells band scour them with water and falt three or four times; after this; put them into feelh water and let them boil a little; then take them out of the water, and put them into a dish with the best Qile you can get, feeting it over the fire till it be ready to boil, then put in three or four flic't Onions; after this, put the Snails, Oile and Onions into a Pipkin, and put as much water as will make a Pottage, with Salt, letting it stand over the fire stewing three or four hours; then some sweet herbs, as Tyme, Penirial, Parsley, &c. and mince them; then bray or pound them in a mortar to a Green-sauce, adding thereunto a clove of Garlick, with beaten Cloves, Saffron, and grated bread, and having given them a walm or two; serve them up with Sippers in the bottom, and the juice of Lemon squez'd at top.

Pick your Oat-meal, and boil it whole on a stewing fire, being tender boiled, strain it well, then put it into a Pipkin; when the water boils, lot it be pretty thick of the Oat-meal, and put thereunto some well-walht pickt Raisins of the Sun, some large Mace, Salt, and a little bundle of sweet herbs, with a little Rose-water and Saffron; let it flew on a Charcoal-fire till the fruit be well allom'd; then put to it the yorks of four or five Eggs, and some Butter.

31. Pottage of Beef-Pallats.

Take Beef-pallats boiled, and cut each pallat in two, having first blancht them well; then take a piece of lean Bacon, a handful of Champignions, half a dozen of Sweet-breads of Veal, a little strong broth, with the like quantity of Mutton-gravy, with an Onion or two, and four or five Cloves, with a little Mace and Orange-pill: Whilst your Pallats slew, prepare a dish with the bottoms and tops of a couple of loaves, or Pine-Molet, moissned in the Mutton-gravy, but forget not to put to your Pallats the marrow of two or three Beef-bones, when you have stewed these enough together, and you are about to dish it; take out all the Spices, Onion and Bacon; but he fare you place the marrow a top advantagiously, and having squeezed the juice of Oranges; serve them up very hot.

32. Pottage de Jacobins. Take the fielh of a Turky or Capon, and after it is minced very small, scrape thereon some old Cheshire or Holland Cheese; then take beaten Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace and Salt, and season it therewith:

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therewith; having so done, take the bottoms and tops of half a dozen of penuy Rolls newly baked, and dry them before the fire; then wetting them in strong broth with gravy of Mutton; lay them in a dish over a Chasen-dish of Coals, then strew on your minced meat all over of an equal thicks ness, sticking here and there pieces of Marrow as big as your thumb; then pour on a Ladleful of gravy of Mutton; thus as it stews, add now and then a Ladle full more of the same gravy: when you perceive it is enough, and gravy fulficiently left; serve it up in the same dish, sqeezing thereon the juice of three or four Oranges.

33. Pottage of Capons. Take a couple of young Capons, and having filled their bellies with marrow, trus them, and put them into a pipkin with a Knuckle of Veal, and a rack of Mutton, with Veal sweet-breads; season your broth with some Mace, a few Cloves and a little Salt; let not your fire be too quick, but let them boil gently, till you think your Capons are enough; then place in the bottom of a deep diffi the tops and bottoms of half a dozen new Rolls, and pour thereon two Ladles-full of your Caponbroth, mingled with some Mutton-gravy, and put it over a Chasen-dish of Coals; when you are ready to serve it, lay in the Capons on each side, then fill up the dish with Mutton gravic, wringing thereon the juice of two Lemons, taking off. with a spoon all the fat that swimmeth on the Pottage; then garnishing your Capons with the sweet-breads and some Lemons; serve it to the

A Method

A method to make ready and serve up Pottages for Fast dayes.

TATAm some water with Butter and Salt; VV then take Sorrel, Buglos, Burrage, Succory, or Lettice, and Beets; after they are well cleanled, cut them, and put them into an earthen pot, with the first cut of a loaf; boil all some while, until it be well consumed; then foak your bread; take up and ferve.

2. Pottage of Cramfish.

Cleanse your Crawfish and seeth them with Wine and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; after they are fod, pick the feet and tail, and fry them with very fresh Butter, and a little Parsley; then take the bodies of your Crawfilhes, and stamp them in a mortar, with an Onion, some Cloves and Mace, a little Ginger, a little Pepper, and a little Salt, hard Eggs, and the crumbs of a loaf; fet them a foaking with some good herb-broth, or some other, if you will use pease-porridge, it must be very clear; after it is boiled, strain all together; after it is strained, set it before the fire, then take some Butter, with a little minced Parsley, and fry it; then put it into your broth well seasoned, and soak it with your dry crusts, covered with a dish or a plate; put also on your bread, a little of a hash of Carp, and juice of Mulhrooms; fill up your dish, and garnish it with your feet and tails of Crawfish, with Pomgranate, and juice of Lemon; and serve.

3. Pottage of Carp. Take out the bones of a Carp, and put the bones

bones to boil in peafe-porridge, with some Onion and hard Eggs, and crumbs of bread; after they have boiled; strain them sifry them with a little Parsley, and put them in the broth again. After they have boiled, dry and foak your bread, make i hash of the flesh of your Carp; and when it is fod put it upon your bread, and fill it garnished with Andovilletts, and all well seasoned; serve with Le mon-juice and Mushrooms upon it.

4. Pottage of Tenches.

Take your Tenches, take out the bones and the flesh, then farce them with their flesh minced very fmall; after this, you shall close up again nearly the hole whereat you have put in your farce, all being well seasoned. As for the broth, take it, if you will of Peale-porridge, or of Turnips, or of Herbs, or of Tenches, or of Almonds, or of Carps, or of Crawfish, it matters not, so that it be good; foak your bread, and garnish it with Tenches, either farced or roafted, or with what other garnish you will; then serve.

6. Postage of Carps farced.

Take out the bones and the flesh of your Carps, and farce them with their own flesh, sowing up again very nearly the place whereat you have put in your farce, as at the Tenches; feeth them in a dish with broath, Butter, Verjuice, Chibols, large Mace, a bunch of sweetherbs and Pepper; feeth the bones and take out and firain the broath thereof, which you shall have seasoned with Salt, Pepper, and crumbs of bread, foak your bread, and garnish it with your farced Carps, Capers, Sampiere, Pine seeds, and Mushrooms; then serve.

5. Other Pottage of Carp.

Scale, scrape, and wash off the slime of your Carp; then draw it, and put it into a widemouthed Pipkin that will contein it, put to it a pint of white-wine, and as much good fresh fishbroath as will cover it, or water with the Carps bloud, four or five blades of Mace, beaten Pepper, flic't Onions, a Clove or two, some sweet herbs chopped, a handful of Capers, and some Salt; the Carp being well stewed, put in some Almond-passe with some Claret-wine, give it a walm; serve it on french bread, pouring the broath thereon.

6. Pottage of rosted Carps.

After they are pressed, slit them on the top, melt some Butter, and endore your Carp with it, put it on the Gridiron, and broil it without Scales; make a fauce with Butter, Parsley, Chibol, a drop of Verjuice and Vinegar; all well feafoned and soaked with broath taken out of another pot, or with Peafe-broath: Then take some Turnips: cut them in two; after they are blanched, flower them and fry them; after they are fried, put them into a pot with some water or pease-broath, and when they are fod and seasoned, soak your bread, and garnish it with your Carps, Turnips, Sampire, and with Capers; then serve.

If you do not put in Turnips, you may garnish with Mushrooms, or cut Sparagus, and with the

Melts of Carps.

7. The Queens Pattage.

Take Carps or Tenches, feeth them with Water, Salt, and an Onion, Parsley, hard Eggs, and the crumbs of a loaf; when they are fold, strain your broth, and put it into another pot, with as much Butter as you would put into another broth; take some Almonds, and stamp them well, mix them with the half of your broth, and after they have boiled together a while, strain them, and put in an Onion sticked with Clovés, and seit upon a few warm cinders; soak your dish with a little of your first broth, and fill up your dish with white broth, with the yolk of an Egge, allayed with Verjuice, and the juice of Mushrooms, so that it nevertheless be not too much thickned; then serve, garnished with Pomgranate, and slices of Lemon.

8. The Queens Postage for fasting-dayes, made only of Herbs.

Take half a handful of Lettice, as much of Spinage, half as much of Bugloss and Burrage, two handfuls of Sorrel, a little Parsley, Sage, a good handful of Purslain, half a pound of Butter, some Pepper and salt, and sometimes some Cucumbers.

9. The Princesses Pottage.

Take Peale-broath, very clear, in it seeth the bones of Carps with some yolks of Eggs, and a bundle of herbs, all well seasoned; then dry a loaf and soak it, fry into it a very little of hash of Carp, and juice of Mushrooms; fill up your dish by degrees as it is soaking, and garnish it with Mushrooms, Trousses, Melts, liver of Eel pouts, with all kind of herbs, Pomgranate, and with Lemon-slices; then serve:

10. Pottage of Tortoife.

Dress them, and cut them into pieces, pass them in the pan, with Butter, Parsley, and Chibol; after after they are well passed and seasoned, set them a soaking in a dish on the chasen dish with a little broth. Which to make, you shall cleaned well your Tortoises, and seeth them in water, well seasoned, and use it: Have a care you do not burst the Gall in cutting of them; soak your bread; and then garnish it with your Tortoises, and their save, with Sparagus broken about the dish, Mushrooms, Trousles, Lemon slices, and the juice of Mushrooms; then serve.

11. Postage of Mushrooms farcad.

Take the pickings of your Mushrooms and wash them wells feeth them in water, or in some other broth, with an Onion flicked and activized thyme, all well seasoned; strain your broth, and put it into a pot then pass also your Mushroomsia the pan with Butter, Parfley, Pine-apple feeds land capers, and put them in the fame pot agains you may make the ground of your postage, with fame Carp bones, which you shall boil with your Mulhrooms; foak your bread, and when it is well loaked, put on it a bed of hash of Carps, and then fill it up with your implements by degrees as it doth foak; after it is filled, garnish your posttage with your Mulhrooms farred with the farme farce wherewith you have made your hash , lot between two dishes, and with Melts; and when you are ready to serve, put about it Pomgranate, or Lemon; then serve. and parketo

. Mashrooms otherwayes.

Take your Mushrooms and peel them, and put an Onion to them, some sweet-herbs, large Mace, Repper, Butter, Sale, and two or three Cloves; being tender, stewed on a soft fire, put D 2

to them some grated bread, and a little white wine; stew them a little more, and having or dered your broth as you would have it, serve them up on Sippets, rubbing the dish first with a Clove of Garlick, and lay slic't Orange on them.

12. Potage of Soals without bones farced.

Fry them almost outright, and open the along the bone, which you shall take out; take Melts Oysters, Capers, Mushrooms, Trousles, and past them in the pan with Parsley and whole Chibols, farce your Soals with these implements, and after they are farced, soak them with a little broth, fresh Butter, Lemon or Orange-juice or Verjuice; your bread with the broth of any sish you have, as you will, and garnish it with your Soals, with Mushrooms, Trousles, Melts, and juice of Mushrooms, and set about the dish some slices of Lemon; then serve.

Otherwayes boiled.

Takes your Soals, draw and flay them; then boil them in Vinegar, Salt, White-wine and Mace, but let the liquor boil before you put them in; being boiled, take them up, dish them on Sippets, and let your garnish be Mace, slic't Lemons, Goose-berries, Grapes or Barberries, and beat up some Butter thick with the juice of Oranges, white wine or Grape-Verjuice, and run it over the Fish.

13. Poitage of Smelis.

Make broth with Almonds, or Fish, or Mushrooms, or Pease-broth; all being well seasoned, soak your bread, and put a little white broth over it, of yolks of Eggs allayed, and the juice of Mushrooms; Mulhroom; take your Smelts, fry them, and garnish your pottage with them, or if you will, before you garnish, put them with Ragoust; which to do, you shall take some Parsley, Chibols, Butter and Verjuce, and fry them together, and then strain them, and after they are strained, you shall put them with your Smelts; serve them garnisht with Pomgranate and Lemons.

14. Postage of Sparagus.

Take store of herbs, put them in a pot, with crumbs of bread, and season them well, then fry them, and after they are fryed, put them again in the pot; soak your bread, and garnish it with Sparagus; which you shall have caused to seeth with Water and Salt, and being drained, put them with fresh Butter, Salt, Cinnamon and Nutmeg; over your pottage, you shall serve fryed broken Sparagus; then serve.

Another way.

Use the same broth, put upon it a little of hash of Carp garnished with fried Sparagus, and other Mushrooms, and Melts; then serve.

Another way.

After your bread is well soaked, garnish it with herbs and Sparagus, with Capers and yolks of Eggs, and serve. You may whiten your pottage if you will.

Take Carps, take out the bones, and make a hash with Butter well seasoned with good herbs, take the bones, and boil them with pease-broth, or other broth with a bundle of herbs, Butter and Salts then with your skins of Carps make some Hastes, that s, some pieces of skins of Carp spreading them.

D 3

them ; and putting them upon your half feafon, ed, and Eggs for to thicken them, then roul them up like small Chitterlings; after they are thus rouled up , feeth them in a dish with Butter , a little Venjuice and a Chibol; after they are ready, garnish your bread with your Hash and Hasters and put upon it Mushrooms and broken Sparagus then serve.

16 Pottage of Lettice farced.

1. Take Lettice, blanch them in fresh water, make a farce of fish or herbs, and lafter you have farced them with it, fet them a foaking in a pot with some pease-broth, or some other broth, and season them well with Butter, Salt, and an Onion flicked with Cloves's foak your bread, and garwith in with your Lettice, which you shall cut into halvess, you may put to it a bed of a hash of fish; then ferve.

17. Pottage of Cabbage (or Coleworts,) with Milk.

7 Gut your Cabbage into quarters, and blanch them, then put them in the pot with water, flore of Butter, Salt and Pepper, and an Onion sticked with Cloves, after they are well sodden, put fome Milk to them, foak your bread, and serve it garnished with your Coleworts (or Cabbages.)

18. Postage of Cabbage or Colemoris, 200) with fried bread. well and

Blanch your Coleworts or Cabbage, and put them in the pot, as abovefaid; and serve garnished with fried bread.

19. Pottage of Colemorts; or Cabbage, with peafe-broth.

It is made as abovesaid, but instead of water, you

you put them in the pot with peafe-broth; garnish and serve alike.

20. Pottage of Pumpkin with Butter.

Take your Pumpkin, cut it into pieces, and seeth it with water and salt; after it is sod, firain it, and put it into a pot with an Onion sticked with Cloves, fresh Butter and Pepper; soak your bread, and if you will, allay three or four yolks of Eggs, and pour them over it with broth; then scrve.

21. Pottage of Pumpkin with Milk.

Cut it and seeth it as abovesaid, then pass it through a straining pan with some Milk, and boil it wit butter; scason with Salt, Pepper, Cinnamon, and an Onion sticked, and serve it with yolks of Eggs allayed, as abovefaid.

22. Postage of Turnips fried.

Scrape your Turnips well, and cut them into quarters, or in two, blanch them, flowre them, and pass them in the pan with refined Butter, which you shall take away when it is very brown, and then you shall put your Turnips in the pot with some water, or with some pease-broth, let them feeth well, and scason them; soak your bread, and garnish it with your Turnips, Grapes, and with Capers; then serve.

Another way.

After your Turnips are scraped, cut into quarters, and blanched, feeth them with water, butter, falt, and an onion sticked with cloves; after they are well sod, soak your bread, and after you have put your turnips with some fresh butter, and stirred them often until the butter is melted, garnish your pottage with them, and serve. 23. Past

23. Pottage of Milk with yolks of Eggs.

40

Take very new Milk and boil it, feason it with Salt and Sugar; when it is ready to boil, allay feven yolks of Eggs for one great dish, and for small one proportionably, put them into your Milk, and stir it well; in making of it's broth, take bisket or bread, and make your pottage with it, which you shall serve sugred.

. Another way.

Make your Milk ready, and garnish it with Eggs poached in water, well chosen and very new, to the end they may poach the better; then ferve.

24. Pottage of Profiteolles, or small Vails.

Soak your bread with the best of your fast-dais broths, then take fix small loaves made for the purpose; dry them well, and open them on the top about the bigness of one shilling, whereat you shall take out the crumb; when they are very dry, fry them with refined Butter, and after you have drained them well, fet them a foaking upon your bread, when you are ready to ferve, fill them up with all kinds of things, as with Melts, Mushrooms, broken Sparagus, Trousles, Hartichokes, and Capers, cover up your loaves again with their covert, and garnish with Melts, Mushrooms, Poingranate, and Lemon slices; then Cerve.

Another way.

Put your Pease into a pipkin or skillet of boiling Milk or Cream, put to them two or three sprigs of Mint and Salt; being tender boiled, thicken them with a little Milk and Flower.

Other-

Othermayes. Take green-pease being shell'd and cleansed, out them into a pipkin of fair boiling water; when they are boil'd, take and strain some of them, and thicken the rest, put to them a bundle of sweet-herbs, falt and butter; then serve them with sippets about the dish.

25. Pottage of green Peafe.

Pals them in the pan with butter or melted lard, the smallest and newest you can find, and set them a soaking into a small pot, well seasoned with a little parsley and chibol; then soak a loaf with some herb-broth, or some old pease-broth; after it is soaked, garnish it with grean pease; and serve.

Another way. Take the biggest, and seeth them, then strain out the broth of them, and fry some butter into it with a little parfly and minced chibol, and feason it well; soak your pottage, and put capers into it, and garnish it with fried bread.

26. Pottage of Herbs without Butter.

Take a great quantity of good herbs, when they are green, break them, put them into boiling water, with the first cut of a loaf, and season them well, so that they may be something sharpish with store of sorrel; soak your bread, take up your pottage, and mix some capers with it, if you will; then serve.

For to make your pottage somewhat sharp, take half of the herbs half sod, and strain them; and for to make it green, you must stamp some Sorrel.

27. Postage of Onion. Cut your Onions into very thin flices, fry them. with

with Butter, and after they are fried, put them into a pot with water, or with peale-broth; after they are well fod, put in it a crust of bread, and let it boil a very little, you may put some Capen in it; dry your bread, then foak it; take up, and ferve with a drop of Vinegar.

The French Cosks

28. An excellent stewed Broth for Fish-dayes.

Set boiling some fair water in a Pipkin, then strain some Oat-meal and put to it, with some large Mace, whole Cinnamon, Salt, a bundle of sweet-herbs, some strained and whole Prunes and some Raisins of the Sun; being well stewed on a fost fire, and pretty thick, put in some Claret-wine and Sugar; ferve it up with feraped Sugar.

29. Pottage of Onions.

Fry good flore of flic't Onions, then have a Pipkin of boiling liquor over the fire; when the liquor boils, put in the fried Onions, Butter and all with Pepper and Salt, being well stewed together; serve it on french bread, or Pine Molet.

30. Pottage of Almonds.

Take a pound of Almond-paste and strain it with some new Milk; then have a pottle of Cream boiling in a Pipkin, then put in the Milk and Almonds, with some Mace, Salt and Sugar; ferve it on Pine Molet, and ferape on Sugar,

Otherwayes. Strain them with fair water, and boil them with Mace, Salt and Sugar, or now add two or three Eggs diffolved with Saffron, and so as before, serve it up.

31. Oat-meal Pottage

Take some Ale, boil and sourn it, and put there-

in strained Oat-meal, Mace, Sugar and sliced bread; boil it well, and add to it three or four spoonfulls of Sack, white wine or Claret.

32. Pottage of Cucumbers farced.

Take your Cucumbers, pare them, and empty them very neatly, blanch them; and after they are blanched in fresh water, drain them; make a Farce with Sorrel, yolks of Eggs, and whole Eggs, all well seasoned, and pour it into your Cucumbers; after this put them into a pot with some water or peale-broth, feeth and feason them well, with Capers, if you will; then foak your bread, and garnish it with your Cucumbers, which you shall cut into quarters, then serve.

33. Postage of Snow. It is made with Milk well seasoned with Salt and Sugar, when you are ready to serve, the

whites of the yolks of Eggs which have allayed for to put into your Milk; fry them well, and pour them into your Milk; serve and sugar

them.

Another way for Flesh-dayes. Soak your bread with some Almond broth, a lit. tle minced meat and juice of Mutton, altogether; when you are ready to serve, fry some whites of Eggs, and put them upon your pottage, and pass the fire-shovel red hot over them; and serve.

34. Pottage of Mussles. Scrape and wash them well, then boile them in a pan with some water, salt, and an onion; after they are boiled, take them out, and pick them, taking off the shell to some, and leaving it to others for to garnish; after they are thus picked, pass them in the pan with a little minced parfley i

The French Cook. parfley; as for your broth, after it is fetled leave the bottom, lest there be some gravel, then boil it, and when it boils, fry into it a little parfley with some very fresh butter; soak your bread; after it is well soaked, take up your pottage, garnish it with your Mussles, and whiten it with yolks of Eggs allayed in Verjuice, if you will; then serve.

Otherwayes.

Take some boil'd Pease, strain them and put them in a Pipkin with some Capers, some sweet-herbs finely chopped, some salt & butter; then have some great Oysters fried with sweet-herbs, andgrossy chopped, put them to the stewed Peale; stew them together; then serve them on carved sippets, with you dish garnisht with grated bread.

Othermayes.

Take a quart of great Oysters, parboil them in their own liquor, and stew them in a Pipkin with some Capers, large Mace, a bundle of sweetherbs, Salt and Butter, being finely stewed; serve them on flices of dried french bread; round the Oisters slic't Lemon, and on the pottage boil'd Spinage, minced and butter'd; but first pour on the broth.

35. Pottage of Oylers.

After your Oisters are well blanched and flowred, pass them in the pan with a little parsley; then soak them in a pot; soak your bread in other broth, as white meat; after it is well foaked, garnish it with your Oisters; whereof you shall fry some, like fritters, for to garnish with Pomgranate, Lemon-flices, and juice of Craw-fish; then serve

36. Pottage of Grenofts.

Dress them and seeth them after the manner of stewing, scason it with all kinds of good herbs. with butter, and a drop of white-wine: soak also your bread, and garnish it with your Grenosts, Capers, Mushrooms, and Melts of Carps (if you any,) then serve.

37. Pottage of Salmon.

Cut Salmon into flices, and try it, then foak it with a little white-wine and some sugar; soak also your bread with any other broth you have, fo that it be well seasoned; garnish it with your Salmon, the sauce upon it, and thus let it boil a little; then serve.

Another way.

Take a whole rand or jole of Salmon, seale it, and put it into an earthen stew-pan, and put thereto some Claret-wine, some Wine-Vinegar, a sew whole Cloves, large Mace, groß Pepper, flic't Ginger, Salt and some cloves of Garlick; then take sour firait sprigs of Rosemary, as much of Tyme and Marjoram, two or three Bay-leaves, with Parsley bound up hard, and a quarter of a pound of sweet Butter, then take up the pan with course paste; when it is baked, serve it on sippets of french bread.

Another way.

Take your Salmon, when it is cut into pieces, and passed through the pan, and season it with some pepper, nutmeg, ginger, and falt them, put it a boiling with some white-wine, a little vinegar, a bunch of sweet-herbs, & a whole Chibold, and some blades of large Mace; let this boil a while, then put it to some of your best broth, and garnish it with Oisters,

Oisters, yolks of Eggs boil'd hard, minced fine with fried Parsley, Mushrooms, Pomgranate, and fliced Lemon, foak your bread with your broth;

38. Pottage of Frogs mith Saffron.

Truss up your Frogs, and boil them with broth, or with peafe-broth, and season them with Parsley, an Onion sticked with Cloves, and a twig of thime; foak your bread, and garnish it with your Frogs blanched, with Saffron or yolks of Eggs; then serve.

Another way.

Truss them up cherri-like, fry them, and stove them between two dishes, with a little fresh Butter, a drop of Verjuice, the juice of an Orange or a Lemon, and season them well with a bundle of herbs, then to make your broth, boile some with peale-broth, or water, falt, parsley, chibols, one handful of stamped almonds, and yolks of eggs; after which you shall strain altogether; foak your bread, upon which you may put a little of the hash of carp, or other fish, fill up your dish and garnish it with your Frogs, lemon, and pomgranate; then serve.

39. Pottage of Bran.

Take Wheat-bran, the biggest you can find, boil it well with water, with one handful of Almonds, and a bundle of herbs, and season it well; then pass it through a strainer, and put it again to boil; foak your bread, and fill your dish with this broth, which you may whiten if you will, with Eggs allayed with Verjuice, and garnish it with Fleurons (if you have anys) then serve.

40. Pos-

40. Pottage of Hobs. Take good store of herbs, which you shall

season as a pottage with the crumbs of a loaf; fry all, and put it to boil in a pot, fry also some fresh butter in the pan with a little parsley, and a bundle of herbs, and pour it into your por, foak your bread with your broth; after this, feeth your Hops with water and falt; after it is fod, and drained, put it with butter, and garnish your bread with it, then serve your pottage whitened, (if you will,) with yolks of Eggs allayed in Verjuice.

41. Pottage of Rasberries.

Allay some Eggs with some Rasberries, and firain all together, boil some Milk, well seasoned with falt, and when it boils, pour your implements into it, and stir it well, take it up, garnish it with Rasberries; and serve.

42. Pottage of Parinips.

Cleanse them well, and chuse the middle-sized. ones, feeth them with butter and a bundle of herbs, and season them with salt and clove sicked, then take them out, and take off the skin if you will, and then put them with butter, and a drop of broth, stove them, and you shall find your sauce thickned; your bread being also well foaked, and your pottage filled, garnish it with your Parsnips; then serve.

43. Pottage of Leeks.

Take the white of your Leeks, and cut them very small, keep some of them, which you shall cut in length for to garnish; and shall tie them together; blanch them, and feeth them with peale-broth or water; after they are fod, foak your

your bread, and garnish your pottage with the Lecks you have cut in length; then serve.

You may whiten them with yolks of Eggs al

layed with Verjuice.

You may also put to it some Milk and Pepper;

and scree forthwith.

If you will ferve them without whitening of them, you must feeth them with Pease-broth,, put some Capers, Broom-buds, Sampeire cut small, and Pine-seeds to them, and season them well; soak and serve, garnished as the other.

44. Pottage of Barnicle farced.

After it is well flayed, take off the flesh, and mince it well with butter, Mushrooms, yolks of Eggs, Salt, Cinnamon, beaten Cloves and Mace, Ginger and Pepper, fine herbs, as Parsley, Chibols, Thime, two or three Eggs raw for to bind the slesh; then farce your Barnicle, and close it up with a scure, or a thread; put it in the pot with pease-broth, the clearest you can get, and seeth it well, it thickneth but too much with boiling; soak your bread, and take up your Barnicle with what garnish you have; then serve.

45. Pottage of Eele-pouts.

Flowre them, fry them, and garnish your pottage with them, after that your bread is well soaked with the best of your broths; when it is very full, garnish it with what you have, as Mushrooms, Trousles, Sparagus, Melts, and whiten them with Almond-broth, or otherwise with the broth of Crawfish.

Otherwayes.

Take Eeles, draw, flay them, and wipe them clean, then put them into a Poinet, having cut

them three inches long, and put to them some white-wine, wine-vinegar, fair water, large mace and a good big onion; shew the aforesaid together with a little butter, being stewed tender, dish them on carved sippets, or on french bread, and serve them with boild currans boild by themselves, slic't Lemons, Barberries, and scrape on sugar.

. Eeles othermayes.

Take three Eeles, draw, flea and truss them sound; then put them into a broad wide-mouthed Pipkin, with as much white-wine and water as will somewhat more then cover them, put to them some stript Tyme, sweet Marjoram Savory, pickt Parsley and large Mace, stew these well together; then take them up and pour on your white broth, having served them on Sippets, sticking Bay-leaves round the dish, garnishing the meat with slic't Lemon.

46. Pottage of broken Sparagus.

Dry some crusts, and soak them with the best of your broths, garnish them with your sparagus and mushrooms, and if you will with sparagus at length; then serves

If you will have them to relish of greenness, blanch them in the broth wherewith you soak

your bread.

47. Postage of Colliflowers.

Fit your Collissowers as for to put them with Butter, and blanch them but very little, then make an end of seething them, and season them well; soak your bread with any broth you have, and garnish it with your Collislowers fried in butter, salt, and natmeg, and besprinkle them with almondbroth; then serve.

28. Pos-

48. Pottage of Fidelles.

Peele five or fix Onions, and mince them, boil them with water and butter; after they are fod, strain them through a linnen cloth, and seafon them your Fidelles with the broth, and season them with salt and pepper; after they are sod, soak your bread, and garnish it with them; then serve.

You may feeth them with Milk.

49. Pottage of Rice.

Whiten your Rice, and when it is very clean, burst it in water, or milk, seeth it; after it is sod, take some proportionably, and strain it, for to make your broth; being seasoned as the Fidelles, soak your bread, put a little Rice upon it, and garnish it with pust Tailladins, and Fleurens; then serve.

You may make a pottage with milk the same way, and serve it, (if you will) sugar'd, and garnished with Macaron.

50. Pottage of Tailladins.

Make a patte seasoned only with salt, spread it, and cut it as thin as you can after the form of Tailladins, pass them in the pan, and soak them with a very little of good broth, after they are well soaked, take very little bread, and garnish it with the rest of your Tailladins, seasoned as the Fidelles; then serve.

Another way.

If you have a little fine passe, or pust passe, spread it and cut it into Tailladins, fry it in refined butter, garnish your pottage with it, and serve.

51. Postage of green peafe-broth.

Seeth your peafe but a very little, beat then in a mortar,

mortar, and strain them with the broth of herbs well scaloned, and a bundle of herbs, then take chibol, parsley, and butter, and all being fried together, throw it into your pease broth, which you shall boil.

For the garnish, cleanse some lettice, succory, of cucumbers and small pease fried, and sod with butter, salt, and a little pepper, when you are ready to serve, soak your bread with your pease-broth, and garnish with what you have, or with harrichoke-bottoms, (if you will,) then serve:

52. Postage of Pease broth of common pease:

Seeth them with water, to have done the sooner, take your pease-broth out very clear, and when you are ready to use it, fry into it parsley, charvel, young sorrel, butter, bran, and capers, then boil it with all these seasonings; soak your bread with some of your broth, and if you have nothing to garnish with, garnish it with fryed bread, or with flearous; then serve.

To serve it green, stamp beets or sorrel, and lay it about your dish.

53. Pottage of Barnicle with Turnips.

After your Barnicle is dressed, lard it with Eele or Carp, then pass it in the pan, and seeth it with half water, and halfe pease-broth, well seafoned with butter and a bundle of herbs; when it is almost sod, cut your Turnips, slowre them, and pass them in the pan with butter, and when they are very brown, seeth them with your Barnicle; when it is sod, soak your bread, and garnish with it, sogether with your Turnips. If your pottage is not thickned enough, fry a little flowre

flowre ito it, some capers, sampeire cut small, pinefeeds, the meat of a lemon cut small, and a drop of vinegar; then serve.

54. Pottage of Barnicle garnished.

It is done as the other, but that if you will not have your Turnips to be seen, you may strain them, and season them with a bundle of herbs or onion, and good butter; after it is well sod, serve your portage well garnished with mushrooms and harrichokes, and a little thickned.

55. Postage of Leeks with peafe-brosh.

Whiten them a very little, and feeth them with peafe-broth, well feafoned with butter and falt, loak your bread, garnish it with your leeks, which for to whiten, allay some yolks of eggs with broth, and pour them on it; then serve.

Another way.

After your Lecks are fod, and reduced to little water, put to them some milk well seasoned; and serve.

56. Pottage of Burt.

Take off the tails and heads of your Burts, and half fry them, then put them in raux or eastrolle, with a very long sauce, and well thickned, soak your bread with some of the best of your broths, and garnish it with your Burts at the top, with mushrooms, and capers; then serve.

If you have no fish-broth, the pease-broth is

good.

57. Pottage of Herbs garnishad with Cucumbers.

Take all kind of herbs, cleanse them well, and soak them with butter and a bundle of herbs, over a small fire, then by little and little fill them with warm water. After they are well builed and scaloned.

scasoned; put in the first cutting of a loaf, with an onion sticked, the peel of an orenge minced, and some capers, if you will, and you may garnish it with sodden lettice; and you may also seeth some pease among the herbs; serve readily, and garnish with Cucumbers.

58. Postage of Onion with Milk.

After your Onion is cut very thin, and fried with butter till it be very brown, seeth it with a little water, well seasoned with falt and pepper; after it is enough, put milk to it, then boil it, and serve readily, soaking your dry crusts.

59. Possage of Losabes.

Being whole, farce them with a little forrel, clear yolks of eggs, and milk, and season them well with melted butter, mix all together without someting them, but of themselves, and seeth them with butter, parsley, salt and pepper, and soak your crusts with the best of your broths, and a little oister liquor, and garnish them with your Lescher, which you shall whiten with the yolks of eggs; then serve.

You may serve them at the Entree, or first course, or fry them; you may also garnish some pottage with them, or use them that it may be brown; and garnish as soon as they are fried.

60. Postage of Vives, or Sea dragons.

After they are well cleanfed, boil them with a little peafe-broth and whitewine, onion sticked, or a bundle of herbs, all well seasoned, then take out your Sea dragons, and put them with ragoust, taking some thickning or trousles; let them soak well, seasoned with salt, sresh butter, minced appers, and one anchovic, and cover them; pass

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the broth through a strainer, and boil it with fresh butter, paste, parsley, and minced capers, soak a crust of bread, and put over it a few minced mulhrooms, and of the stesh of a Seadragon; when it is well soaked, garnish it with your Sea-dragons, and the ragoust upon; then serve.

The pottage of Rochet is made, served, and garnish'd alike.

61. Pottage of Mushrooms farced.

It is made the same way as that of the Princess; garnish with your Mushrooms farced, and with melts, fill up with the best of your broth, with such other garnish as you will; and serve,

62. Pottage of Almond milk.

After your Almonds are stamped, soak them with milk and the crumbs of one loaf; then strain them, and season them with salt and sugary when you are ready to serve, put some sugar in it again, and serve.

63. Almonds otherwayes with Ale.

Take half a pound of Almonds and blanch them; then stamp and strain them with a pint of gook Ale; then boil it with slices of fine manches, large mace and sugar; being almost boiled, put in half a dozen spoonfulls of Sack.

64. Buttered Beer.

Take Beer or Ale and boil it, then fourn it, and put to it some Liquoris and Anniseeds, and hoil them well together; then have in a clean Flaggon or quart Pot some yolks of Eggs well beaten; with some of the Beer of Ale, and some good Butter; strain your butter'd Beer, put it into the Flaggon, and brew it with the Butter and Eggs,

Pottages for Lent.

1. Pottage of Crawfish. Erve it with Peale-broth. 2. Potage of bash of Carps.

With Peale-broth and Almonds.

3. Postage with Herbs.

With a very little Peafe-broth.

With fried Flower, and a little Peafe broth.

With broth of Carp, or other Fish mixed with

Peafe-broth and Almonds.

Princesses Portage.

Perincesses Portage.

With the bones of Carp.

with a little Peale-broth.

8. Pottage of Mushrooms.

With Peafe broth.

9. Postage of Soals.

With Peafe broth.

10. Pottage of Smelts.

With good broth mixed with Almonds.

11. Portage of Sparagus.

With Peale broth and Herbs.

Take it out of the belt broth.

13. Postage of Lettice.

With Peafe-broth.

14. Pottage of Cabbage with fried bread. With a little Peafe-broth.

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\$5. Pot-

15. Pottage of Cabbage or Coleworts with Milks With a little Peafe-broth, and much Butter. 16. Postage of Cabbage or Coleworss with

Peale brosb.

Put in your Pease-broth, Mace, an Onion stick. ed with Cloves, Pepper and Salt; when it is enough, serve it well earnished with your Cab. bage or Coleworts, and some piece of fried bread. which shall have boiled with it.

17. Pottage of Pumpkin.

Seeth well your Pumkin, so that it be more thickned then ordinary, then frie a chibol with butter, and put it in it with Salt, and serve with pepper and nutmeg.

18. Pottage of Pumpkin with Milk.

After it is well fod, strain it through a straining pan, and leave not much broth in it because of the milk which you must put in it; when it is well seasoned with milk and a little butter, stove or foak your bread, and serve with pepper, nutmeg, and beaten cinnamon, if you will.

19. Pottage of Turnips with white-broth.

Scrape your Turnips, and put them in a pot with water; when they are well fod, scason them with Salt, beaten nutmeg, and a bundle of herbs; when you will take up, take it from off the fire, put in some butter very fresh, and stir it off the fire, and do not put it to it again; then serve with a little almond-broth over it.

20. Postage of Turnips fried.

Scrape them, and cut them in two or otherwife, blanch and flowre them; after they are dried, fry them, and feeth them in water, with a little pepper, and an onion slicked with cloves; when

the French Code you will take up, if your broth is not thickned. you may put in it a little flowre fried, with a drop of vinegar; then forve.

21. Postage of Peafe-brothe Take the clearest and put it in a pot, then fry, some sorrel, charvel, and a little parsley, with butter, put all in a pot, seeth ie well, and season it well; flove your pottage, and leave it with partley

roots fod with it. 22. Pottage without Butter-

It is made with great flore of herbs well feafoned, and fod with a crust of bread; stove os foak, and ferve, ANN ? Call

23. Pottage of Profiteoles, or [mall Vails.

Take it out of many broths, then open fix loaves made of purpole; make a hole on the top, and take out the crumb; fry them with butter, and fill them with melts of carps, musbrooms, broken sparagus, and observe, that they must be fod before you fill them. After they are full, stove or soak them leisurely upon your pottage, which you shall garnish with melts, mushrooms, broken sparagus, and serve-

The pottage of Onions is made the same way as that out of Lent. You shall find it in the Pottages for fast dayes.

24. Pontage of Muscles.

It is made the fame way, as that out of Lent, but that you put no Eggs to it; you may put in it some almond-broth, or of some regoust; scree it garnished with Muscles.

.25. Postage of Frogs. Break the bones, and trus them up, then blanch them, and drain them; put them in a difh until you

have made some pease-broth; fry into it a little parfley minced, with butter; after they have boiled, put them into your broth, and take them out forthwith; allay a little faffron; and put it in your pot; stove or soak your bread, garnish it with your Frogs, and serve.

26. Postage of Grenoft.

It is made the same way as out of Lene, on fast daies, and there you shall find it. Attach

27. Postage of Salmon with a sweet sauce. Cut it into flices, and pickle it, pass your slices in the pan with butter, flick them with cloves, and put them between two dishes with some butter, a bundle of herbs, sugar, wine, a little salt, large mace, beaten cinnamon, and pepper well beaten; Hove or look them, then dry your bread, and flove or foak it also with some other broth; garnish it afterwards with your flices of Salmon, the fauce over it, and garnished (if you will) with Figgs, Dates, or Prunelloes.

28. Pottage of Bran. It is made as that on fall daies out of Lent ; but that you put no Eggs to it.

29. Pottage with Frogs, with Almonds. It is made as that on fast daies out of Lent, but that you put no Eggs to it.

30. Possage of Hops. Make some Pease-broth, and set it a boiling, pals a few good herbs in the pan well minced, and put them in your pot, let your Hops boil in it, after they are blanched; a little before you ferve them, take them up, and put them with butter, Talt, nutmeg, cinnamon, vinegar, and very little broth; when it is well scasoned, store or soak your bread,

bread, garnish it with your Hops, fill your dish, and ferve 31. Portage of Parsnips:

It is made as in the fall daies out of Lent, but that you make it with peafe-broth, without Eggs.

32. Portage of Leeks with Milk.

Cut your Lecks very small, blanch and dry them, and feeth them with clear peafe-broth; after they are fod, put in some milk, pepper, falt, clove and mace; hove or foak your bread, and garnish it with your Leeks; then serve.

33. Postage of broken Sparagus. Break or cut your Sparagus, and frie them with good barter, falt, pepper, mittheg, clinamon, mace, parfley, and minced chibble; flove well all together, then make a peace broth, or potage of herbs, which you thall thath, nove alloyour bread; and garhish it with your Sparagus; then ferve. You may put in it the fuice of malitrooms, and multirooms with ragoust by a sort of

Drels them, and blanch them in freth water, then put them in a pur with good broth, or with peafe-broth, well feasoned with butter, falt, and an onion Hicked with cloves; after they are fod to that they be not broken; hove or foak your bread, garnish it with with your Collistowers, and ferve. You may put in your milk, pepper, and nutmeg.

35. Pottage of Fidelics. Seeth them with water or milk; after they are fod, and well feafohed, take out a part of them to fry, and make a pottage with the remnant; with butter, falt, pepper, nurmeg, onion sticked; then : 26. Pottake up and ferve.

The French Cook.

36. Possage of Rice. It is made as that of the Fidelles, let it footh until it be well burft; then ferve.

37. Pottage of Tailladins.

It is made alike, but that after they are fod, you may put to it's very little faffron, and fome very fresh butter; you may put in some milk also, to make them liquid, and when all is well scasoned, ferve.

38. Pottage of Barnicle with Ragoust. You shall find it in the fast daies portages, and

fhall make it alike, but without Eggs.

39. Penge of Barniele with Turnips. After it is dreffed, lard it with Eele, and roft it a very little, or pass it in the pan with butter; then put it in a pot with water, some peale-broth, and a bundle of herbs; when it is almost fod, pals some Turnips in the pan, put them with your Barnicle, and scason it well.

For to thicken your broth, pass a little flowre in the pan untill it be brown, and allay it with a drop of Vinegar; put it in your pot, and when it hath boiled a very little, stove your bread with your garnish, and serve.

40. Pottage of Leehs mish peafe-broth, When they are blanched in tresh water, put them with your peafe-broth, some capers, sampeire, purssane, and season them well, after they are fod, flove or foak your bread, garnish it with your Leeks, and ferve.

41. Postage of Burss. Stove or foak your bread with the best of your broths, and garnish it with your Burts, fried in the pan, and put with ragoust, together with mushrooms,

The Acute Cost.

multirooms, capers, samphire cut small, and broken sparagus; then serve.

42. Potrage of Rochets.

Dress them, and put them in a pipkin, with a bundle of herbs, a little white-wine, and well feafoned; flove or foak your bread with other broth, and garnish with your Rochets with their fauces then ferve.

43. Pettage of Lentilles. After they are well fod, and scasoned with butter, falt, and a bundle of herbs, take up, and ferve.

You may put them upon the pottage with some oile, after they are salted.

NOTE.

THE first Course in Lent is made ready the L very same way, as at other times, except only, that no Eggs at all are used, neither to thicken, nor any other way; But to thicken, in flead of Eggs, you may take the flesh of Carp, or of Eele, which thickneth far better with Butter, then the Eggs do.

Lentilles.

Feer they are well fod, pass them in the pan A with fresh butter, salt, pepper, nutmegs, cinnamon, mace, a few fine herbs, and chibols; when they are well fried, ferve them.

You may serve them in pease-broth; if you find them hard to be firained; flamp them in & A 12 1 1 2 3 . B. B. B. B.

mortar.

They

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They may also be served with salat-oyle passes in the pan.

Spinage.

Take the whitest, and do not use the greenest, but for want of others, cleanse them well, and wash them several times, drain them, and cause them to cast out their water between to dishes, season them with half as much Butter as there are Spinage, beaten Cinnamon, Salt, Pepper, a Chibol, or an Onion sticked with Cloves; pass all in the pan, and stoye it in a dish covered; when you are ready to serve, you may put in some Nut; meg and Cream, otherwise serve them as they are

Some boil them in water, but they are not fo good, though you may make them ready alike

afterwards,

Spinage Tart of three Colours.

Take two handfuls of young Spinage, wall it well, then boil it, and put thereto some Gream, boiled with some whole Cinnamon, quarter'd Nutmeg, and a grain of Musk; then strain the Gream with the yolks of Eggs and Spinage into a dish with some Rose-water; then boil it over a Chasen-dish, keeping it by stirring from curdling, when your Tart is dried in the Oven, then put it therein in the Colours of Green, White and Yellow.

Apple-Tanfey.

Pare your Apples, and cut them into thin tound flices, then fry them in good sweet butter; after this, take a dozen Egs, sweet Cream, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Ginger and Sugar, with a little Rose-water; beat these well together, and pour them on your Apples, and so fry them.

Apples

Apples frude:

Pare your Apples, and cut them into round flices as far as the core; make some butter brown, and frie them with a little falt, beaten cinnamon, beaten ginger, and very little if any pepper at all; if you have some cream you may put some in, and serve after they have boiled one or two walms.

Take Apples with Sugar.

Take Apples, cut them in two, take out the core, and prick them on the outside with the point of a knife; half fill your dish with them, with a little water, cinnamon, lemon-peel, butter and much sugar; Let them seeeth leisurely with the lid of an oven, or a source pan, when they are enough, serve them sugar d.

Take them of Tours, or the common, walk and cleanse them well; after they are very clean, seeth them leisurely in a pot; when they are half sod, put in some sugar, and when the broth is seady to become syrup, serve.

If you will put in no sugar while they seeth, when the syrup is well thickned, bestrew them

with fugar; and ferve.

Advise.

There are many, who will cat nothing but oiled Now for to take off the smell of oile, boil it with a grust of bread burned, and then you may serve it as butter.

A LL meat of the second service, as well as of the first, and intercourses of Lent, and the pastry work, are served the self-same way, and with the same seasoning, as in the sast daies of the rest

rest of the year, Eggs only excepted, which must not be used ; therefore you shall endore your pafiry work with the fielh of Pike stamped, or with melted butter; for faffron is naught.

Ou will find in the Fast daies the way of ma-L king ready the entercourses for Lent, only these following are not there set down.

Take some remnant of hash of Carps, some Mushrooms, and Melts, mince all together, well fed with Butter and Cream, (if you have any,) scason it with Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, a very little, if any pepper and falt, a bundle of herbs, and boil it a very little, the better to thicken it, and use it for to make your Rissols with, which for to make well, take some pust-paste, spread it, and put your implements in it proportionably to the bignels you will make them of, moisten them about, cover them, and endore them with Butter, for want of flesh of Pike, after they are endored, put them in the Oven, and after they are baked, ferve.

The small Rissols are made with fine paste, there must less than for a little Pie; after your sheets are made, fill them proportionably, moilten them about, and close them up, then throw them into refined Butter very hot, until they be fried, and yellow, take them out forthwith; and then ferve them.

If you put in fugar, you must also put sugar on the top when you ferve.

Fritters

Fritters of Frogs.

Chuse the finest and biggest, dress them cherrylike, that is to fay, scrape the thighes of your Frogs, so that the bone be clean at one end, whiten them a very little, and dry them; make a paste with flowre, salt, milk, white cheese, of each a very little; stamp all in a mortar, and make it liquid, until it be like a paste for Fritters; take your Frogs by the bone end, and dip them in, and put them in very hot butter, fry them as Fritters, and lerve garnished with fried parsley.

Fritters of Spinage, Beets, Clary, Borrage,

Bugloss or Lettice.

After you have well washed your Spinage, put it into boiling water, it being throughly boiled, fet it a draining in a Cullendar, having minced it very small, season it with Cinnamon, Ginger, grated bread, half a dozen Eggs beaten with the whites with some Cream, adding some boiled Currans, making your stuff indifferent thick; then fry it by spoonfuls, and serve it on a dish or plate with Sugar scraped thereon.

Fritters in the Italian fashion.

Take a pound of the best old Cheese you can get, and grate it, a pint of fine Flower, with as much Bisket-bread muskified, beaten to powder, the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, some Saffron, Rose-water, Sugar, Cloves, Mace, Cream, and make them into a paste that is stiff; then form them into balls, and fry them in clarified Butter.

Fritters after the best fashion.

Take good mutton-broth being cold, without any fat, and mix it with Flower, Eggs, Salt, Nutineg, beaten with ginger, incorporate these wel together;

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then take some Pippins, pare and core them, and cut them round, or square and dipping them in this Batter; fry them in clarified Butter, and strewing Sugar on them, serve them up.

18. A Note of what may be served upon Good-friday.

Ottage of Health, which is to be made with Sorrel, Lettices, Beets, Purslain, and a bundle of herbs; seeth all well with Salt, Butter, and the first cutting of a loaf; stove, and serve.

Pottage of peafe-broth very clear, which to make, you shall put in a few herbs, some Capers, a bundle of herbs, and an Onion sticked with Cloves; when it is well sod, serve garnished with fried bread.

Pottage of Almond-milk, the making whereof you will find in the pottages for Lent.

Pottage of Turnips, pottage of Parsnips, pottage of Sparagus, pottage of Pumpkins.

Pottage of Profiteolles: For to make it, take five or fix small loaves, open them at the top, and take out the crumb, then dry them near the fire, or make them brown in the pan with fresh butter; stove or soak them with broth made of purpose with mushrooms, pease-broth, onion slicked, all well seasoned, and before passed in the pan. Use this broth for to make your pottage, and garnish your dish with your dry bread, then fill it up with small ragousts, as trousses, hartichokes, sparagus, and fried mushrooms, garnish the dish

round about with pomgranate, lemon, and, if you will, besprinkle your pottage with the juice of mushrooms; then serve.

Pottage of Brocolis, they are the young sprouts of Coleworts. Seeth them with water, salt, pease-broth, butter, onion sticked, and a little pepper, slove your crust, garnish it with your Brocolis, and fill your dish with it; then serve.

The same broth may be made with milk, and garnished alike.

The pottage of Hops is made the same way as that of Brocolis, and is garnished alike.

The Queens pottage is made the same way as that of Lent, but that you make a hash of mush-rooms, to garnish your bread with; after it is filled, and passed in the pan several times, garnish the top with pistaches, pomgranate, and lemons cut.

The Princesses pottage garnished with Fleurons, they are small pieces of pust-paste.

Potrage of Milk. Brown potrage of Onion.

Pottage of peafe-broth garnished with Lettice, and broken Sparagus.

Pottage of Fidelles, or Tailladins garnished with fryed paste. Pottage of Collisiowers.

Pottage of Rice garnished with a loaf dried.
Portage of green peafe. For to serve it, seeth
them a very little, then stamp them in a mortar,
and fry and season them as the other; then serve.

2 Entres

Entree, or first Course for Good-Friday.

D Ed Beets, or red Parsnips, cut like dice, with brown Butter and Salt.

Red Beets with white Butter. Red Beets

fryed.

Red Carrots fried with a brown fauce upon

them.

Red Carrots flamped and passed in the pan, with Onions, crumbs of bread, Almonds, Mushrooms, and fresh Butter, all well allayed, and feafoned.

Red Carrots fryed with brown Butter and

Onion.

Red Carrots cut into round flices, with a white fauce, with butter, falt, nutmeg, chibols, and a little vinegar.

White Carrots fried. Carrots in fried paste.

Carrots minced into Ragoust with Mushrooms. Tourte of Pistaches. Tourte of herbs, Tourte of

Butter. Tourte of Almonds.

Parsnips with a white sauce, with butter. Par-Inips fried.

Serfifis with a white fauce, with butter.

Sersifis fried in paste. Spinage. Apples buttered. Apples fried. Pap of flowre. Pap of Rice, and Almonds strained. Prunes. Broken Sparagus fried.

Fricasses of hash of Mushrooms, Carrots, and Pistaches, well fed with butter, served warm, fugar'd and with Orenge-flowers.

Skirrets

Skrrets fryed in paste. Skirrets with white sauce with butter.

Cahder of Beets. Cardons. Pumpkins' fryed-Jerusalem Artichokes. Artishokes whole. Fidelles. Rice with Milk well sugar'd. Many do cause it to burst in water when it is very clean, and then put the Milk in it.

Others do seeth it in a double pot.

I that have tried it every way, hold it most expedient, that when it is well walked, and very clean, you dry it before the fire, when it is very dry, stove it with very new Milk, and take heed you do not drown it; seeth it on a small fire, and stir it often, lest it burn-to, and put in some Milk by degrees.

Mushrooms with Ragoust. Mushrooms with Cream. Mousserons with Ragoust, garnished with Piffaches.

Trouffles cut, with Ragoust, and garnished with pomgranate.

Sparagus with a white fauce.

Trouffles with short broth. Sallat of Lemon. Salat sod, either of Succory or of Lettice.

Morilles with Ragoust, Morilles farced, Morilles with Cream.

Cream of Pistaches, Tourte of Cream of Almonds, Cakes of puft-pafte.

Artichokes fried.

I have here inferted no discourse for the making these Services, because they are easie to be found in the discourses of Fish-daies, and of Lent, having recourse to the Table, where you may find them. And the precedent remembrance is but

to advise what may be served that day, wherein one serves but very little Fish, chiefly at great mens Tables.

Entries, or first Courses, which may be made in Armies, or in the Field.

1. Turkie with Raspis.

Hen it is dressed, take up the Brisket, and take out the self, which you shall mine with fust and some little of Veal-flesh, which you shall mix together with yolks of Eggs, and young Pigeons, and all being well featoned, you thall fill your Turkie with it, and shall feafon it with Salt, Pepper, beaten Gloves and Capers, then you shall spit it, and turn it very softly; When it is salmost rosted, take it up, and put it into an earthen pan with good broth, Mulho rooms, and a bundle which you shall make with Parfley, Thimell and Chibols pied together; for to thicken the fauge, take a little fliced Lard, pass it in the pan, and when it is melted, take it jout, and mix a little flower with it, which you shall make very brown, and shall allay it with a little broth and some Vinegar; then put it into an earthen pan with some Lemon-jujes, and serves.

If it be in the Raspis scason, you shall put a handfultof them over it, if not, some Pom-granate.

2. Snails, bom to drefs.

Take a quantity of Snails, and wash them very well in a great many waters, then put them into

an earthen pan or a wide dish, with as much water as will cover them; then fet them over the fire, the heat thereof will force them out of their shells; then take them being dead, and wash them twice or thrice with water and falt, then put them into a Pipkin with water and falt, and let them boil a while; having purged them from their slime, take them out and put them into a Cullender, then take your best Sallee Oil and heat it well over a fire in a frying-pan, when it boils, flice three or four Onions in it, and let them boil a good while, then put in your Snails, and let them New therein a little while; having so done, take them out and put them into a Pipkia with the Oil and Onions, adding as much fair water as will serve to boil them, and make your Pottage, not forgetting to feason it with Salt, thus let it stew three or four hours; then take Parsley, Pennirial, Tyme, Fennel, with other sweet herbs; mince them, then pound them in a mortar, mingling therewith some crumbs of bread, with Saffron and Cloves well beaten, and put them in the Pipkin, being enough, serve them upon Sippets with Lemon juice.

3. Leg of Mutton after the Cardinals way.

Take a Leg of Mutton, beat it well, and lard it with great Lard, then take off the skin, flower it and pass in it the pan with some Lard, and seeth it with good broth, a bundle of Parsley, Thime and Chibols tied together, Mushrooms, or Beatilles well fried, and let the sauce be well thickned; then serve.

4. Legs or Knuckles of Veal after the Epigramme way.

After they are well blanched in fresh water, shower them and pass them in the pan with melted Lard or fresh Seam; then break them, and put them in a pot well seasoned with Salt, Pepper, Cloves, and a bundle of herbs, put an Onion in with it, a little broth and a sew Capers, then slower them with some passe, and cover them close with the pot-lid, seeth them leasurely thus covered for the space of three hours, after which, you shall uncover them, and shall reduce your Sauce untill all be the better thereby; put some Mushrooms to it, if you have any; then serve.

5. Loin of Veal with Pickles.

Beat it well, and lard it with great Lard, pickle it with Vinegar, Pepper, Salt; Spice, Clove, Lemon, Orenge, Onion, and Rosemary, or Sage; after that, spit it, and rost it, and bast it with the sauce until it be rosted; When it is rosted, stone it in the sauce, which you shall thicken with Chippings, or clean Flower allayed with broth, and shall garnish your dish with Mushrooms, Beespallats, or Sparagus; then serve.

6. Ducks with Ragoust.

Lard them with great Lard, and pass them in the pan, then put them into an earthen pan, or into a pot, and put therein some good seasoning of Salt, beaten Spice, Chibols, and Parsley, according to your pallat; seeth them well, and garnish with what you shall find to come nearest to the colour; then serve.

7. Young Pigeons with Ragoust.
Plume them dry, draw them, and pass them in

the pan with lard, or fresh seam, put them in the pot with good broth, and seeth them with a bundle of herbs; when they are sodden, garnish them with their livers, and with sweet-breads of Veal, let all be well seasoned with salt and spice; then serve.

8. Young Hens in Ragoust.

Take them after they are well mortified, and lard them with great lard, then pass them in the pan, after you have cut them into halves, put them in the pot with good broth and a bundle of herbs; season and seeth them well with trousses, mushrooms, or some small pieces of rosted meat, to wit, of mutton or fresh pork, for to give them savour; garnish them with their livers, pistaches, or lemon; then serve.

9. To boil a Rump of Beef.

Take a Rump or the little end of the Brisker, and parboil it, then put it into a deep dish, and flash it to let out the gravie, then throw on some pepper and salt between every slash; then fill up the dish with Claret-wine, adding thereunto four or five pieces of large Mace; then set the dish close covered on a Chasen dish of Coles, there suffering it to boil near two hours, then scum off the fat, and put in more Claret-wine, with half a dozen Onions fliced, one handful of Capers or Broom-buds, half a dozen of hard Lettice fliced, three or four spoonfuls of White-wine Vinegar, and let it boil again with these Ingredienes till the Beef prove very tender, then serve it up with brown bread and Sippets, fried with Butter.

10. Pudding

10. Pudding in baste.

Take a pint of Milk, and put therein an handful of Raisins of the Sun, with as many Currans, and a piece of Butter; then grate a Manchet and a Nutmeg, and put thereto an handful of Flower: when the Milk boils put in the bread, let it boil somewhat above a quarter of an hour; then dish it up on beaten Butter.

II. White Puddings.

Take the gutts of Mutton, and scrape them, so that they be very clear, then take four pounds of fresh Pork-suer, and mince it very small; take also the brawn of two Capons, mince them as dust, and mix them with your suct, next put to it fifteen raw Eggs, one pint of Milk, the crumb of half a white loaf, season all well with the spice of Sausages, and a little Annileed; the spice for Saucidges is prepared thus; Take Pepper. Gloves, Salt, and Ginger, beat them well together, then pour all into the guts with a brass or white Latin instrument made for that purpose, and whiten them in Milk, and then on the gridiron with a fat paper under them; then ferve.

12. Sansages with the brawn of Partridges.

After your Partridges are rolled, take the brawn of them, and mince it very small, take some fresh Pork-suet, four times as much as of minced meat, mix all together, well feafoned as the white pudding, put also some milk to it proportionably, and pour all into some mutton-guts, as the white pudding, which you shall also whiten in milk, and shall tie them at the ends; rost them leasurely upon some fat paper. If you will, you may pour it into the guts of a fucking Pig, or Turkie; then serve. 13. An13. Andpubles on Chitterlings.

Take Caldrons of Voel; and mince them (or (sut them small) with some Porksluet, some lard, and some Pork flesh, stew them all together in a pot; it being boiled and cold, you shall mix with it a little Milk, and some raw Eggs, then you shall pour it into the great gut of a Hog, with the same seasoning as the white pudding: Make some with half milk and half water; when it is made, roft it on the gridiron with a fat paper, and lerve.

14. Servelats. on Take a Beefs gut, and scrape it well, take some land, some pork, or mutton-flesh, or any other you will, and after you have minced it well stamp it with peopler, falt, white-wine, clove, fine herbs, onion, and a little fresh pork-fuet, then pour your implements into this gut, cut it into pieces according to the dength of the Servelat, which you shall tiest the end, and shall hang it in the chimney. When you shall use them, seeds them in water, and about the latter end, put into ita little wine, and some fine herbs, when they are folden, you may keep them one month; terva si nelle al liera . ..

ai lang a die 15. Pullets pickled. Take your Pullets, cut them in two, and beat them, then steep them in Vinegar, well seasoned with falt and spicks. When you will serve, flowre them, or else make for it a small past with two raw Eggs, and a little flower allayed with these

Eggs, try them with melted lard or fresh feath; and after they are fried, put them in their pickle to

spak a little; then serve.

16. How

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16. How to dress a dish of Tripes well and speedily.

Your Tripes being tender boiled, make the fauce with beaten Butter, Pepper, Mustard and Wine-Vinegar; before you take them up, rub the dish with a clove of Garlick, then run the sauce over them with some bruised Garlick therein, and Wine-Vinegar.

17. Bullocks cheeks stewed.

Take out the bones, Balls of the Eyes, and the Rough of the Mouth; steep it well in fair water, and shift it often, being well cleansed from the bloud and slime; take it out of the water and wipe it dry, then scason it with Nutmeg and Pepper, and store of Salt, put them in an earthen pot, adding thereto a pint of Claret-wine, a little fair water, a sew whole Cloves, and three or sour whole Onions; then close up the pot, and let it stand six hours in the Oven, for it will require that time to bake it well; so serve it up on Toass of sine Manchet.

18. How to souce a Calves Head.

Take your Calves Head, scald it, then bone it, then steep it in sair water about five or six hours, then dry it with a clean cloth, and season it with some Salt and Garlick bruised, then roul it up in a Collar, bind it close, and boil it in white-wine, water and salt; being boiled, keep it in the Souce; serve it with Oile, Vinegar, and Pepper.

19. Knuckles of Shoulders Olivier way.

Break them, and blanch them in fresh water, and wipe them, after they are flowred, pass them in the pan with lard, or fresh seam. When they

are well fried, put them in the pot with very little broth, and put a bundle of herbs with it, a little Onion fried with Mushrooms, Capers, Kidneys, and Beef-pallats, all well seasoned with neys, and Beef-pallats, all well seasoned with Salt, Spice, or Pepper, cover them with the lid, and make a piece of soft paste for to close up the pot, lest it doth take vent, put it on some sew coals, and seeth them leasurely; then serve.

20. Piece of Beef after the English, or Chalon Fashion.

Take a piece of Beef, of the Brest, and seeth it well; when it is almost sodden, take it up, and lard it with great lard, then spit it, with a pickle under it in the dripping-pan. The pickle is made as for the loin of Veal; with this pickle you shall baste it with a bundle of Sage, if it sticks not fast to the spit, take some sticks, and tye it at both ends. After it is rosted, take it off, and put it into an earthen pan, then soak it with its pickle, until you are ready to serve. Garnish it with what you will, with Capers, or Turnips, or with both together; or with Beest-pallats, or Parsley, or with the pickle it self, so that it be well thickned; then serve.

21. Breaft of Veal ftemed.

Let it be of a Veal very white and fat, put it in the Oven in an earthen pan, and underneath some sheets of lard, and season it, then cover it, until it hath taken colour, and that it be more then half baked: Afterwards sry into it some Mushrooms, Pallats of Beef, Capers, and sweet-breads, so that they may mix, and make an end of baking together.

Dress them, and stick them with three or four lardons

lardons of great lard, then flowre them, and pass them in the pan with lard or fresh seam, then seeth them in an earthen pan, until the moissure consume well, and season them well with salt and spice. When you will serve, take some lard, and beat it in a mortar, mix it with your Ragouss, and serve.

23. Neats tongue with Ragouft.

Lard it with great lard, then put it in the pot, feeth it, and season it with a sharp sauce; when it is almost sodden, let it cool, slick it, spit it, and baste it with its Ragoust; until it be rosted, and after you have taken it off, stove it in its sauce with a little Onion stamped, a little lard and a little vinegar; then serve.

24. Neats Tongues and fresh Udder in stoffado.

Take your Tongues, and season them with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, then lard them with great lard, and steep them all night in Claretwine, Wine-Vinegar, slic't Nutmegs and Ginger, whole Cloves, beaten Pepper and Salt; let them be put in an earthen pot or pan, covered up close, bake them, and serve them up on Pine Molat, or french bread, and the spices over them with some sliced Lemon and Sausages, or without.

25. Neats Tongues basht.

Let your Tongues be tender boiled, and then blanched, slice them into thin slices, about the breadth of a shilling, fry them in sweet butter; then put to them some Mutton-gravy, or essentially slices, salt and Saffron; slew them well together, then have some yolks of Eggs dissolved with Grape-Verjuice, and put them into the pan, gi-

ving

ving them a tofs or two, the Gravie and Egges being sufficiently thick, dish them on Sippets.

26. Neats Tongues stewed.

Make a hole in the but-end of the Neats-tongue, and mince it with some fat Bacon, season it with some Nutmeg, Salt, the yolk of an Egg, minced sweet-herbs, and grated Parmisant, or Holland Cheese, and some Pepper; mingle these together, and fill the Tongue therewith, then wrap it in a Caul of Veal, and boil it till it will blanch; then put it in a Pipkin with some Claret-wine and Gravy. Cloves, Mace, Salt, Pepper, some grated bread, sweet herbs chopped small, fried Onions, Marrow boil'd in strong broth, and laid over all with slic't Lemon, run it over with Butter, and serve it up in Sippets.

27. To macinate Neats Tongues, or any other Tongues.

Take Neats Tongues, Heilers, Calves, Sheeps, or any other Tongues, and boil them till they will blanch; then lard them or not, as you shall think sit, and put them into a Barrel; then make your Pickle of whole Pepper, slic't Ginger, whole Cloves, and large Mace, then put in a bundle of sweet-herbs, as Rosemary, Thime, Bay-leaves, Sage-leaves, Winter-Savory, sweet Marjoram and Parsley; observeto boil the spices and herbs before you put them into the Cask in as much Whitewine and Wine Vinegar as will fill it, adding thereto some Salt and flic't Lemon, close up the Vessel when the Liquor is cold, and so keep them for your use; serve them with the Liquor and Spices, not forgetting slic't Lemon and Sallet Oil. 28. Porks 28. Porks Tongues with Ragoust.

Take them fresh, and pass them in the panwith lard, then feeth them well in a pot, and feason them with sharp sauce; when they are almost sodden, you shall mix into them an Onion stamped, Trussles, dry Meal, and a little White-Wine, and shall foak them in their own broth; when they are fod, ferve.

29. Mutton Tongues with Ragoust.

Take many of them, and after they are well sodden, flower them, and pass them in the pan, foak them with good broth, and pass in them ? little Onion, Mushrooms, Truffles, and Parsley, all together, well seasoned with Salt and Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, according to your Palate, with a little Verjuice and Vinegar; then ferve.

30. Rump of Matton with Ragoust.

Take it flicking to the joint, lard it over with great lard, and feeth it with a piece of Beef; when it is half sodden, take it up, flowre it, and pass it in the pan, then put it in an earthen pan with good broth, and season it well with Mushrooms, Capers, Samphire, Beef pallats, (put into the broth some Oister liquor) cover it, and let in keth well; then serve.

31. Leg of Mutton after the Daube.

Lard it well with great lard, then put it in the pot with water, and season it well; when it it is almost fod, put to it some White-wine proportionably, and make an end of feething of it with fine herbs, Lemon or Orange peel, but very little, be reason of their bitterness; when you will ferve it, garnish the brims of the dish with parsley, and with flowers. 32 Turkie

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32. Turkie after the Daube. It is done after the fame way as the Leg of Mutton, except that you must bind it fast before you let it a feething, plentifully garnished with Saft,, and all kind of Spice, the same seasoning, white-wine, &c. Serve it with parfley.

33. Cive of Hare, Take a Hare, cut it into pieces, put it in the pot with some broth, seeth it well, and season it

with a bundle of herb's, good store of large Mace, and Salt; when it is half fodden, put a little Wing to it, and put into it's little flower with an Onion, and a very little Vinegar; serve it with green

fauce, and readily.

34. Breaft of Mutton in Aricot. Pass it in the pan with butter or melted lard, then put it in the pot with broth, and feason it with Salt; when it is half fodden, pass also in the pan Come Turnips cut in two, or otherwife, mix them together; without forgetting a little lard, fried with a little Flower, an Onion minced very small; a little Vinegar, and a bundle of herbs; ferve with a short sauce.

35. Neats Tongue rofted. Let your Tongue be tender boiled, blanched and cold, then cut a hole in the but end; then mince the meat you take out with sweet-herbs and a couple of Pippins chopt very small, with the yolks of Eggs flic't, and some Beef suet finely mine't with beaten Ginger & Salt, fill the Tongue, and stop the whole withn a Caul of Veal, then lard and so rost; let your sauce be made of Butter, Gravy, Nutmeg and the juice of Lemons; garwith the dish with flic't Lemon, Lemon-peel, and 26. Neath Barberries.

36. Mine't Pye of Neats Tongue. Take a fresh Neats Tongue, boil, blanch and

mince it; then take four pound of Beef suet and mince it by its felf, mingle them together; and scason them with an ounce of Cloves and Mace beaten, some Salt, half a preserved Orange, and a little Lemon peel minced with a quarter of a pound of Sugar, four pound of Currans, a little Verjuice and Rose water and a quarter of a pint of Sack, stir all together, and fill your Pies,

37. Loin of Lamb with Ragoust. Rost it, then put it into an earthen pot, with a little broth, Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, Clove, and bundle of herbs; a little searced Flower, Mulh-

rooms, Lemon, Orange-peel, and all being well foaked together; ferve.

38. Loin of Veal with Ragoust.

Cut it into Ribs, flower them, and pass them in the pan with lard, then put them in the pot, and sew them with a little broth, Capers, Sparagus, Truffles, and when all is well foaked, ferve.

139. Piece of Beef after the Daube, After it is half sodden, lard it with great lard, and put it to feeth again with the same broth if you will; then after it is well, Todden and featoned, not forgetting the wine, serve as the leg 'cut

shoulder wife.) ..

40. Leg of Mutton after the Legats way. After you have chosenit well, beat it well, take off the skin and the flesh of the knyckle, whereof you shall cut off the end; lard it with mean lard, flowre it, and pass it in the pan with land or fresh feam. When you fee it very brown, put it in the pot with one spoonful of broth well seasoned with Salt.

with Sale, Pepper, Clove, and a bundle of herbs; you may put in Capers, Mushrooms, Trusses, cover it with a lid closed up with flowre, neither too foft, nor too hard, allayed in water, and feeth it on a few coles the space of three hours. When it is sodden uncover it, and garnish it with what you have to put it, as Kidneys, Bottoms of Artithokes, sweet-breads, and a short sauce, and about the dish lay cut Lemon, or Pomgranate, Barberties and grapes. 41. Piece of Beef after the Marotte.

When it is almost sodden, laid it with great lird, then make a Pasty of brown paste of the bigness of your piece of Beef well seasoned of all what you will; and garnished alike with Capers, After it hath been feething a very long while with broth; pass into it an Onion and Garlick stamped;

then setve.

42. Loin of Muston rofted. After it is well-rofted, take off the skin, cover it with falt, crumbs of bread, minced parlley, grated nutmeg and orange-peel, minced very finely; then pass it in the pan before, not on the fire; then serve it with verjuice, caper, liquor, and some oister-liquor, and partley about the dish.

43. Piece of Beef, and Loin of Mutton after the natural.

Take a piece of Beef from the Shambles, powder it with a little salt, not too much, lest you may have occasion to use the broth; seeth it well, and take off what hath been salted, as the skin: if you will, salt it again, and powder it with small salt; ferve with parsley, or fried bread about the dish, and fometimes with small pies, or some thickning of Ragoust.

The Loin of Mutton after the natural is done as the piece of Beef; when it is well fodden, take off the skin, pouder it with falt, garnish the dish about with parsley, and serve it warm.

44. Capons boiled and larded with Lemon.

Take a large Capon, trus him and boil him apart in fair water with a little small Oatmeal, then take Mutton broth, and half a pint of White-Wine, a bundle of herbs, whole Mace, feat son it with Verjuice, put Marrow Dates, and season it with Sugar; then take preserved Lemons, and cut them like lard, and with a lardingpin lard it in, then put the Capon in a deep dilh, thicken your broth with Almonds, and pour it on the Capon.

45. Pig drest a-la mode de Paris.

Spit your Pig and lay him to the fire, when it is through warm skin it, cut it into at least twenty pieces; having so done, take some White-Wine and strong broth, and stew it therein with an Onion or two cut very small, a little Thime minced with Nutmeg sliced, with Pepper, Anchoves and Elder-Vinegar, some Gravie with a very little weet Butter, thus dish it up in the same liquor it was stewed in, with Pine Molet sliced under it, and Oranges and Lemons over it.

46. Pig after the Daube.

After it is well dressed, cut it into five parts, then pass on it a little of great lard, and put it with broth, white-wine, fine herbs, onion, and being well seasoned with falt and other ingredients, serve it with parsley about the dish.

The short sauce remains with it in a gelec to ferve cold; you may put to it some Saffron, if you wil. 47. Goofe

47. Goofe after the Danbe. Lard it with great lard, and feeth it well, then put to it a pint of white-wine, and season it well with all what is fitting for a Daube. If you will pass it on the gridiron, and serve, cut into sonr, with a Sauce Robert over it, you may, 48. Goose with Ragons.

Take a Goose, cut it into quarters, after it is well beaten, flowre it, and pass it in the pan, then seeth it with some broth, season it with all kinds of spice, and with a bundle of herbs, garnish it with all its giblets, which are the liver, gilard, wings and neck; let the sauce be short and thickned, with yolks of Eggs allayed in Verjuice; then serve.

49. Teoles with Ragoust. After they are dressed, lard them with middle lard, pass them in the pan, and soak them with

well seasoned broth, then put them in again with a little lard and flowre, onion, capers, mushrooms, truffles, Pistaches, and lemon-peel all together;

then ferve. . 50. Turkje with Ragoust.

Cleave it, and beat it, then flick it, if you will, with great lard, flowre it, and pass it in the pan, and then soak it in an earthen pan with good broth, well seasoned and garnished with what you will; seeth it to a short sauce, and serve.

51. Pig wish Ragonft. After it is dreffed, take off the skin if you will, then cut it into four, flowre it, pass it in the pan, being well seasoned for the rast; garnish it with Capers, Truffles, Mushrooms, and serve it with a thore fauce.

52. Loin

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52. Loin of Veal with Ragoust.

After it is well beaten, lard it with great lard, and spit it, then when it is half rosted, soak it with good broth, and make a thick sauce with slowre and onion fried, garnish with mushrooms, hartichokes, sparagus, trussles, and its kidneys sliced, serve.

53. Beef a-la-mode

From a Buttock of Beef, cut some thereof into thin slices as broad as a Saucer; then hack them with the back of a knife, lard them with small lard, and season them with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg; then make a sarsing with sweet-breads, Tyme, Onions, the yolks of hard Eggs, and Beef-suct minced; work these together, and lay it on the slices, and roll them up round with the Caul of Veal, then bake or roast them; then put them into a Pipkin with some Saffron and Butter, blow off the sat from the Gravie, and add thereto Artichokes, Potato's or Skirrets blanched, being sirst well boiled, a little Claret-wine, and serve them on Sippets with sliced Lemon.

54. Sheeps-feet fricased.

Take Sheeps-feet, flit the bones, and pick them very clean; then put them into a frying pan with a Ladleful of strong broth, a piece of Butter, and a little falt, having fried a while, put therereto a little Parsley, green Chibols, a little young Speer-Mint and Tyme, all shred very small with a little beaten Pepper; being almost fried, make a lear for them with the yolks of Eggs, some Mutton Gravie, a little Nutmeg and juice of Lemon speezed thereon; and so serve them.

55. Larks

After they are dressed, draw them, crush down their stomacks a little, slowre them and fry them with lard; after they are very brown, slove them, and season them with Capers and Millirooms; you may put in them some Lemon-peel, or some juice of a Leg of Mutton, or some Orange, or a bundle of herbs, take off the sat, and serve with what you have to serve.

56. Liver of Veal fried.

Cut it into very thin flices, then pass them in the pan with lard or butter, well seasoned with salt, pepper, bearen cloves and mace, onion minced very small, and one drop of broth, vinegar, or verjuice of grapes; and for to thicken the sauce, pur therein some chippings of bread well searced; you may serve it without soaking, less it should harden, with capers, fampire, mustirooms, and garnished about the dish with what you have.

After they are well sodden flowre them, and pass them in the pan with lated, or fresh seam; then stove them with a little broth, a little verjuice, a bundle of herbs, a piece of Lemon, and some flowre searced, all well seasoned, and the sauce short, mix some Capers and Sampeire cut small with a knife with it, and serve.

The Sheeps trotters are done the fame way, after they are well fodden, and the worm taken away, flowre and fry them with lard or fresh feam, and foak them with a little broth and verjuice; a buildle of herbs, a piece of Lemon, and flowre fearced, all well feafoned, and a short fauce, mix some Gapers and Sampeire with it then serve.

Source

The Arench Took:

58. Fat Tripe with Ragouft.

After it is very white, and well sodden, cut it very small, fry it with lard, parsley, and chibols, and season it with capers, vinegar, flowre fried, and an onion; foak it, and serve.

You may also another way, mix with it yolks of

Eggs and Verjuice for thickning.

Another may. Take it very fat, cut it and powder it with falt, and crumbs of bread, rost it on the gridiron, and season it with Verjuice of Grapes or Vinegar, or juice of Orange, or of Lemon; then serve.

59. Pullers fried. After they are dreffed, cut into pieces, and well washed, boil them in good broth, and when they are almost sodden, drain them, and then fry them: After five or fix turns, scason them with falt and good herbs, as Parsley, Chibols, &c. allay some yolks of Eggs for to thicken the sauce, and ferve.

60. Neats-feet larded and roafted.

Take Neats-feet boil'd, cold and blanched, lard them whole, and rost them; being rosted, serve them with Venison-sauce made of Claretwine, Wine Vinegar, and Toasts of Housholdbread, strained with the wine through a strainer, with some Cinnamon and Ginger beaten, put it in a Pipkin, and boil it with a tew whole Cloves, flir it with a sprig of Rosemary, but make it not

61. Tripes hot out of the Pan or Pot, how drest. Having boiled them very tender, make your sauce of beaten Butter, Gravie, Pepper, Mustard and Wine-Vinegar, rub the dish with a Clove of Garlick

Garlick, and dish them therein, then run the sauce over them, with a little bruised Garlick and Wine-Vinegar. 62. To fricaffie Calves Chaldron.

Take a Calves Chaldron half boiled, and when it is cold, out it into small bits, about the bigness of a Walnut, season it with beaten Cloves, Salt, Nutmeg, Mace, and a little Pepper, an Onion, Parsley, and a little Tarragon, all shred very small, then fry it with butter and strong broth; being fried, put it into a lear of Mutton-gravie, juice of Lemon, yolks of three or four Eggs with a little Nutmeg, give it a tols in the pan, and so serve

63. Young Pigeons fried. After they are well, scalded, cut them into pieces, and pass them in the pan with lard and butter, half one, half other, when they are well fried, throw into it chibols, parsley, sparagus, pepper, salt, beaten cloves, besprinkle them with broth well scasoned, and serve them whitened, or not.

64. Olives of Veal. For to make them, take some Veal, cut it into small slices, and beat them well with the knife haft, mince all kinds of herbs, Beef or Muttonfuet, and a little lard, and when they are well seasoned, and allayed with raw eggs, roll them among those slices of fielh, for to seeth them in an' earthen or tourtre pan; when they are fodden, serve them with their sauce.

65. Fricaffie of Veal. Take some Veal, and cut it into thin flices, flowre them a very little, and pals them in the pan, and season them with salt, with an onion stuck

CHAIN WHITE TOP

with cloves, then foak them with a little broth and the fauce being thickned, ferve.

66. Fillet of Veal with Ragoust.

Lard it with great lard, spit it, and tost it little more than half; soak it with a little broth and a bundle of herbs, and cover it well; when it is sodden, serve with a sauce thickned with chippings of bread, or with flowre and an onion's ferve it garnished with Truffles and Mushrooms,

67. Shoulder of Veal with Ragoust. Blanch and flowre it, then pass if in the pan, when it is very brown, stove it in an earthen pan, when it is almost stewed, season it with a bundle of herbs, all kinds of Beatilles, Mushrooms, fry

into it a little flowre, a little onion minced, and a little Vinegar; then ferve.

68. Shoulder of Mutton with Ragouft. Beat it well, and take off the skin, then flowre it, and pass it in the pan with butter or melted lard, then foak it with good broth, a bundle of herbs, and a few Oisters cut small, and good seafoning; garnish it with what you have, among other things, with Capers, Sampeire, and serve.

69. Breaft of Veat fried.

After it is blanched, seeth it in a great brass pot, or in another pot ; it matters not if it doth feeth with other meat; after it is fodden, open it in two parts, and make a liquid paste with a little flowre, eggs, falt, and a little parsley, then wer it with this fealoning; next fry it with fresh seam, of melted lard; when you have taken it out, throw over it one handful of very gren parfley, and very dry, that is, searced in the pan with butter very hot, and very brown, serve.

170. Loin of Kid with Ragoust-When it is well fluck, spit it; and when it is half rofted, bafte is with pepper, vinegar and a little broth, thicken the fauce with fome chippings of bread or chippings searced; then serve.

TI Breast of Veal farcedi Mince some Veal with Beefffuet and sweet herbs, seasoned with some Chives, Mace, Nuimeg, Pepper, two or three raw Eggs and Sale; then prick tup, the Breathbeing filled at the lower en and flew it between two dithes with fome trong broth, White-wine and large Mace; then an hour after, have sweet-herbs stript and pickt , and put it into your broth with some marrow, and give it a walm, then diff up your Breaft of Verl on fine Sippets, broth it, and lay on it flic't Lemon, Manrows, Mace and Barberries, and then run it pres with beaten butter.

72. Breaft of Veal boiled. Take a Breast of Veal and joint it well, parboil des little, then putit, in a flewing pan or a deep dish sinith some frong broth and a bundle of sweet horbs well bound up, some large Mace, and fome flices of interlarded Bacon dwo or three Cloves, some Capera, Samphire, Salt, some yolks of hard Eggs and white-wine: Stewall thefe well .together, and being boiled tender, serve it on fine carved Sippets and broth it: Then there forme fried Sweet-breads, Pork-laulages, a little Garlick,

- & \$3 . Small ribr of Mutton with Ragoust. Slice them, then beat and flowre them, then pall them in the pan, after they are fried, put

and then tun it over with beaten Butter Lemon

and fried Parfley. i whois single as good the work

them with good broth and Capers, and all being well seasoned, serve.

74. Beef a-la-mode.

Beat it well, and lard it with great lard, then feeth it in a por with good broth, a bundle of herbs, and all kind of spices, and when all is well confumed, serve with the saucei

75. Beef after the Eftoffade.

Cut it into very thin slices, and being well beaten, flowre them, and pass them in the pan with lard; then put them in an earthen pan, or in a pot with good broth, all well scasoned; serve with a short sauce.

76. Young Rabbits with Ragonst.

You may fry them as Pullets, or pals them in the pan with a little flowre mixed with butter, then foak them with good broth, and season them with Capers, juice of Orange or Lemon, and a bundle of herbs or Chibol; ferve. Another way.

After they are rosted, cut them into pieces, pass them in the pan, and foak them in a dish with juice of Orange, Gapers, a few chippings of bread; let the sauce be sharp and short; serve.

77. Loin of Pork with Sauce-Robert.

Lard it with great lard, then rost it, and baste it with Verjuice and Vinegar, with a bundle of Sage. After the dripping is fallen, take it to fry an Onion with, which being fried, you shall put under the Loin, with the sauce wherewith you have basted it. All being a little soaked together, lest it may harden, serve. This Sauce is called Sauce-Robers. CHECKET BEST will stopped at 1.78; Rack

78. Rack of Pork Carbonadoed.

Take off the skin from your Rack of Pork, and cut it into steaks, then falt it, and strow on forme Fennel-feed whole, and broil it on a fost fire. being throughly broiled; serving it on Wine-Vinegar and Pepper.

79. Partridges bashed. Take four brace of Partridges and rost them

being cold, mince them very fine, the brawns or wings, and leave the legs and rumps whole; then put some strong Mutton-broth to them, grated Nutmeg, a couple of Onions, some Pistaches, Chesnuts and Salt; then stew them in a large earthen Pipkin, but stew the legs and rumps by themselves, then take a six-penny french white losf, and cover your dish therewith, having first fleeped the Sippets in Mutton-gravy, then pour the Hash on the bread, and lay the legs and the rumps on the Halh with some fried Oisterr, Pistaches, Lemon flic't, Chesnuts and yolks of Eggs strained with juice of Orange, and Butter, well beaten together, and with this run over your Halh.

Thus you may Halh any kind of Fowl, appertaining either to Land or Water, he was an mis

80. Partridges after the Estoffade. Lard them with great lard, and pass them in the pan with butter or melted lard; when they are very brown, put them in the pot with good broth, and feeth them, well feasoned. For the garnish, you shall have Truffles, Mushrooms, fried Spalegus, wherewith you shall soak them; serve with Lemon and Pistaches. If the same be not thickned enough, take a little flowre, or of your thicknings, and do not thicken it too much, lest it 81. Capon be too thick.

After your Capon with Oisters.

After your Capon is dressed, and larded with lard, and with butter d paper over it; rost it; and as it rosteth, put under it a dripping-pant after you have well cleansed your Oisters, you shall blanch them, if they are old, when they are well cleansed pass them in the pan with what is fallen from your Capon, and season them with Mushrooms, Ossion stuck, and a bundle of herbs. After they are well fried, you shall rake out the bundle of herbs and the rest, you shall put it in the body of the Ospon, which you shall show with a sew Gapenit then serve.

Or thus, A Capon with Oifters. Take your Capon and draw it; and wash it very clean, then take your Oisters, and wash them clean from the gravel with white-wine Vinegar, their take a loaf and grate it, and mines fome Spinage and sweet herbs finely, put thele to your Oisters; then scason them with a little beaten Pepper Nuttrieg, Salt, and an Onion mineed, then break three or four new Eggs to them; mix these together, and stuff your Capon with it, and when it is at the fire, put into the dish underneath a little Claret-wine, some Capers, and Samphire cut smal, and a good quantity of large Mace, batte your Capon with this, till it be almost enough, then take it from under the Capon, and take off the far, then thicken it with the yolks of two Eggs, and a peece of sweet Butter, and put to it some Orange-peel, minced fuet, with fealded Parfley; and serve.

Take a good bodied young fat Capon, draw and

trust, and say it in loak two of three hours with a Knuckle of Veal well jointed, then boil them in a large pan, when it boils scrim it, and put there-like of six blades of Mace, three or soutraces of Gniger slic't, some Fesmer and Parsley-roots well scrap't, with some Sast. When the Capon is tender boiled take it up, and put it in other warm broth, put to your souted broth a quart of White wish, and boilet to a jelly, then take it off, and put it into a large Pipkin, put your Capon to it with a couple of slic't Lemons, and cover it close, set at your pleasure, garnish it with Lemon and some of the jelly.

Take your Hare and fled it after it is drawn, then cut it in pieces, and walls it very clean in Claret-wine and water, fram the liquor, and parboil the quarters, then take them and flice them, and put them in a difficult the legs, wings, and head whole; cut the Chine into three pieces, and put to it direct arge Onlions, and forme of the liquor in which it was parboiled. Rew it between two diffes chief covered till it be tender, and put to it forme Mate. Pepper and Number for we it on fine carved Sippets, and run it over with Beaten Butter, Lemott and Marrow.

After they are drefled, pals them in the pah with buttet of lived, then took them in the pah with buttet of lived, then took them in an earthen pan with good broth; and a bundle of heibs, all well leafoned; when they are well leaden, and the fauce well thickned, put in let apers, Millinooms, Truffles, and ferve.

7.14

2/10/1/2

85. Tongues of Museon fried with Ragoust

Take your Tongues, cleave them in the midle then pass them in the pan with butter or melter lard, and leason them well, then put them into a dish with Verjuice and Nutmeg; afterwards take a little flowr and allay it with an Egg, and the sauce which is under your Tongues, which you shall pour into these preparations, fry it with melted lard, or fresh scarn; after it is tryed, throw into the pan one handful of Parsley, and have a care that it may remain very green; serve them dry; or with a pickle, and the rest of your sauce.

86. Liver of Keal with Ragoust.

Lard it with great lard, and put it in a pot well feasoned with a bundle of herbs. Orange-peel and Capers, and when it is well sodden, and the sauce thickned, cut it into slices, and serve.

87 Stemed Pullets.

Cut them very small, and seeth them with a little broth, white-wine, and very new butter, season them with chibols, and partley minced to gether; when they are sod, allay some yolks of eggs, with some verjuice for to thicken the sauce, and serve.

88. Calves head fried.

After it is dressed and sod, you shall take out the bones, then you shall make a liquid passe with Eggs well seasoned; dip this Head into it, and fry it with fresh seam; after it is well fried, powder it with Salt, juice of Lemontor Verjuice; then serve it with fried Parsley.

First scald the Head and bone it, then steep it

cloth, and scalon it with some Salt and bruised splick; their roul is up in a Collar, bind it elbe, the boiled keep tells that source is the Collar, boiled, keep tells that source is the Collar, or in slices, with Oil, Vinegar and Proper.

I can affire your many curious Pallats have

been putzled an diffinguish what it is. It would Albard s 140 981 Calves bead rofted: of Cleave the head, and rake our the brains, & ficep them and the head in fair water, made warm three be four Hours, flitting them as often, cleanting the head and brains when boil the brains, and thereof make a pudding, by adding to flicin grated bread, Beef-fuet minced fmall ; Bind minced Veal and Signs lealon the Pidding with fome Cloves, Mace, Sale, Ginger, Sugar, five yolks of Eggs and Suffron; fill the head therewith; then those H top and bind it fall with pack-thread ; and fo fpit it, blied on the Cauliabout the Head with fom Pudding round it; as it rofts, fave the Gravie, "and blow off the fary underhen put the Gravie to the Head, with white White wine; a flic't Nutmeg and a piece of weet Butter I the fuice of an Orange, Sale and Sugar's then firew on the Head forme grated bread, mineed Lemon-peel and beaten Minnamonly Stable on a fin will ally Diver of Veal Hicked d and

Stick it very thick with Landons, then spit it, and make a pickle under it wherewith you shall balle it wit doth rost, to the end that the pickle may turn it self into a sauce; after it is rosted, show it with Capers, and server.

and at other times for to make gray pudding 1 June : 32. Turke Gibline and Land think

3) Blanch, them in fresh water, and feeth them with good broth, when they are slength fod, pale them in the pan with lard, and good leafoning let the fauce be fhort, and ferver a this soule nito

DYLI :98 Shoulder of wild Book mith Ragouff. Lard it with great lard ithen put it into t Kettle full af water, with falt, pspper, and a bundle of herbs a take head you do not feafon at no much, because the broth must be reduced to short fauces. When it is more than half fod a year thall put to it a pint of white wine slove and a bat leaf, or a twig of rolemany, then when it is well fod and the lauge thort, sputhall thicken is which for to do; you must melt fome lard so and fry a little flowre in it, then put to it an onion minced yery [mall, give it a surn or two in the Pan, and pour it into your fauce, which you shall flove with capers; and mushrooms; after all it hyell kaloned, ferve-i ... des it se'l it have gull

oils on a 1 94, Legs of Rochanker wild Ganthe world They may she done as the thoulder of Wild-Boar; as alfo the loin and the shoulder or relie after you have larded them with great lard, and may pass them in the pan likewise with some land and flowre, after which you shall feeth them with broth, and thall thicken the fagee plike.

... 95. Pig farsed Take him from under the Sow bloud him in water ready to boil cald him, out him between the thighs, take offishe skin, the tail, the feet, and the head, then let them free till you have ule for them; let the body alone hyon will find it

he Lench Copy afterwards well enough, for to farce it, take some Veal and Beef-luct, stamp them well after the way of Godingsun, then fill the skin with it, with Mulhrooms passed in the pan, young Pigeons, sweet-breads, a bundle of fine herbs, and with all what you have, until it hath the mape of a Pig. lew up what is open, trus it up, and blanch ic'm water, ready to ipit. An hour and an half before dinner, fpit it through the head, wrap it up with buttered paper's and tie it at both ends wien iplinters of wood, and as it is rolling, batte it with butter. When it is rolled, take of the paper and the thread fo that it may not feem to flave

The body of this Pig being flaved, blanch it but wery little, flick it well, and roll it as if it were whole or like a Lamb; when it is folted, you may be used it; with a green-lace. 96. Pie rofted mith ibe bair therem.

Take a Rig and Hick him then straightway draw out his Guts, Liver and Lights very clean at the Vent, having wipt him, cur off his feet and trufs him, and prick up the belly clott, to lay thin to the fire, be careful you forth him not , being a quarter roalled, the skin will rife uk in Hiffers from the fleth; then pull off the skin and Hairs being flayed, cut flathes down to the bones batterie with Butter, and Cream, then bread it with grated white Manchet, Currans, Sugar and Sall misered gether, and thus apply balling upon dregging, till the body be covered an inch thick, being throughly teady, draw it, and feive it up whole, with fauce made of Wine-Vinegar, whole Cloves, whole Cinnamon and Sugar Boil'd to a Syrrupa

97. Calves-feet fried.

After they are well fod, cut them very small, and pass them in the pan with lard or butter; aften three or four turnings, pur to it chibols, and parfley minced together. Immediately after put into it a very little broth, and fealon all well. When it is ready to lerve, allay forme Eggs proportionably to your meat; as for four feet, three eggs, with verjuice of grapes, or common; you may use gooseberries in stead of verjuice of grapes then your fauce being thort, mix your thickning With Wand ferve.

Sheeps Trotters are done the fame way, take thorn very white, and well fod, cut them yery (mall , and take out the worm which is in them, then fry and season them with Parsley and Chibols minced together, make your thickning as above faid ; mix it and ferve.

98. Mutton Tongues rofted.

Flay them and cut them in the midft, then drip them, that crumbs of bread, and fine falt thay flick on them, and put them on the gridiron's make a sauce with a little broth, new butter, chibols and whole parfley, a' few, chippings, falt, pepper, putmegs, all passed together in the pan. then Soak the Tongues with the fauce; when you are ready to ferve, garnish your plate or dish, if it is in winter, with capers, lemon fuice, or mushrooms; then serve.

After they are fod, season them, and slit them in the middle, then fry them with a liquid barter. Serve with lemon juice, and fried parfley; then garnish.

Another

The French Cook.

Another way with Ragoust. Cleanse them well, rake off the pallats, and cutthem in the midft, put also on them crumbs lof bread, and finall falt, roft them, and after they are rolled, put them in the dripping pan under the roalt-meat, then put on them lome (weet herbs very finely minced; and fome lemon-peel with fome beaten humeg, make a fauce with pasley, chibols, or anion minced small, fresh butter, and verjuice of grapes; and when you are ready to ferve, allay the yolks of eggs in your fauce, and pour it on your Tongues; then ferve readily. Another way or is sinch sall

Take your Tongues half fod or softed day them, then loak them in a pot with some broth, and pals them in the pan with melted land, a little meal, some minced onion, all well seasoned, saide them garnished with what you have, among the reft, with minced capers, withta short saucerrent Another bay ... chodina a thir

After your Tongues are rofted and blicked, ferve them foaked in a short sauce, thickned as above; or elle you may loak them with a fweet fauce. 96. Mutton Legs farced.

Mince the mear with Beef fuer or Bacon, sweetherbs, Pepper, Salt, Cloyes, Mace, and two or three cloves of Garlick, raw Eggs, some Chesnuts work thele up all together, fill the Leg and prick it up, then either boil it or roft it, make sauce with the remainder of the meat, and slew it on the fire, with Gravic, Chefinats, Pistaches or Pine-Apple-feed, Bits of Artichelles, Pears, Grapes or Pippins, and to ferve it.

Another.

Anosher excellent pray.

Take either Veal or Mutton, and mince either. of them with Best fuet, Parsley, Tyme, Savory, Marigolds, Endive, Spinage, to these put some grated bread, grated Nutmeg, Currans, five or fix Dates, Sugar, yolks of Eggs, Role water and Ver-Juice; then stew, fry or bake them, and ferve them up on Sippets with Verjuice, Sugar and Butter; in like manner you may dress Fish Fowl or any fort of Flesh.

100, Achis of Rost-meat.

The Achis of rolled meat, be it Gallimaffree, or other, is thus made, After you have taken up the skin, cut the shoulder near the handle, take out the bones out of the handle, and put the skin before the fire; you also shall take out the spade bone, and mince the meat very small with Capers and Parsleys, which being done, soak it with a chibol or an onion flicked, all well leafon eds and to the end that your Achie be the more dainty, put in it a little crumbs of bread and new butter, if you will, put it into a dish or on a plate, and besprincle it with its own juice, or with some other, and the skin over it, then serves you may garnish it with Pomgragare, Lemon, or boiled bread.

The Achis of Partridge is done the fatne way, except that you may feed it with juice, and garnish ie with what you will think fit.

101. Hassets.

Take a fillet of Yeal, cut it into very thin flices where there is no flrings; flick your flices with lardons, and bake them in a tourt pan covered, then foak them with a little broth thicken your fauce, and ferve them garnished butters

mind the 122. Achis of rammedial to it inc

Take what mean you will, take out the Brings. minge it well, blanched or not iminde it with twice as much Beef fuet near the Kidney . having taken out the fixing a thon, when all is well min's rediand wall feafoned, allay it with broth, and flore, it; you may garnish with Chesnuts, or what you hall have the to garnish with; when it is fold laying it with fat.

blos to No is a 1 103. Postetone il e

.Take fielh of Veal , and Beef, or Mutton-fuet mince them wall together, and feafon them, mix some Eggs with it to bind the Raice, and then cut three or four bards of lard, over which you shall spread your minced sless, which you shall count with young Pigeons, Beatills, Sweet breads, Sparagus, Mulhxpains, yolks of Eggs, Kidneys, Combs, Hartichokes, and over all that, you shall yet put fame fleth, and all being well featoned, bake it; then ferveaury your mout bone a obeide

line a Sugara Q4 Tome of Land Come to Hog

Take some Lard, cut it, and melt it between two dishes, season it like the Marrow tourt, which you shall find in the next Articles when it is baked, then forver day it has it was

105. Tourt of Marrow.

Take some Margow, and meltoit, after it is meked, fry it, and mix it with Sugar; yolks of Eggs, Pillaches, or Almonds damped; next make a very thin these of fine palle won which you hall lay your implements a raile the fides if you will t bekeit, and lange in fugaridio . 10 c.

Tourse

1106. Tourse de Lyonard Sied mit Take a pound and quarter of Almonds; blane and beat them into fine paste in a stone Mortar, with Rose-water, then bear the white break of a cold rosted Turkie minced, and beat with it's pound of lard minced with the Marrow of half's dozen bones, & a pound of butter, the juice of four Lemons, two pound of hard Sugar; having finely beaten them, flice a whole green piece of Cifron in small slices, a quarter of a pound of Pistaches, and the yolks of eight or ten Eggs, mingle all together; then make a paste for it with cold Butter, Eggs and cold water.

107. Tours of Tongues Fake a fresh Neats-tongue; boil it tender, and blanch it, being cold, cut into small square bits, larding each bit with small lard, then take another Tongue, blanch it and mince it with Beef-fuet) then lay the one half into your passe, and thereon lay your Tongue larded and finely scasoned with Nutmeg', Pepper and Salt, then with the remaining minced Tongue mix grated bread, some yolks of raw Eggs, weet herbs minced small and made into balls, as big as Wall nuts, to these add Chesnuts, Marrow, large Mace, Barberries, slices of interlarded Bacon and Butter, and close it up, being baked, liquor it with Verjuice and beaten Butter.

108. Tours of young Pigeons.

Make your palte fine, and let it relt; then take your young Pigeons, cleanle and blanch them i if they are too big weut them, and take Gandiviana, Sparagus, Mulhrooms, bottoms of Harticholies, Beef-marrow, yolks of Eggs, Carduus, Beef-pallar Truffes

CHETCHES COM. Troffles, Verluice of Grapes or Gooleberries

arnish your Tourte with what you have, without forgetting the seaforning than letve.

Take a piece of veat blanch it, and mince it blanch it wice as much Beef suct, after it is well seafoned, make a sheet of fine paste, put your Mear on it, in the middle of which you hall put meat you have, as Beasilles, &c. Sugar it if you will, and when it is baked, ferve.

After you have taken out the bones, farce it within with all kinds of Beatifles, and Ovilers, Mushrooms, Truffles, Marrow, Capers, Cardes, Sweet-breads, and Gaudineaux; when it is farced, drefs it upon fine patte, bind it above with butter'd Paper, tyeit with a thread, and cover it well featoned; when it is baked, ferve. TTI Pit of Gaudiveaux.

Dreis up your paste into an Oval, garnish it with your Gaudiveaux, in the midit of which you shall pur all kind of garnish, as Mushrooms, the Livers of far Capons, Carder, yolks of hard Eggs, Sweet breads, and lealon all well, bind it at the rop with palle, and when it is baked, ferve with a Sauce of Verjuice, yolks of Eggs and Nutmegs. 112. Ple of Alliere.

Take forme fielh of Veal and Beef, or Muttonfuet, make with them a kind of Gandiviaux, then dress up your paste very neatly half a foot high, and fill it with a bed of Flesh, and over it another bed of Muthrooms, another of Cardes or Cardeaux, or of young Pigeons, Beef pallars, Kidneys, and yolks of Eggs, fo that the upper bed be of your

Gandiveaux, cover and feafon it; then ferre 113: Pie offen the Marone. Take some Rye slower, which you shall take make your passe with it, and make it up in the shape of a Pie; then take a base or two, or two joints of Mucton, with a little Beef-fuer, which you shall mince together very small, and season it then make up your Pie, on the top of which you shall leave a vent; after it hath been baking three hours, take it out, and fill it with good broth,

put it into the Oven again, and when it quite baked, serve. Take a Leveret, or a Hare, mines it well with Beef, or Mutton-luct, or with the brawn of

Capon, mix all well together, and leafon it, put in it if you will, Capers and Sugar, make your palic thus; after it is flowered, spread it, and plate it in to three or four doubles, as a Napkin, laying some new Butter on each bed of the passe, so that to one pound of passe, there be half a pound of Butter proportionably. After it is thus made, let it rest a while, and then make up your Pie, which you shall garnish at the outside with butter d pas piers bake it well, endore it with the yolk of an

115. Tourt of Partridge or Capon. Your Partridge or Cappy being softed and mi need very small, with as much Beef-marrow, purt thereunto two ounces of Orangado, with as much green Citron, both mineed Imali, feafon the meat with a little beaten Cloves, Mace, Nutmes; Salt and Sugar; mix all thele well together, and bake it in Pufft paste, when it is baked, open

and put in half a grain of Amber greefe, dife, flir alkengerber angos de gobet When cover and serve it to the Table. 116. Pies after Cardinal's may. Make up your Ries very high and very narrow, fill them up with Gaudiveaux, and cover them to,

of the lid be alfordery high in them forve there, specially for a gentile to a piece of Beat, or upon 117. Pullets with Ragoust in bottle. a plate. Take all the books out of a Pullet, put the skip thereof into a bottle mithout offer, and leave

without the overture or bole of the neck, which you thall tie to the neck of the bottle, then make what Farce you will, with Mularooms, Truffles, Sweet-breads, young Pigeons, Sparagos, and volks of Eggs, wherewith you hall full up the Pullet or Capons skin, which you thall the up, and let flip into the bettle, which multipe floot with patte; feeth your Ragoust well seasoned in the great pot, out of which you shall take it. a little before you farse, and store it before the fire, and when you are ready to ferre, cut this boxele with a Diamond, to that the bottom may remain full and whole's

then latve

The way of dreffing and serving Med addorne with a Printage or with a sweet-sauce for the Second Courses.

Take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat take two or three brace of Partriages, and hat them.

NOTE.

Garniss your dish with Flomers according to the Season and Convenience.

The Pheafant 7 Hiten it on the fire, that is, plump it on the Gridiron, and leave it one wing, the neck, the head, and the tail; Rick it with lardons, and wrap up what is more with butter'd paper; roft it, ferve, and unwrap it, war no and ally

The Hen, and the Rouge are done the fame way.

2. Pheafants , bow'to feed them. Take wheat and mingle it with some water, and give unto the Phealants thereof thrice a days that is to fay, morning, noon, and night; this will feed them effectually, If you intend them very fat, then take very fine dreft wheat-meal, and mingling it with milk, make it into a paste, and as you kneed it, sprinkle in the corns of wheat among it; then make into small pellets, and dipping them in water, give to every fowl till his gorge be well filled, continue so doing as often as his gorge empties; thus feed Partridges, Quails, and Wheatears.

3. The Turtle Dove. When it is dreffed, flick it, and spit it.

4. The Leveret. After it is flayed, whiten it on the fire, endore with its bloud, flick is and fait is when it is

ing rofted them, fer them to cool, then mince onebroth, preferve the Legs, Pinions and Kumps flowing them a parky in your broth let there be

monion or two, with a grated Nutmeg, being both flierd and chipped, then pouring the half on the bread, lay the Legs, Rumps, and Pinions hereon, with fried Qiffers, and Miced Lemon,

with juice of Orange and beaten Butter.

After it is dreffed blanch it out the fire and bade it with a lard of farde, which you hall coverwich Vincilayed in their lealon; when it is

adied, ferve. A they made and old venture it.

After it is dreffed, and blanched on the fire, son must sticket well soft it and when it is rosted,

After it is deeled a if it be exceeding fat, cover it with a fat, paper, and put into it an Onion fluck, with Salt and a little Pepper, when it is fosted, serve is slood big on righted.

As they come out of the Dovecoat, bloud them.

in water, then scald and dress them; you may cover them if you will with Ving leaves, or flick thems, when they are rolled, put a powrade under them, and serve.

13 1 1 1 1 Cram & Pulleton blanch them on the fire, then flick or blanch them roft them, and ferve.

11. Tarkite. das It must likewise be plumed dry; blanch in the fire roll it, and ferve.

Drefs them, and blanch them of the fire on if you will, flick on them four little roles ofilm dons upon the four joints; when they use rolled ferve with a Forgrade. See State Constitution

After it is well dreffed, flick it, fpie it, and fine 4. Code Brand Com the

Dress them, and blanch them on the fire; then flick and roll them, and lefves Balarb in the You may ferve them dry, or with a fluor made

with water, lait, peppers, and chibols minerday

You may also serve them with Ragoust , as the Sea-Hen, of which hereafter, in the Article 54. no bee 115. Lamb, lists of at roller

If it is fat, after it is rokedy throw unit the crumbs of bread, with a little falt, and parsley, if you will, and ferve. 16. Trales.

After they are well dreffed liple them s and when they are rolled, lerve them with Orange.

17. Goleling. As it comes from the old Goofe, scald and dress it, cut off the neek close to the body and the legs, and after it is blanched on the fire, and stulled up, fet it a roasting, and make a farce to put under it, with its liver, and flore of good herbs minced together, which you shall pals in the pan with

Alexandra Cari

You must plume them dry; dros them as secured, and forwer of the fire their way. 3. Sauce fon Golelinge III 141

Take the juice of South minced with scalded Goodbornes ferved on Sippers with Sugar and bestan Butter i on else fill their bolligs with Gopfe baries, and to cost them; then mingle she Goolebornies with Sugar, Bauter, Venjuice, and Cinnamon, and to ferve sheet up. Il sai toris mono Pigame bril de se sant

Truss your Pigeons, and put them into a Ripkin with some strong broth, having boil'd, scum Mase lines but in forme Mase linest heabe white findive. Marigold-flowers and a little Sale, heing enough, ferve them on Sippets. Syral and crab 20. Rabbier or Chickens bashed.

of Bail them in water, and fall of him make Turnips, cut them in flices, and after cut them like Lard an inch languaguaguall a good quantity, putting them into a Ripkin with a pound of Quithar sistired on four spoonfuls of Atrong broth, with a little Wine Vinegar, some Papper, and Ginger, Sugar and Salt; thus let them flew leifurely with forms Marc about two hours & being anough, put Been on Sippete rupping them over with Buster, Cream and yolks of Eggs beathen up together,

31. Young Wild Boar. over Take off the skin an far as the thead, dress it, and whiten it on the fire, cut pff the four feet, iffick it with lardons, and put, in the body of it a Bay-leaf, or forme fine herbs; when it is rofted, ferve.

Helda Rama Wang Rabbist Dress it, whitan it on the fire, slick and rost it ingilit Narjukes under it, and lerver

Brut

After

After it is rolled, you may put some Salt ... Lard, and Vine-leaves over it in the scason; (in it, and flir all well together, then ferve. 123! The Thursh.

After it is pulled a trus it up f and blanchift flick it and fpit it, put a toft under it ; and a fauce with Verjuice, a little Vinegar, Onion, and O. range-peel; then derve. So is the Fieldfare done

24. The Rayle view of the and and It is done as the Thrush, without drawing it, feive: and any one summy lawre that P.

(6.19) . B' and Best Found Partridges and Fred the Dress them, and blanch them of the fire, flick them with lardon's roft them with Verjuice un der; then serve. Sugard no wind wonn de com

26. Towng Qualis. They must be covered with Vine-leaves in the nien, cut i sup in flises, and after cut inolais Attended \$ 27. Tonng Turkler! the me brad Pull them warm, let them mortifie, then dres them, and blinch them on the fire, flick them and roff them y thenifervers are and V and Va also in

drive designed with 1281 Property ested have use all After it is pulled, trus it up, and blanch it, then lard it, and roft it; ferve is with a fance and toft-under drawn 13 for all or who ments 29 Loin of Stag.

Take off all the skins, flick ie, and foit it, ferve cit with a Polvinder call and no as mining her Poivrade. In Massache up like the Loid with

The Loin of Roebuck is also done the same way. 2 1 - 30! Oriolan liter of DAG After it is dressed, trus it up, and bardeit with lard,

little Pepper, and juice of Orange in the body of the Spring it must be drawn) after it is rosted, fervel

19 st. Fieldfare.

Drefs it as the Thrush above, numb. 18. and with the same sauce.

32. The Woodcock. when it is pulled, truss it with its bill, which is in flead of a prick, whiten it on the fire, and flick iterrost it with a tost under it, in the way of a Poivrade, with the juice of Orange; then serve.

The Snipe is done after the some way.

33. Another way for the Snipe. Dress it as the Ortolan, only that some do draw them, which is very fitting at any other feafon but Winter, because these birds, in the Spring, Summer, and Autumn, live on nothing but Caterpillars, Ants, Lice, Herbs, or leaves of Trees, but howloever, drawn or not, cover it with Vine leaves in the season, spit it and rost it, so that it be not too dry, and ferve.

34. Woodcocks rosted. Make choice of such Woodcocks as are newly killed; pull and truss them, then lard them with broad pieces of Bacon pricked over the breaft; being rosted, serve them on Tosts dipt in Verjuice, or the juice of Orange.

35. Woodcocks rosted after the English fashion. Draw, wash and rost them, balte them with Butter, but be sure to save the Gravie, when enough, bread them with bread and flower, and forve them on Tolls with Gravie, some will not draw them, but rost them with the Guts, of which

afterwards they make their fauce.

36. Woodeocks or Snipes boiled,

Boil them in water and falt, then take out the Guts and chop them small with Liver, mingling therewith some crumbs of grated bread, a little of the Cock-broth, some large Mace, and stew them together with some Gravie; then dissolve the yolks of two Eggs with some Wine Vinegar, and a little Nutmeg grated, being ready to dish them up, put thereto your Eggs with Sippets, running all over with beaten Butter, Capers and Lemon minced small.

37. The Stockdove.

After it is dressed, whiten it on the fire, slick and rost it, with a Poivrade under it, and serve.

38. Loin of Veal.

After it is mortified, and blanched, slick it very thick, rost it and make a Ragoust with Verjuice, a little Water, a little Vinegar, Orange-peel, and chippings of bread, then serve it well seafoned.

39. Pig Sticked.

Take off the skin, cut off the head, and the four feet, whiten it in warm water, and stick it, or if you will, bard it half; when it is rosted, ferve with crumbs of bread, and salt upon it.

40. Wild-Goofe.

After it is dreffed, blanch it on the fire, and lard it only on the quarters like a little rose; rost it and serve.

The tame Goose is done the same way.

41. Water-Hen.

After it is pulled, draw it, blanch it on the fire, slick and rost it with a Poivrade under it, and serve.

42. Capon with Watercreffes.

Bard it with lard and rost it, season your Cresses with Salt and Vinegar, or otherwise dead in the Capon sauce with a little Vinegar; then serve.

43. Sucking Pig to the natural.

Take it from the Sow, scald it, dress it, and roll it with a bundle of herbs, salt and pepper in the body of it; then serve.

Another way.

Take it also from under the Sow, bloud it in water ready to boil, and when it is scalded, empty it at the side, truss up the fore-seet towards the neck, and those behind with a prick, blanch it in warm water, and slice it on the body; to rost it, put into the stomack of it an onion sticked with cloves, sine herbs, a little butter, salt, and a little pepper, then sow up the overture, or hole, and rost it. That you may not be troubled with bassing of it, rub it with oil Olive, thus he taketh a good colour, and the skin is very tender; when it is well rosted, serve garnished with slowers.

You may baste it with falt and water, or else rub it with some lard.

Another way.

Take it and spit it, and lay it down to the fire, and when your Pig is through warm, skin her, and cut her off the spit as another Pig is, and so divide it in twenty pieces more or less, as you please; when you have so done, take some White-Wine and strong-broth; and stew it therein, with an Onion or two mineed very small, a little Tyme also mineed, with Natureg sliced and grated

grated, Pepper, some Anchoves and Elder Vinegar, and a very little sweet Butter, and Gravie if you have any, so dish it up with the same Liquor it is stewed in, with french bread sliced under it, with Oranges and Lemons.

44. White-tails.

Pull them and leave them their heads, and draw them, truss up their legs like the Woodcocks, then whiten them on the fire, and flick them, or if you will in little roses on the thighs; when they are rosted, serve with a Poivrade under.

45. Heron.

Pull it, and draw it; then seek out six Galls which are on the body of it, and a seventh which is within, truss up the legs along the thighes, blanch it on the fire, and flick it, wrap up the neck with butter'd paper; then rost it, and when its rosted, serve.

46. Chine of Hare.

After you have taken off the skin, and emptied him, cut him chine-way, that is, as far as the shoulders, then take off three skins which are on't, then truss it up behind, stick and rost it, and serve with a Pointade.

47. Hare Hashed.

Take an Hare and cut him to pieces, then take water and wine and wash off the hairs therewith, then strain the liquor and parboil the quarters; having so done, put the Chine as it is cut in pieces with the legs shoulders and head whole into a dish, adding thereto three whole Onions, with some of the liquor in which it was parboiled, and so stew them, then add some Pepper, Nutmeg, Mace, and serve it on Sippets.

48. Shoulder

The French Cook. 48. Shoulder or loin of Boar.

After you have beaten it well, take off the Venison of it, which is commonly called the Lard; then stick it, rost it, and serve it with a Sauce Robert, or with a Poivrade.

As for the Loin, lard it with great lard, and pass it in the pan with fresh seam and slowre, then leeth it with broth and water in a great earthen pan or kettle; season it well, and when it is almost fod, put into it a pint of white-wine, and all being reduced to the proportion of a sauce, you may serve it under the shoulder, or if you will ferve it dry, it must be more sharp.

49. Tame Porke You may disguise it near hand like the wild Boar, that is, after you have beaten it well, you shall endore it with bloud, and a while after stick it; and spit it, not forgetting well to endore the feet with! bloud before it be rofted ; serve it as the Boar, with fauce or without it.

50. Faun of a Hind.

Before it be mortified too much, dressit very neatly, truss it up, and take off some skirts which are on it, and look like slime; then blanch it on the fire for to flick it, so that it be not too much blanched, because it would put you to too much trouble to lard it; take heed also lest you burn the head, or lest the hair of it become black, spit it, and wrap the head with butter'd paper; when it is rosted; serve with a Polyrade.

hate talgit. Faun of Roe buck. Dressit as above written, trussit up, and lard it, wrap up the head also with butter'd paper, and when it is rosted, serve it with a Poivrade, Orange, or sweet-fauce.

52 Filles of Roe-buck

After you have fluck it, roft it wrapped up with butter'd paper, after it is rosted, serve it with a poivrade.

Another way.

You may lard it with mean lard, and flick it on the top with smaller lardons; when it is at the spit, make a pickle under it, and after it is rofted, stove it, and serve.

53. Breaft of Veal farced.

Take it white and fat, and let it steep in water till your Farce is ready, which you shall make thus; Take off the flesh of a Fillet of Veal, Beeffuet, crumbs of bread boiled, Capers, Mushrooms a few fine herbs, and yolks of Eggs; mince all together well scasoned, and farce the breast with it; which being done, close it up with pricks, or fow it up, and blanch it in warm water, this is to serve it boiled.

For to rost it, put into your farce pallats of Beef and other things, and fill it not so much as to boil, after you have fluck it, and spitted it, make under it what Ragoust you will; after it is rosted, and the fauce well feafoned, foak it with it, and ferve.

34. Breast of Veal farced otherwise. Take some Veal and mince it well, and mingle therewith some Beef suct minced also with sweetherbs chopt very small, scason them with Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper, three raw Eggs and Salt, then prick it up after you have filled the breast at the lower end; this being done, slew it with

white-wine and large mace between two diffier, an hour after put thereto forrel, parfley, and fwegt marjoram bruifed with some beef-marrow, giying it a walm or two, then dish it up on fine fippers, brothit, lay on fliced Lemon, and laftly nun it over with beaten butter. 55. Leg of Veal farced.

Leave only the skin and knuckle whole together, taking out all the meat, then mince it with some Beef suet and sweet-herbs, scasoning it with Pepper, Nutmeg, Ginger, Cloves, Salt, a little Garlick, yolks of Regs hard and quarter'd, Pineapple seed, Pistaches, Chesnuts and pieces of Artichokes, fill the beg herewith, and fow it up, then boil it in two Gallons of water with some white wine, being almost boiled; put some of she broth into a Pipkin, with Chefnuts, Pillachies, Pine-apple-feed, Marrow and Mace, and flew them well; the Leg being boiled, dish it up, broth is herewith, putting fried sippers round about it, and run it over with beaten butter.

56. Lain of Muttani To serve it with Ragoust, in Steaks, or whole, you must pass it in the pan with butter or melted lard, being flowered, then foak it with broth, a bundle of herbs, and Capers, season it with Pepper, beaten Cloves and Mace, and Salt, and to thicken the fauco, fry a little flower with some lard; and when the flower is brown, put to it a minced Onion, and a drop of Vinegar, let all foak together, and ferve garnished with what you have. You may roll it fluck with parfley, and when it is rosted, serve it dry, or with Verjuice of Grapes, put three or four Anchoves in a little Claret-wine, and dissolve them over the fire, and put them in your fauce. Harming

57. Loin of Mutton another way. After it is well mortified, lard it with great lard, and spit it; make a pickle with Onion, Salt, Pep. per, a very little of Orange or Lemon-peel, broth and Vinegar; after it is rolled, foak it with fauce, which to thicken you shall use a little flowre pelfed in the pan with some lard, as in the precedent Article; garnish it with what you have, Capers are good for it, and some Anchoves. You may give it the thickning of Turnips strained, ferve.

58. Rib of Beef. Take a Rib of the first piece well interlated wish very white fat, spit it, when it is almost rosted take up the fillet, and balle it with a little broth. For to make your Ragoust, cut it into very thin flices, with two or three chibols, whole or otherwise, Salt, Pepper, a few chippings of bread, or any thickning you have; then mix all together, and foak it without covering, serve the Ragoust with a little Vinegar, or juice of Leg of Mutton, you may mix it with what you have; have a care that the Rib of Beef be not black with too much rofting.

59. Neats Tongue fresh. Seeth it, dress it, stick it, and rost it on the spit, after it is rosted, cut it along in the midst, and serve

Another way. Soak it with a little wine, fugar and clove, untill the sweet-sauce be made; and if it is not strong enough, put in it a drop of Vinegar; then ferve. 60. Neats

11 11 60. Neats Tongue ffewed. Take a Near's Tongue being tenderly boiled and well blanched, and flice it into thin flices, as big and as thick as an half Crown, fry it in sweet But ter, then putto it forne Mutton-gravie, beaten Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, Salt and Saffron; having stewed them well together, put to them some yolks of Eggs diffolved in Grape-Verjuice; give them a foll or two, the Eggs and Gravie being pretty thick, dish them up.

61. Leg of Mutton after the Royal way. Take a good Leg of Mutton, big and hort, Beat it well, take off the skin, and take out the knuckle-bones; flowre it, and pass it in the pan with lard or fresh feam; then feeth it with a little broth well scasoned with Mulhrooms, Truffles, and Beatilles, when it is althost sod, fry a little Howre with an Omon, a drop of Vinegar, and a little beaten laye, foak all together , ferve with a thort fauce, and garnish with Pomgranates, or Lemon fliced.

62. Leg of Muttor farced. You hall find the way of farcing it in the discourse of Pottages; after it is farced, foak it with good broth and a bundle of Herbs, fry into it flowre, Muthrooms, and fleaks, for to garnish, feeth well all together, and thicken the fauce well, with what sharphel's you will, Lemon, Orange, or Verjuices serve garnished with what you have over your small steaks.

63. Hens or Pullets rofted. Fake either Hen or Pullet, fo that she be full of Eggs, draw it and roll it; being enough, break it up, and mince the brauns into small flices, leave

the wings and legs, and rump whole, stew all in the Gravie with some Salt, add thereunto a minced Lemon; being enough, let the meat lie in the middle of the dish with the legs, wings and tump about it, garnish the dish with Oranges and Lemons quarter'd.

64. Fat Hen. After you have made a good choice, dreft ig cut off the extremities of it, and lard with moun lard; after it is flowred, pals it in the pan with lard or fresh seam, then soak it with good broth,

and scason it, when it is almost enough, fry into at Mushrooms, fat Livers, a little flowre, and an Onion fluck with Cloves; after all is well fod, and the sauce well thickned, you may serve it garnished with Pomgranate,

Anosber way. You may farce it with Oisters, or with young Pigeons, and with all other Beatills; feeth it the same way, and garnish with what you have; then ferve.

Anosber may. Cut it in half, pass it in the pan, season it, and garnish as before; then serve.

Another way. After it is slicked or covered with a paper over the barde, rost it; when it is well rosted, powder io with crumbs of bread and finall fale; then ferve it with paor man's sauce, Verifice or Orange, and in winter with cresses.

65. Batteurs de pave-To put them with Ragoust, cut off the head and the feet, after they are dreffed, lard them with mean lard, flowre them, and pass them in the pan with butter or melted lard, then foak them with broth well seasoned, a bundle of herbs and Mushrooms; fry into it a little Flowre and Onion. and after that all is well foaked, ferve with a fauce hickned with what thickning you will. 66. Shoulder of Veal rofted.

The French Cook

After it is well blanched in water, or on the fire, which will be the fitter and better, flick or bard it with lard, or if you will, as it rofteth, bafte it with butter, after it is rolled, firew on it crumbs of bread, and small fair, and ferve. You may serve it rosted with a Polyrade.

obbivit 67. Chine of Veal boiled. Take a Chine of Yeal, and flew it in some firing broth, white-wine and Caper liquor, Hices of interlarded Bacon, Gravie, Cloves, Mace, whole Pepper, Sausages of minced meat without skins or little balls, some Marrow, Salt and some sweet-herbs well pickt and bruised, put them to your broth a quarter of an thour before you diffi your Chine, and give them a walm or two, then dill up the Chine on french bread; broth it, and jun it over with beaten Butter and flic't Lemon.

68. Geele boto to falt. Take a fat stubble Goofe and bone it, leaving the break-bone, then wipe it very clean; after this, salt it one fortnight, and hang it up for another; then boil it in running water very tender, and when you ferve it up, let it be with Bay-leaves. 69. Liver of Veal.

Lard it with mean Lard, then flick it, warm the spit about the place where it ought to remain, and as it doth roll, baste it with a Poivrade, compounded you will.

compounded of chibols, falt, onion fluck, pepper, and a little broth; after it is rosted, soak it in the sauce, then serve it whole, or in slices, aund le the fauce be well thickned, with what thickning

70. Larks.

Roft them stuck or barded with lard; after they are rofted, if they are barded, beffrew them with crumbs of bread, and fmall falt, and fetye

71. Wild-Duck. You may put it the fame way as the basseur de Pave, and with what garnish you will.

You may also rost and serve it with a Poivrade. and it is in waiting day of good

whole Poplar be sugarfreger of rate of rome we call រំ ១៩៩៦ ថៃ ក្**N** ២**០** (១**១**៩) **៩**១៤៨១ (មី 🗗 ១៤៤៤

of group about the back that if we broke in All other forts of meats may be put in Ragoust, as Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Pork, any part of it as you please. Kid, Hind, or wild Boar; but you must take care to appropriate them, and do in such manner as they may have a good tafte.

The way of making ready some Sauces.

He Sauce called Poivrade is made with Vinegar, Salt, Onion, or Chibols, Orange, or Lemon-peel, and Pepper; seeth it, and serve it under that meat, for which it is fitting,

The Green sauce is made thus. Take some green green Corn, burn a tost of bread, with Vinegar, a little Pepper and Salt, and stamp all together in a mortar, and strain it through a linnen cloth, then serve your sauce under your meat.

The Arench Cook.

The fauce for the young or old Rabbit. After they are rosted, you put some Salt and Pepper in the body, with some Orange juice, and stir all well together. For young Partridges, Orange, or Verjuice of

Grapes.

Another sauce for the Thrush and the Rayle, is to put some tosts under the spit, and when your Birds are almost rosted, you take away your tosts, and fet them apart, and take Vinegar, Verjuice, and Pepper, and Orange peel, boil altogenher,

Salt, having put in your tofts, serve. The Fieldfare, and the Woodcock are ferved with toffs, and a Poivrade under-

The Plover is served with a sauce made with Verjuice, Orange or Lemon-peel, a drop of Vinegar, Pepper, Salt, and chibols, not forgetting tofts.

The Snipe will have the same sauce. The Stock-Dove with a Poivrade. Pig and Lamb with a green sauce.

Inter-courses, or Middle-courses for Flesh-dayes.

1. Ears and Feet of Pork-

A Fter they are well fod, pass them in the part with butter or melted lard, and a little onion, and season them well; soak them in a little pot with a little broth, and when the sauce is well thickned, put to it a drop of Vinegar, with some mustard, if it be in season, and serve.

Take young Chicken-peepers, the yolks of hard Eggs, the bottoms of boil'd Artichokes, sweet-breads of Veal, Lambstones blanched, and put them into a Pipkin, with Cocks stones and Combs, and knots of Eggs, add to them some strong broth, white-wine, large Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper, Butter, Salt, Marrow, and stew them together softly.

Then parboil some Gooseberries or Grapes, and mingle them with Butter, Potato's, Skirrets or Sparagus, and some boil'd Pistaches; these being well stewed, dish your Fowls on carved Sippers, and pour on your Sweet-breads, Artichokes and Sparagus on them with your Grapes and slic't Lemon, running all over with beaten Butter.

For variety sake, you may put some boil'd Cabbage, Lettice, Collissowers, balls of minced meat, fried Almonds and Calves Udder.

3. Staggs Fees.
After they are well dressed, seeth them in a por,

wine, next pais them in the pan with some land, all being well seasoned, then soak them again between two dishes with a little onion, and good broth, and when the sauce is very short, serve.

if the stells of it be hard, beat it, take off the upper skins, and lard it with great lard, seasoned with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar, and beaten Clovers lite be to keep, make your paste with Rys-most, without Butter, Salt, and Pepper; bake your Pie for the space of three hours and a half, after it is baked, stop with paste the hole which you have lest for to give it vent, and serve it in slices.

The maner is to feek out the fide, where the lard is most seen, and being out very thin to serve it.

Water it well, and when it is unfalted enough; boil it a little, and take off the skin, then put it in brown paste as Venison, and season it with Pepper, Clove, and Parsley; If you will be ruled by me, you shall also lard it as Venison; bake it proportionably to its bigness; if it is thick, five hours, if it is less, less time will serve; after it is cold, serve it in slices.

Peel them very neatly, so that no earth may temain on them, cut them very thin, and fry them with a little lard, or if it be fall day, with Butter, and a little Parsley mineed, and a little broth; when they are well scasoned, soak them, so that the sauce be a little thickned, and serve

ferve them on a plate garnished with Pomgranates and Lemon, if you have any, with flowers and leaves

7. Truffles.

Wash them well in Wine, seeth them with groß Wine, a little Vinegar, Salt, and Pepper in abundance, put an indifferent good quantity of large Mace, and Cinnamon into it allo; after they are well fod, let them rest in their broth, that they may take falt, they serve them in a napkin foulded or not.

8. Trouffles after the natural.

After they are well washed in Wine, seeth them with Salt and Pepper, Mace and Cinnamon, and when they are well fod, ferve them in a foulded Mapkin, or on a Plate garnished with Flowers.

9. Frayzes of Beatilles.

Take your Beatilles, which are Combs, Stones, and the Wings of young Pidgeons, feeth them well, and after they are fod and feasoned, drain them; take some Eggs, whereof you shall take out more then half the whites, beat them, and when they are well beaten, put them into your Beatilles. very clean; then take out some lard, and cut it into pieces, pass it in the pan, and with your melted lard, or even with the pieces if you will, make your Frayze very thick, and not too much fried, and serve.

10. Venison, a side or half banch, bow to bake to be eaten bot.

Take a fide of a Buck and bone it, taking the skins away, scason it with two ounces of Pepper, and as much Salt, lay it on a sheet of fine paste, with two pound of Beef-suet finely minced, and

beat

beat with a little fair water and laid under ic, close it up and bake it, being well baked, put to it a full ladleful of Gravie, or ftrong Mutton broth.

11. Sweet-breads of Veal fried.

Let them not be too old, steep them in water, and blanch them well, and dry them, cut them into flices, and season them with Salt, a little Nutmeg, beaten Cloves and Mace, and a few sweetherbs finely minced; flowre and fry them with fresh seam, or melted lard, so that they be very yellow and dry, put to it the juice of an Orange or Lemon, and serve them readily.

12. Sweet-bread Piet.

Either parboil your sweet-breads, or take them raw and part them in halves, scason them with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt but flightly, then place in the bottom of the Pie some slices of interlarded Bacon, and some pieces of Artichokes or Mushgooms, then the Sweet-breads with Marrow, Gooseberries or Grapes, and slic't Lemon, and so bake it; then liquor it with Butter, White-wine and Sugar.

13. Sweet breads ftucke Take the fairest you can get, and best shaped, blanch them in cold water, stick them, and put them on a prick, rost them very neatly, and after they are rosted, serve them with the juice of a Lemon upon them.

14. Sweet breads with Ragoust.

After they are blanched, out them into flices, and pass them in the pan, or whole, if you will, with lard, and well seasoned with parsley, whole chibol, mushrooms, and trousses, and after they

The French Coal.

are well foaked with good broth, and the fatter being short and well thickned, serve.

15. Liver of Roebuck.

As it comes warm out of the body of the Rocbuck, cut it into small flices, pass it in the pan with lard, take out the mammocks, fry it well, and season it with a little parsley, pepper, cloves, and falt, and a whole chibol; foak it with a little broth; then serve with the fauce well thickned.

16. Liver of Roebuck in Frayze. After it is taken out of the body of the beaft, mince it very small, and make your Frayze of it with lard, and let it not be too much fried, but let it be enough, and serve.

17. Vdder of Roebuck.

After you have blanched it well in water, cut it into flices, and fry it with juice of Lemon, of feeth it with some Ragoust. After it is fried or fod, mince it very finall, and make a Fraize of it with lard, as that of the Beatilles, Article 8. Then ferve it with the juice of Lemon.

18. Cows Udder.

Seeth it well, and when it is well fodden, cut it into flices, and garnnish your Entrees with it, or pass it in the pan with fine herbs, and chibol whole; season all well, and soak it with the best of your broths, so that it be of a sharp taste, and the sauce well thickned; then serve.

19. Colliflowers.

After they are well cleanfed, feeth them with Salt, and a piece of Fat or Butter; after they are fod, peel them, and put them with very fresh Butter, one drop of Vinegar, and a little Nutmeg, for garnish about the dish. If you will ferve.

ferve them alond, do them alike, and when you ate ready to ferve, make a fauce with good fresh Butter, ione Chibol, Salt, Vinegar, Nutmeg, and let the suice be well thickned byou may put in it fame yalks of figgs, if it be on wheth day, then garnish your plate warm; and put your lauch over it, and ferve. The service of first of fore a llow

Anashermayi Take a skillet of fair water, and when it boils, put in the whole tops of the Colliflowers, the root being cut away, put some Salt to it; being very tender boiled, dish it whole in a dish with canved Appets round about it, and ferve it with beaten butter and water, or juice of Orange or Lemon.

la Or you may put them into boiling Milk with Some Made und Salt; serve them on lippets with the yolks of figgs, boil'd Railins of the Sun, and beaten Butter and Sugarate these we me to morned 20. Cream of Pifta bes. Hinging

Take one handful of Pillaches stamped; and a quart of Mille, boil it with some Meal which you shall mix with it; when it is almost sod, allay lin yolks of Eggs with your Plftaches, and a little very fresh butter, put all in a pan with store of Sugar, and a little Salt. If you will s you may put in it Musk or Amber also, with much Sugar, but very little Muskis beat all well together ; and ferve garnithed with Flowers, and

21. Gammon with Ragoust. Sod or not, cut it into very thin flices; then put them in the pan with very little Wine, then foak them with a little pepper, few chippings of Bread very finall, and juice of Lemons then ferves and 1 122: Cam-

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22. Gammon rofted. A Line

Cut it into flices, and steep it in a little broth, and a drop of Vinegar; make it lukewarm, then take it out, and put crumbs of bread upon and under it; rost it well, and after the sauce hath boiled a very little, put it under it; then serve well garnisht with flowers or leaves.

23. Gammon in flices. After it is well fod, cut it tittingly, and very thin; then serve.

24. Thrushes.

and the neck, and draw them, flat them a little, then flowre them, and fry them with lard, then foak them with broth well seasoned, and a small bundle of herbs; when they are enough, and the sauce well thickned, serve them with the juice of Lemon on them, and garnish about with a whole Lemon sliced.

25. Pickled Pullets.

After they are well dressed, cleave them in two, if they are small, break their bones, and set them a pickling with Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, a good quantity of large Mace, a little Cinnamon and Ginger, and a bunch of sweet-herbs, Chibol, and Lemon peel; let them steep therein, till you have loccasion to use them; and then set them a draining, slowre them, and fry them in fresh seam or lard; after they are fried, soak them a very little with their pickle; then serve with a short sauce.

Take an Heifers Udder and boil it very tender, then fer it by to cool, which done, cut it into Dicework; and season it with some Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon,

Cinnamon, Ginge, Salt, Pistaches, Dates, and bits of Marrow; make your Pic not above an inch high, in the form of a Custard, prick it and dry it in the Oven; then put in the above named Materials, adding thereto some Custard-stuff, made of Cream and Eggs, Sugar, Salt, Rosewater, and some dissolved Musk; then bake it, and slick it with Date.

Take a cold boil'd Udder, slice it into thin slices, and season it with Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmeg, Ginger and Salt, mingle some Currans among the slices and fill the Pie, put some Dates on the top, large Mace, Barberries, Butter, and the Marrow of two bones; then bake it and after ice it, but first liquorit with Butter.

28. Lambs head boil'd in white broth.

Take the brains out of the Lambshead, then open the pipes of the Appurtenances, wash and soak them very well; then set it a boiling, having scum'd your pot or pipkin, put in some large Mace, whole Cinnamon, slic't Dates, some Marrow and Salt; when the head is boil'd enough, dish it up on sine carved sippers, and trim the dish by scraping Sugar, then strain half a dozen yolks of Eggs, with Sack and a little Cream, put it into the broth, and give it a walm, stir it, and serve it up with slic't Lemon.

Take the feet, the cars and the tongue, pass them in the pan with butter or lard, a chibol, or some parsley, then soak them with good broth, when they are almost enough, put it in some mineed appears, sampire mineed, broken sparagus, the juice of

of mushrooms or truffles, and scalon all well; ferve neatly with a fauce well thickned with what thickning you will, and a garnithing of leaves and flowers, and above all, let your Purtenances be very white.

30. Larks with Ragoust.

After they are well pulled, draw them, flat them, flowre and pass them in the pan with butter of lard, then foak them with good broth, a bundle of herbs, and a few minced capers, all well feafoned; after they are enough, and the fauce well thickned with what thickning you will, serve with pistaches or pomgranate, and slices of Lemon.

31. Felly. For to make Jelly, take a Cock, flay off the skin; take also a leg or knuckle of Veal, and the four feet, break and blanch them, then put them in a new earthen pan, and feeth them for the fpace of two hours and an half; and when all is almost sod, put in it some white-wine very clear, when you have put it in, strain and press your meat through a napkin; take your broth, and put it in a pan or pipkin on the fire; when it is ready to boil, put in it five quarterns of Sugar, and when it boils, pour into it the juice of fix Lemons, and the whites of a dozen of very new laid Eggs very well beaten; after all hath boiled, put it into a very clear strainer, and mix in it

what colour you will; musk it, and ferve. 32. Felly of Harts-porn.

Take Harts-horn rasped; for to make three dishes of Gelee, you must take two pounds of Harts-horn, feeth it with white-wine two hours, to that after it is boiled, there may remain to make up your three dishes with; strain it well through a napkin, and then put it in a pan with one pound of Sugar, and the juice of fix Lemons; when it is ready to boil, put in it the whites of a douzen of new-laid Eggs very well beaten, and as soon as you have put them in, pour all into the strainer, and set it up in a cool place; serve it natural, and garnish it with pomgranates and Lemon-flices.

The French Cook.

33. Green Felly. Take your ordinary Jelly, as it is above described, and take some green colour at some Drugsters, which you shall mix with your Jelly; then serve.

34. Red Felly.

As your Jelly comes out of the strainer, sleep it with very red Beets, well fod and scraped, strain all together through a linnen cloth, and set it a cooling; then serve, and garnish with other colour.

In like manner you may make Jelly yellow,

violet, and blew.

35. Felly Grystal. Take what quantity you think fit of Calves feet, and scald the hair off very clean, knock off the Clawes, and take out the great bones and fat; then lay them in fair water, in four and twenty hours shift them three or four times, then boil them in a Pipkin of fair spring water, scum, it well, and boil away one half of the liquor, then strain it into a bason, and so let it cool, then pour the drois from the bottom, and take the fat from the top, then put it into a large pipkin, containing a Gallon and half, and add thereto. Lemons, three blades of Mace, and two races of Ginger slic't, then dissolve it again into broth, and let it cool; then take four pound of hard Sugar fine beaten, and mix it with twelve whites of Eggs in a great dish with a rowling pin, and put it into the Pipkin with your Jelly, stir it together with a grain of Musk and Amber greese, set it a stewing over a soft fire, before it boils, put in some Ising-glass, being boil'd up, take it off, and let it cool.

Take the thickest of your Jelly, make it lukewarm with Almonds well stamped; strain them together through a napkin, and mix a drop of milk with it, if it is not white enough; after it is cold, serve, and garnish with other colour:

Take Lemons, what quantity you will, peel them, and cut them into very thin flices, put them with Sugar, Orange, and Pomgranate-flowers; then serve neatly.

Aftr yourc Partridges are rotted, take up the brawn, mince it very small, allay it with good broth, and season it; then soak it with a Chibol, and when you will serve, adde to it the yolk of an Egg, and the juice of a Lemon, and garnish it with what you will, as Pistaches, Pomgranate, and Lemon sliced; then serve.

Take the brawn of Partridges, or of other meat, mince it very small, and scason it well; then make your sheet of paste very thin, and dress up your Rissols

Riffols with it, which you shall fry with fresh feath or melted lard.

They are made the same way, but that the meat of them must be a little fatter; after they are well stationed, fry them neatly, and serve.

You may also make Rissols in the same manner with any other kind of meat; serve them with Sugar, and sweet waters on them.

Before the specifying the several kinds of Fritters, it is fitting first to give here a general model of them.

Take some Cheese, stamp it well in a mortar, or in a dish, and if it is very hard, put a little milk with it, then some slowre and eggs proportionably; scason all with salt, and pass it with sresh seam, or refined butter for sast daies; serve with abundance of sugar, and a little orange-slower water, or rose-water on it.

If you will make Fritters of Marrow of Beef, take the biggest pieces of Marrow you have; after they are steeped, cut them into slices, fit them in your paste, fry them, and serve in the like manner.

Apple Fritters are done the same way. 42. Fritters of Artichokes.

Take the bottoms of Artichokes, and feeth them half, and after you have taken out the choke, cut them into flices, make a preparation with flowre and eggs, fome falt, and a little milk, then put your Artichokes in it, and when your fresh seam is hot, put them into it, one slice after another; fry them well, and serve.

42. Frinters

43. Fritters after the Italian fashion.

Take a pound of the best Parmifant grated, pint of fine flower, and as much fine bisket-bread muskefied, beaten to a powder, the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, some Saffron, Rose-water, Sugar, Cloves, Mace and Cream, make it into a stiff paste, then make it into balls, and fry them in clarified Butter.

Another excellent way according to the same fashion.

Take a pound of Rice and boil it in a pint of Cream, being boild fomething thick, lay it in a broad dish to cool, then stamp it in a stone mortar, with a pound of good fat Cheese grated, some Musk, and yolks of four or five hard Eggs, Sugar & grated Manchet; then make it into balls, the paste being before made stiff, colour them with Marigold flowers stamped, Violets, Blew-Bottles, Carnations or Pinks, making them of so many several forts of colours; ferve them with juice of Orange and scrapt Sugar.

44. Stiff Fritters.

Make your Fritters paste stronger than ordinary, by the augmentation of flowre and eggs, then draw them very small and slender, and when they are fried, serve them warm with sugar and sweet water.

45. Paste spun.

Take Cheese and bray it well; take also as much flowre and a few eggs ; all seasoned, seeth it in a Pipkin, as pap well fod, that is to fay, something firm, and pass or strain it through a passing or firaining pan, upon some fat paper, after it is fod, spin or draw the paste in what sort you will, then

then fry it, and ferve it pyramid-wife with fugar Mittheet waters on the control of below Abe Lembn-paffen interior

Me is made the fame way as me have faid of the foun paste, but that you mix Lamon with it; you must serve it as above fairl, well garnisht with Moures post of the section of the contract of

oThe Almost passe, and the passe of Pistachus are made the fame way.

47. Ramequin of Kidney. Take out the Kidney of Loin of Veal rofted, mince it with pariley or garlick, and the yolk of in teg , then foread your implements well leafondispons bread, which you thall toft in the pan, or on the gridirow, and hall ferverall dry; you may pur lugar on it, if you will be in the

You may make tolts of Kidney of Weal almost the fame way, but that you must put to it neither piriley nor onion; but the Kidney being well lealbned; you spread it on your tofts, which you thall also vaule to take a colour in the pan before the fire y and when you ferve, you may lugar them, and even mix tome fugar in the implemenes in your wilk

You may make tofts of Kidney of Veal thus & take the Kidney, mines it very well with some Beef-fuer, a little Spiriage, a few sweet-herbs and forme grared bread, feafon it with nutmeg, beaten cloves and mace, gluger and falt, then break in three or four eggs to bind it, then spread it on your toffe, and pass it through the pan, dish it and put to it the juice of Liemons, and a little fugar, and Crivel della a trim boshall

You may ule louic Curraps, if you please.

48. Ramequin

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48. Ramequin of flesh.

Take what meat you will, mince it very small, and after it is minced, allay it with an egg, and scason it as it ought, rost them in the pan, and ferve with the juice of a Lemon.

49. Ramequin of Cheese.

Take some Cheese, melt it with some Butter, an Onion whole, or stamped wast and Pepper in abundance, spread all upon bread, pass the fire shovel over it red hot, and serve it warm.

50. Gream boil'd with freuch Barly.

Take a quarter of a pound of French Barley, wash it well, and let it lie all night in fair water, in the morning fet two skillets over the fire, filled with water, put your Barley into one of them, and let it boil till the water look red, then pour the water from it, and put it into the other skillet; thus boil it and change the water till it look white, then having strained the water clean from it, take a quart of Cream, and a quarter of a Nutmeg, and put it therein, a little large Mace, some Sugar, and let it boil a quartet of an hour; after this, put in the yolks of four or five Eggs, well beaten with a little Rose-water; then dish it, and eat it cool.

51. Ramequin of Soot of Chimney.

After your bread is passed in the pan with Butter or Oil, powder it with Soot, with Salt, and much Pepper over it, and serve it warm.

52. Ramequin of Onion.

Take your Onions, and stamp them in a mortar with Salt and much Peppers; you may put to it some Anchovis, well melted with a little Butter, your Onions being upon the Bread fried in

Oil or Butter. pass the fire-shovel red over it, and The Ramequin of Garlick is done the same

53. Ortolans with Ragouft. way.

Dress them, and pass them in the pan with butter or melted lard; after they are fried, foak them in a small pot with a little broth, and feason them well ito thicken the fauce a mix with it some sweet-breads, the juice of meat; and mushrooms, and when all is well fod, serve garnisht with pistaches and pomgranate. 54. Tougue of Pork with Raguest.

After it is salted and fod, cut it very thin , and foak it with a little broth, then pass it in the pan with melted lard, onion stamped, and one drop of vinegar, after this diferve it with the juice of a lemon, and garnish it with capers, and with all what you have. Mix with it in the feafon verjuice or goolebergies.

A Nexts tongue in Ragoust, you may find how to dress it among the first courses, Article 17.

55. Tongete of Rork petfalmed. After it is fod, ferve it dry, and garnish with what you will; be it flowers or other thing. You may open it in the midst.

56. Tongue of Pork broiled with Ragouft.

Seeth it half salted, then broil it, make for it also such sauce as you will, that it be well thickned, and well feafoned; then ferve.

You may stick it with lard, and rost it on the spit, basting it with a pickle, which you shall make under it well seasoned, and with such quantity of sale as you shall judge fitting; when it is rosted, 57. Neats forve.

gar up.

37. Neats Tongue

Seeth it salted with water; and towards the end put in some wine; after it is sod, peel it, and when you are ready to serve, cut it in slices; the ferve. . Orgelans with Regardle.

158. Toung Pigeons.

To put them with Regoult, take them as the come from under the dam; kill them and feald them, then after they are dreifed, blanched and flowred, passithem in the pan, and then soal them in a pot with good broth, well feafoned, and a bundle of herbs: let them be well foid, and the fauce thickned; ferve with minced Capers, Sampeire, a few pickled Oistorb cut small; thushrooms, Veal fweet-breads, and all what you can have of affortment for young Pigeons.

39. An Olio after the Spanish fashion. Take a piece of Bacon 3 not rufty nor over fat, a piece of fresh butter, a pair of Hogs Ears and fore feet, or in their steed Smeep or Calves feet a Rack of Morton, a Houl half a dozen Pigeons, a bundle of Parsley, Leck and Mint, a clove of Garlick, a little Pepper, Cloves and Saffron very well beaten, letting not the quantity of either exceed, keeping the Saffron apart till all be ready, a pottle of hard dry Peale, having been steept before some while in water, with a pint of boild Chesnuts; the meat must not be long boiling, yet the fire not too fierce; the fauce for your meat must be as much fine Sugar beaten small to powder, with as little Mustard as can be made to drink the Su-

Where note; I am utterly against those Olio's into which men put almost all kind of Roots and Flesh

Flesh, especially against putting of Oll; for it corsupts the Broth, in stead of adding any goodness, thereunto.

60. Fat Liver with Ragoust.

Take the fattost and clearest, cleanse them, and put them into warm water, to take away the bitternels, but take them out again presently; after they are dryed, pals them in the pan with butter or fresh scam, and foak them with a little broth, parsley, and whole chibol; when they are enough, take out the chibol, and serve them with a sauce well thickned, you may put in trouffles, mushrooms, and sparagus.

61. Fat Liver on the gridiren. Put it on the gridiron, and powder it with crumbs of bread and falt; after it is broiled, pour the juice of a Lemon upon it, and serve.

62. Fat Liver baked in the after. You must bard it with lard, and season it well

with falt, pepper, beaten cloves, and a very small bundle of herbs, then wrap it up with four or five sheets of Paper, and set it a baking in the alhes as a Quince; after it is baked, take heed you do not lose the sauce with stirring of it, take the upper sheets of paper off it, and serve it with the undermost, if you will, or on a plate.

63. Fat Liver fried into Fritters.

You may judge how it ought to be done by the foregoing discourses, concerning Ragousts, Frying, and Fritters.

64. Beatilles.

Take Wings, Livers, and Combs, all being well blanched in water; seeth the Combs by themseves,

and when they are fod; peel them, then foak all together, with good broth well feasoned, and when you are almost ready to serve, fry the Combs and Beatills with good lard a little parsley, spinage; and chibols minced; put them again to flove in their broth, untill you be ready to ferve; you may mince with some yolks of Eggs; serve.

65. Tourt of Franchipanne.

Take a Milk Caudle, that is, boiled milk, and make thus your preparation for to make your Cream. Take a little flowre, which you shall boil with your milk, when it is enough, take five yolke of Eggs, and mix all together, with stamped Pistaches, Almonds, a little Salt, and much Sugar; then make your paste, work it with the whites of Eggs and Salt; and let it reft; make of it fix very thin sheets of paste, and butter them one after another; spread your Cream upon your six sheets, and make other fix, and lay them one after another well buttered, and especially the uppermost, for to give it a colour; after it is baked in a tourt pan, or on a plate, change it into another, and sugar it; then serve with flowres.

You may make the tourt of Franchipanne with any other fort of Cream, and serve it as abovesaid.

66. A Dish a la mode de St. Germaine. Take the Liver of a Hog, and cut it into small pieces about the breadth of your hand; then take Anniseed, Pepper and salt, and season them therewith, laying every piece severally in the Caule of the Hog, and so roast them on a bird-spit.

Another a la mode de Portugal.

Take only the Guts, Gizards and Livers of two fat Capons, severing the Galls from the Liver,

make

Poplar.

make the Gizards very clean, and put them into fair water , flit the Guts as you do a Calves Chaldron, taking off none of the fat, steep the Guts about an hour in white-wine; whilft they are freeping, parboil the Gizzards and Livers, then bit them them on a long wooden broach; having wiped your Guts dry, season them with Salt, beaten Pepper, Cloves and Mace; then wind the Guts about the Gizzards and Livers, rost them very brown, but baste them not till they are cnough; then take Mutton gravie, juice of Orange and Saffron well mixt, and batte them therewith, ferving it to the Table with the same sauce.

67. Nulle. Take one dozen of yolks of Eggs, and two or three whites, put in it a little Cream, a little Salt, and much Sugar; beat well all together, and then pass it through a strainer, then lay it up on a plate, or in a dish, and when you are ready to serve, seeth it on a chasen-dish, or in the oven; when it is baked, serve with Sugar and sweet Waters, and garnish it with Flowers.

68. Nulle with Amber.

Take some Cream, or very new Milk, allay the yolks of Eggs, very little Salt, Sugar, Musk, or Amber; and when you are ready to serve, make a bed of your implements, and one bed of juice of Orange, and so successively to the number of five or fix, then pals the fire-shovel red hot over them; garnilli with Sugar or Musk, or water of Orange-Howers, and lerve.

69. Green Nulle. It doth differ from others only in the colour, Which you thall give as to the Jelly.

70. Arti-

The French Cook.

70. Artichokes fryed.

Cut them almost into bottoms, take out the choke, and throw them into boiling water, to blanch them, dry them, and flowre them, then fry them with fresh seam, or refined butter; serve them warm, and garnisht with fried parsley, which to fry, it is necessary that it be very green, and that it be not wet.

71. Articbokes fryed.

Cut them into four quarters, cleanse them, and take out the choke, then blanch them in warm water, and drain them, flowre them with flowre and small falt; let the fresh seam, or refined butser, or melted lard be very warm, and then put your Artichokes in it, and fry them well, then fet them a draining, and put into your frying one handful of very green parfley, which you shall put on your Artichokes, when it is very dry, and ferve.

72. Artichokes with Poivrade.

Cut your Artichokes into quarters, take out the choke, and blanch them in very fresh water, and when you will serve; put them on a dish with pepper and falt; then ferve.

73. Bottom's of Artichokes. Take off all the leaves, and out them as far, as the choke, then feeth them with broth, or with water, butter and falt; after they are fod, take them out of the broth, pick them, and take out the thoke; then put them with butter and falt, and when you will ferve, make a sauce with very fresh butter, one drop of vinegar, nutmeg, and the volk of an egg, for to thicken the fauce; then serven so that they may be very whith.

The Frinch Cook Daniel Tan Mufferoolde with Ragouft

After they ard well cleanfed pals them in the ban with very fresh butter, partley minced, and thiboly stason and look them, and when are ready. to ferve, put into it the fuide and peel of Lemon, and a little white means then ferve

75. Artichoker baked. Take Attichokes and boil them in fair water, luffering the water first to boil; being tender boild, blanch them, and feafon them with Nutmeg, Peppet, Clinamon, Sale (but lightly) and lay them on afflicet of patte, and lay on fome bits of Butters then slay on your Artichokes round the diff with Eridgo roots and Duce inhalves, Beef-marrow, large Mace, flic's Lemon, and some Butter, close it up with another sheet of paste, and bake it; being baked; liquor it with Grape-verjuice, Butter and Sugar, icing it withall. 1 St. 176. Mufbrooms ftewed. 1 7 " 11. 12

Take Mushrooms fresh gathered, and our off the stalk, and as you peel them put them into a dish with white wine, let them lie therein half an hour, and then drain them, letting them over a soft fire between two dilhes without liquor, so let them flew, and then drain them again; then put your Mulhrooms into another dish with a sprig of Tyme; an Onions half a dozen corns of whole Pepper i two Cleves i some Orange and Sile, with a little Butter and Mutton gravie; then flew thele again till they are enough; being tender, when you dish them blow off the fat, and add fome juice of Lemon and Butmeg.

hand yes translational fatord, in the hald Chule the best shaped dorpes contain the farce, which

74. Mush-

which you shall make with some meat, or good herbs, so that it be dainty, and allayed with yolks of Eggs; then your Mushrooms being farced and seasoned, put them into a dish upon a barde of larde, or upon a little Butter, seeth them, and serve them garnished with juice of Lemon.

78. Mushrooms fryed.

Blanch them in fresh water, dry them, then pickle them with a little Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, and Onion, and when you are almost ready to serve, make a liquid paste allayed with yolks of Eggs, fry your Mushrooms; serve and garnish.

After they are well cleanfed; cut them into quarters, and wash them in several waters, to take off the earth; when they are well cleanfed, put them between two dishes with an Onion and some Salt, then set them on a chasen-dish, that they may cast their water; press them between two plates, take very fresh butter, with parsley and chibol, and fry them; then soak them, and after they are well sod, you may put to them

fome cream or white meat, and ferve.

Take one dozen of Eggs, break them; take out the whites of half a dozen, and beat them; then take of your Gammon as much as you will think fitting, mince it; and mix it with your Eggs; take some lard, cut it, and melt it; pour your Frayze into it; let it not be too much fried, and serve.

. 1815 Forgoifes.

Cut off the feet, the tail, and the head, fet the body a feething in a post, and feason it well with fine

take them, and boilthem well; after they are bod, take them up, and cut them into pieces, and take them up, and cut them into pieces, and take a special care to take out the Gall; then say them with butter or lard, parsley and chibol; then set them a soaking with a little broth, and when you are ready to serve, allay the yolk of an Egg with some Verjuice, mix them together, and serve with some Nutmeg, a little beaten Cintamon, and Orange peci very finely minced, well saloned.

Take a Tortoile and cut off his head, feet and stil, and boil it in water, wine and salt; being boil'd, pull the shell asunder, and pick the meat somethie skin, and the gall from the liver, save the Eggs whole if a semale, and stew them with the meat and liver in a dish with grated Nutmeg, a little sweet-herbs minced small, and some sweet butter; when stewed enough, serve it on fine white sippets, covering the meat with the upper shell of the Tortoise, and slices of Orange, or the suice thereof.

Melt some butter, and put in it six yolks of Eggs, with some Sugar; stamp one handfull of Pistaches; and mix them together with a corn of Salt; then trake your sheet of paste, and dress it up, put your implements in it, make or shape up your Tourt; and bind it with butter'd paper; when it is baked, serve it with Sugar, and garnish it with Letnon peel preserved.

Base aldozen and half of Eggs, and beat them

L

m

The french cross.

in a dish, then take interlarded Bacon, and cut it Dice-fashion into [quare bits, and fry them with some Onions chopped small, add to these some Cream, Nutmeg, Gloves, Cinnamon, Pepper, and sweet-herbs chopped small; being fried, serve them up on a clean dish, squezing thereon some juice of Orange, and over all scrape some sine Loaf Sugar.

Take many yolks of Eggs, and a pound or helf a pound of Sugar, with which you shall make a Syrup, which being made, you shall mix it with your. Eggs, with sone drop of Orange flower water, and seeth them; after they are enough make a cossin with butter d paper, well doubted, put your Eggs in it, and being cold, then take off the paper, and put these Eggs on a plate; the sharp end upward, sugar it, and gathish it with the Pear called Comperail (or non-such). Cinnar mon, Lemon, peel preserved, and Flowers, then

Make a Syrup, as abovefaid, then break a dozen of Eggs, or more, and beat them well, warm your Syrup, and when it is very warm, min your Eggs with it, pass all together through a strainer, and seeth it; after it is fod, serve it with bisket cut and dressed up pyramid like, sweet waters; Muck or Amher-grease.

Make your Syrup as above faid, and take the yolks of Eggs, allay them well and put them in your Syrup; after they are fod put them on a plate, with a drop of Orange flower water, and of Musk; then ferve.

Take a quart of white-wine with a piece of Sugar, boil them well together, then break some Eggs, and beat them, pass them through strainer, then pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them into a pipkin or pan, where your White-pur them out of the Syrup, and ser them a draining, then out of the Syrup, and ser them a draining, then serve them pyramid-like with sweet water.

Have a Syrup well made, fry some whites of the pan with butter, and put them in your syrup; when they are sod, serve them with Orange-slower water.

Make your Syrup, and mix a little new milk with your fried Eggs; when they are fod, ferve them very white on a plate, garnished with sweetherbs.

Boil some milk with a little flower well allayed, then put in it more than the half of one dozen of whites of Eggs, and stir well all together, and sugar whites of Eggs, and the well all together, and significantly and glase them, that is, take the rest of your whites of Eggs, beat them with a feather, and mix whites of Eggs, beat them with a feather, and mix whites of Eggs, beat them with a feather, and mix whites of Eggs, beat them with a feather, and mix all together, or else sry well the rest of your whites, and pour them over your other Eggs; pass over it lightly an iron oven-list, or the fire-shovel red hot, and serve them sugred, with sweet waters, hot, and serve them sugred, with sweet waters,

You may in stead of whites, put in it the yolks of your Eggs proportionably, and the whites fried upon them. The Cream after the Masarine way is

wray wardy and wardy

is made in the same manner, except you must put

Take a deep trying pan, and put therein three pints of clarified butter or suet, hear it as hot as for any occasion what soever; then take a stick and stir it till it run round, like to a whirle-pit; their break an Egg into the middle of the Whirle, and turn it round till it be about the hardness of soft possess.

break an Egg into the middle of the Whirle, and turn it round till it be about the hardness of a soft poacht Egg, the whirling round of the Liquor will make the Egg as round as a ball; then take it up with a slice, and put it into a warm Pipkin, and let it by the fire; thus you may do as many as you please, during the space of half an hour, for so long they will keep soft; serve them with fried or tosted collops.

Take a score of new-laid Eggs, and strain them with a Gill of Sack, a quartern of Sugar, some grated Nutmeg and Salt, beat them together with the juice of an Orange, and put to them a little Musk, set them over the fire, and stir them continually till they thicken, but not too much; serve them with scraped Sugar on fine tosts of Manchet soaked in juice of Orange, thake the Eggs with Orange Comsits, or Muskadines white and red.

Take the juice of a leg of Mutton, put it on a plate, or in a dish, take very new-laid Eggs, and break them in your juice, seeth them with little Salt; after they are enough, put more juice to them, and some Nurmeg; then serve.

After they are blanched, take off the skin very neatly

heatly, and fet them a steeping in fresh water, then serve them with pepper and salt.

Chuse the biggest, scrape the foot of them, and wish them, and seeth them in water, salt them well, and let them not seeth too much; after they are sod, drain them, and make a sauce with very sees to the polk of an egg to thicken the sauce, and have a care that it do not curd or (turn) and serve them samissic with what you will.

Take Sparagus with Ragoust.

Take Sparagus, break them very small, then pass them in the pair with butter or lard, mix it with some parsley and chibol, all well scasoned; set them a soaking till you be ready to serve; you may put some Cream to them, or yolks of Eggs, or of the juice of a leg of Mutton, and may garnish other things with it.

Och Sparagus with Cream.

Cut them very finall, and leave nothing but the green, fry them with butter very frelli, or melled lard, parfley and chibol, or a bundle of herbs; after that, foak them a very little, with very new Cream, and lerve if you will with a little Nutmeg.

Take two hundred of Sparagus, scrape the root very clean, and wash them; then take the heads of an hundred, and say them even, bind them hard points a bundle, and so likewise the other hundred their take a large skiller of fair water, and when it boils, put them in, and boil them up quick with some Salt; being boiled, drain them, and serve

ferve them with beaten butter and falt about the difh.

97. Sheeps Tongue with Ragoust.

After it is well cleansed, flit it in two, then flowreic, pass in the pan, and put it in Ragous, with Vinegar, Verjuice, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, beaten Cloves, juice of Orange, and minced Capers; when it is well foaked, and the fauce well thickned, serve.

98. Sheeps Tongues Sticked.

Take it fod, and cleanle it well, stick it with small lardons, and rost it; then serve with the juice of a Lemon, or some Orange.

99. Sheeps Tongue on the gridiron.

Slir is in the middle, and put it on the gridiron with Salt and crumbs of bread upon it, then make a sauce with Verjuice of Grapes, or Gooseberries, a few chippings of bread, some parsley and chibol minced very small, and when it is well broiled, serve.

5d Mil 100. Sallet of Pomgranate.

Pick your granates, put them on a plate, sugar them and garnish with Lemon so then serve.

was proposition 191. Pig Souced.

Take a large Pig, and cut off his head, flit him through the midit, take out his bones and lay him in water one night, then collar him up like Brawn, then boil him tender in fair water; being boil'd, put him into an earthen pan with water and falts then take a quart of the broth, and a quart of white-wine, and boil them together, putting thereinto fome Bay-leaves ; when it is cold uncloath the Pig, and put it into this Liquor, and it will keep a quarter of a year;

when you ferna is, les it be wish green Fonnel; as joudo Sturgeon, with Saucers of Vinegar. builting 1102. Head of wild Bour-

Cut it off near the shoulders, to make it fairer, and of better they mand to preferve the neck, which is the bell of its fo that it be well scasoned; after you have cut it off, linge it of or leald in, if you will have it white then runche skin off round shout the head four anches from the mole, left it may lifetink, and, fall on other places infeeth and lolant in wally, and when it is half fod a put their white or med Wine wand, make an mid of feething of Mistagain well feeloved with Repper. Ocion, Cloves, Orange-peel, and fine herbs. You may feeth and wrap it well up in Hay, lest it fall to pieces afterit is well fod, ferve it cold, whole, and gamilhed with flowers ; if you have wrap pedit up , you may ferve it in flices, which you may disguise with several forts of Ragousts.

103. Slide of wild Boar's bead. Cut it under the Neck, or newit, or under the

Bart and forve. a file in the Herr confine that office 044 Slice of wild Boar's (bead wish Ringouft. ncafier you have cut it as abovelaid; boil it in wine, and a few chippings of bread; when it is enough and the lauce thickned, ferver they for the The Beel polition redicate to a like a libe, but

After it is cut as aforesaid, powder it with crumbs no bread Dand put it on the gridiron, after it is broiled, Jerve with juice of Lemon; in the leafon of Vinc-leaves, wear up your licer in there, and ferre readily mich Varjuice of Grapes. of applicate, gappall Green Radies, copoling orange

- Rifeshem if you will, in the pan with butter?

and feeth them with Cabbage and Lettice, or with Pursiain; after they are well fod with a bundle of herbs, and well seasoned; ferve them garnished with Lettice of the a moth all all to have me

You may dress and season them with Gream as the Sparagus, whereof mention is made above in the Article 79. of Sparagus with Creamit with

1070 Rams Kidneys. Well fow nov. Whiten them well in fresh water, take off the skins of them, and cut them into very thin flices, pass them in the pan with butter or melted laid scason with all what you have then soak them with Mushrooms, and the juice of a leg of Mubton; then ferve.

Another way. Cut them as abovesaid, and steep them in little Vinegar and Salt; a while before you ferve; after you have dried them, pass them in frieter paste; and fry them, and throw on it some Lemon-juice, or Orange-juice, and lerve-

108. Pallats of Beef. Take them well sod and soft, and withall boil them a little, for to take away the ripe rafte; then cut them very thin, pass them in the pan well seasoned; and slove them; let your sauce be allayed with the juice of a Lemon; then forgeous

The Beef-pallats for garnish are fried alike, but that you sur them peace meak? 30

109. Pallats of Steer , One on Calf; muro bow to dreft a smile it wills

Take Pallats, Lips or Notes, and boil themvery tender; then blanch them, and cut them into fquare pieces, as broad as a shilling, fry them in Sweet butter ; being enough, pour away the bat-

The Armst Cod ter, and put thereto some Anchoves, grated Nutmeg. Mutton-gravie and Salt, give it a walm on the fire, then diffile, the bottom being first rub'd. with a clove of Garlick, then run it over with juice of Orange and beaten Butter, fried Parsley, or fried Marrow in yolks of two Eggs, and Sage leaves.

110. Tansie. Melt a little Butter, and take some Cream, volks of Eggs, juice of Pears, Sugar, and very little Salty feeth all together, after it is fod, fugar it, with waters of flowers, and ferve green.

Taufie the best way. Take a score of Eggs, and take from them five whites, ftrain them with a quart of thick Cream. and put to it a grated Nutmeg, a race of Ginger, and as much Cinnamon beaten fine, with a peny white loaf grated, also mix these with a little Salt: then stamp some green wheat with Tansie herbs, strain these into the Cream and Eggs, and flir all together; then take a clean frying pan, and a quarter of a pound of Butter, melt it, and put the Tansie thereto, stirring is continually over the fire, chop it as it thickens; being throughly incorporated and well fried, dish it up, sprinkling it with Role Vinegar, and strowing good store of Sugar thereon.

they delive the Toung Pidgeons. After they are well blanched in water, flowred, a little, and paffed in the pan foak them with good broth, mulhrooms, trouffles, and a bundle of herbs, all well, seasoned, and serve, the sauce, being thickned; and garnish with cut Lemon.

The lame Ragoust may be made for young Pi-112. Field geons rofted.

112. Field farti

Draw them, fry them as the young Pigeons and feeth them longer, because they are harders after they are fod and seasoned alike, serve gire nished with Pomgranate, or sliled Lemon.

Take some pieces of slices of Beef, and best them well with lard, season it with Salt and Pepper, and pass it in the pan, untill the lard be very brown, then soak these implements with a little broth and an Onion stamped; then strain all through a linnen cloath, you will have out of it a very red juice, with which you shall mix a sharpness of Grape verjuice, a little flowse baked, or some chippings; then take your young Partidges, take off the legs and the wings, and sooms and Troussles, untill the sauce be well thickned; seeth, and serve readily, less they was hard.

The Partridges are done the same way.

A method for to make Gammons of Westphalia Bacon.

After your Pork is dressed, take off the Gammons, and stretch them well, for to cause them to take the shape; put them in the Cellar for the space of sour daies, during which time, there will come a water out of them, which you must wipe off very often; if the weather is most, let them lie there but twice sour and twenty hours, then put them in the press between two boords, and let them be there so long a time, as the Pork hath been dead; after that, sale them with Sale, Pepper, Cloves, and Annifeed stamped;

stamped; let them take salt for the space of nine dayes; after this, take them out, and put them in the less of wine, for the space of other sine daies; then wrap them up with Hay, and bury them in the Cellar, in a place which is not too moist, after you have taken them out, hang them in the Chimney, at the side where there is least smoak, and fail not to persume them twice a day with Juniper; after they are dry and a little smoaky, hang them at the seeling, in a chamber which is not too moist, and until you have occasion to use them, visit them often, for sear they should rot. For to seeth them; take of them which you will, cleanse it, and set it to water in a great kettle full of water, season it with sine herbs, and put no wine in it; after it is sood, take up the skin,

kettle full of water, season it with sine herbs, and put no wine in it; after it is sod, take up the skin, spread it over with Pepper and minced Parsley, and stick it with Cloves, then put down the skin again, and lay it in a cool place, till you have a mind to serve it, which you shall do garnished with flowers, if you have any.

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The way of making Allayings, or Thicknings to be kept for Sauces, to the end that one may not be put to the trouble of making them on every occasion, when one may have need of them.

The French Cook.

Thickning of Almmonds.

DEele well your Almonds and stamp them in I mortar, then put them with good broth. crumbs of bread, yolks of Eggs, juice of Lemon, an Onion, Salt, Cloves, and three or four Muhrooms; seeth all these a very little while, pass them through the strainer, and put it into a por to use it upon occasion.

Thickning of Mushrooms. Take the stalks of Mushrooms, with a few flamped Almonds, Onion, Parsley, crumbs of bread, yolks of Eggs and Capers; boil, all with good broth, and leason it well, mix with it a flice of Lemon, then pass it through a strainer, and put it into a pot to use upon occasion.

Thickning of Flowre.

Melt some lard, take out the mammocks, put your flowre into your melted lard, freth it well, but have a care it flick not to the pan, mix some Onion with it proportionably to what you mean to use it about; when it is enough, put all with good broath, Mushrooms, and a drop of Vinegar; men after it hath boiled with its scasoning, pals all through the grainer, and put in a pot; when you will use it, you shall set it upon warm embers for to thicken your sauces.

Thickning

ni it of ba Thickning of Trouffles. a with to Take dry flowre, which you shall allay with good broth . Trouffles, Onions, Mushrooms, and. afprig of Thime, flamp all together, and boil it: with flowre allayed, pass is through the strainer, and put it in a pot; it will be uleful for the thickning of your Entrees (or first courses) or

Ragoults. You may use these thicknings in Lent , so that you put no Eggs in it : They may also be usefull ignall, as for the first and second courses, and for the Intercourles the application to the property bloom य हात्र हात हुन है जिल्ला है । स्वतिक स्वति है से प्राप्त के

Method for the Making the Juice of Mushrooms, of Beef, or Mutton, which may be useful for many sauces and Ragousts.

well take to the good and the leads,

aggirth frice of Millaroams. It was or will Ake the least of your Mushrooms, wash them well-with their skins and stalks, without taking off any thing, boil them in a pot with good broth; as they are boiling, put in a bundle of herbs, an Onion fluck with Cloves, and some pieces of rosted meat, all well seasoned with Salt; after they are well boiled, pas them through the strainer, and put it into a pot, for to use it at need. It may be useful for all kinds of Ragousts, leven for Porrages; and it doth often pals for juice of Mutton !

The Juice of Beef, or Mutton. Rost your meat a little more than half, be it Beef or Mutton, prickit with a knife, and press it in a pressif you have any, it will be the better; after it is pressed, and the juice taken out, rake one so foonful of good broth, besprinkle your meat with it, and take out of it again what juice you can put it in a pot with a little Salt, some Omnamous beaten Cloves and Mace, with some Pine apple seeds; and mix with it the juice of a Lemon, and Caper liquor, when you are ready to use it.

Peel your Pistaches in warm water, put themy cold water again, and for to use them, mineo them a very little, for to put them about your dishes.

The garnish of Lemon.
You must take out the seeds, sit it long-wise, and cut it into slices; after this, put it into some water, ready to use it upon and about your dishes.

Take the reddest, take out the peel and the seeds, for to garnish upon and about your dishes.

A Method for to take out the juice and matters of flesh, for to give unto the Sick.

The juice of Mutson, Veal, or Capon.

A Fter they are rolled and profiled, take out the juice, and because that the juice of Mutton is hotter than the other, it must be corrected and mixed with that of Veal; and of either of them thus made ready, cause your fick body to take one spoonful every two hours.

Another

Another way for the Same water.

Take a good Capon, being well cleaned and storked from the bloud, and the fat taken off, smils it, and boil it in a pot or glaz'd pipkin, with half a pound of grated Harts horn, boil it till the spoon may stand stiff therein; when it is cold, then strain it through a thick fine Canvas, and put it into another pipkin with the juice of eight or nine Lemons a pound and a half of double refined Sugar; then boil it again a little while, then purit into Gallipots or Glasses, and preserve it for mor use.

Another way for the fame water in it illed For such as here need of much cooling, take wiBottle without Offer, and with a very wide duck; out your theat, Veal, and Pullet , final El sough, to that it may go piedemeal falouthe Bottles this done, you shall Hop it carefully with a piece of paste firm and hard, and some parchment over it, tie it well, and put in a kettle full of hot water, as far as the nech. Buil it well for the space of three hours; after it is fod, unftop your Bottle, and take the juice out of it, which you shall cause your fick to use or even they who are in full health, and fland in need of cooling) with other juice of rosted meat; or with some broth, all according to the need and strength of both. You are to observe by the way, that the juice of rost meat is much stronger and more nourishing, than that of boiled meat, though it be in greater quantity.

for want of a Bottle, you may use a Coquemore, stopping it well with paste, and with parchment over it.

Water

Water of Pulles.

Drefs your Pullet, and when it is very clean. fill it up with Barley, and feeth it in a pot with a sufficient quantity of water, so that it boil helf away, after it hath boiled until the Barley is burft. pass all through a ftraister, and let it cool. It must be used cold, and this water may be given to such ing Children.

Panadoe.

Take some good broth, and crumbs of bread very small, boil them well together, and at the latter end, put in it some yolks of Eggs, very little" Salt, and fome Lemon juice.

Other Panadoe

Take the fielh of Capon or Partridge well min ced, stamp it well in a mortar, then allay it with broth of health, that is, broth of the great pol a few crumbs of bread, and falt, after it is foaked, mix with it some yolks of Eggs for to thicken it, and some Lemon juice.

Another excellent Juice. Water or Felly.

wbich you please.

Boil two Capons well cleanfed, the Fat and Lungs taken out, trus them, and foak them well in fair water four or five hours, then boil them in a pipkin or pot of two Gallons of water, and add thereto a gallon of white-wine; scum them, and boil them to a Jelly, next strain the broth from the grounds, and blow off the fat; then take a quart of sweet Cream, a quart of the Jelly-broth, a pound and half of refined Sugar, and a quarter of a pint of Rose-water; mingle these all together, and give them a walm on the fire, with half an ounce of fine scarced Ginger, then The French Cook.

let it a cooling; dish it or cast it in form of other. Iellies in Lemon or Orange-peels, or turn it into Colours: for fick people in flead of Cream, use flimped Almonds.

A Method how to make ready, and to serve up all forts of Pastry-works, during the whole year.

1. Venison Pastie.

IF the flesh is hard, beat it, take off the upper I skins, and lard it with great lard, scaloned with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar and beaten Cloves. If it is for to keep, make up your Paste with Rye meal with Butter, Salt and Pepper, let your Pastie bake the space of three hours and a half; after it is biked, stop up with paste the hole which you have left for to give vent, and ferve in flices.

2. Pasty of leg of Mutton.

After it is well mortified, Beat it well, take off the skin, take out the bones, and if you will, lard it with great lard, and season it with Salt, Pepper, and a little Vinegar; you may let it lie in the fauce three or four daies well covered, untill you put it into paste; which you shall do then in fine or courle paste; scason it well with Salt, Pepper, bearen Cloves, Nutmeg, and a Bay-leaf, and also a clove of Garlick crushed if you will: After it is slofed up, and endored with the yolk of an Egg, let it bake the space of three hours and an half,

and do not forget to give it vention the top, a little, while after that you have put it in the oven.

3. Pasty after the English way.

Take a young or old Hare, mince it well with Beef or Mutton suet, or with the brawn of Capon, mix all together and season it well, put in it, if you will, forme Capers, and forme Sugar. Make your paste thus; after it is flowred, spread it, and fould it up into three or four doubles like a napkin, put ting some fresh butter upon every bed of paste, so that for one pound of paste, there be half a pound of Butter proportionably; after it is thus made ready, let it rest a little while, and then make your paste up, which you shall garnish at the outside with butter'd paper. Bake it well, endon it with the yolk of an Egg; and ferve.

The wild Boar Pasty is made the same way as

that of the joint of Mutton.

4. Pie of Capon.

After it is well dreffed, lard it with mean lard, and put it into fine paste, and make up your Pie. If you will ferve it up warm, it must not be-

fo much seasoned, as to serve it cold.

To serve it warm therefore, make it up and garnish it with what you have, you may also farce it. You must bake it two hours and a half, and if it be too dry, that is the fauce wanting, make a make a white sauce for it, or put into it any juice, and serve it warm and uncovered.

5. Or for a Capon pie ibus.

After it is well dressed, season it well with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, then having minced some Chibols, and sweet herbs, very fine, and laying them in the bottom of your Pic,

put

The French Cook.

put la your Capon, then lay on it fome Links, Oillers, the wolks of hard Eggs, Chefnuts, large Mace, Barberries or Grapes, some Beef-marrow, good store of sweet Butter, so close it and bake when it is baked enough, liquor it with some Butter and Verjuice, and forve.

6. Pie of Turkie. After it is well dressed, beat it and truss it up, lard it with great lard, and leafon it, then put it

into fine or brown paste, ted with butter or lard, forthis flesh is very dry when it is baked; scason

itara Venison Pasty, bake it proportionably to its bardness or bigness, and serve it warm or cold.

of the Top Another may Dress your Turkie, take off the skin and the brisket, then feason it, and farce it with young Pigeons, Beef pallats, Mushrooms, Trouffles, bottoms of Artichokes, Combs, Ram's Kidneys, and sweet-breads. This farce is sit, in case you take out the brisket only.

If you take off the whole skin, take the fielh of your Turkie, mince it very small with Beef-suet, feason it with all what you have, and with yolks of Eggs, fill up the skin with it, sow it up again, and put it into fine palle, garnish your Pie with small Beatills, Mushrooms, and all the remnant of your Farce. Bake it, and serve it with what sauce you will.

8. Pie of Gaudiveau.

Dress up your patte into an oval, garnish it with your Gaudiveau, in the midst of which you shall put all kind of garnish, as Mushrooms, Livers of fat Capons, Cardes, yolks of hard Eggs, sweetbreads of Veal; and scason all; bind it with a

at the top, and when it is baked, serve it with, fauce of Verjuice, yolks of Eggs and Nutmeg.

9. Pie of Partridge. After they are dreffed, lard them with mean lard, and season them, then put them into a fine paste, and make up your Pie well fed with lard and butter, bake it for the space of three hours, and serve it warm.

10. Pastie of Gammon of Bacon.

Steep it well, and after it is unfalted enough, boil it a little, and take off the skin of it, then put it into brown paste, as Venison, and season it with Pepper, Clove, and pariley; if you will be advised by me, lard it also as you do the Venison. Bake it according to it's thickness; if it is big, five hours, if less, less, and so according as it is bigger or lesser; after it is cold, serve it in flices.

11. Pie of a Breaft of Veal.

After it is well blanched, you may farce it with what you will; you may also put it into fine paste very well seasoned and garnished, or if you will, cut it into small pieces, make up your Pie well, bake it, and serve it with a white sauce, made up with yolks of Eggs allayed with Verjuice.

12. Pie of Affette.

Take the flesh of Veal, and Beef or Mutton suet, make a kind of Gaudiveaux therewith, then dress up your patte very neatly half a foot high, and fill it with one bed of flesh, and over it another of Mushrooms, another of Cardes or of Cardeaux, or young Pidgeons, Pallats of Beef, Kidneys and yolks of Eggs, so that the upper bed be of Gaudiveax, cover and season it; then serve:

13. Pies

Bla 13. Pies after the Cardinal's way. Make up your Pies very high and very narrow, fill them up with Gaudiveaux, and cover them fo that the lid be also very high; then serve them, fredially for a garnish to a piece of Beef, or on a

14. Pie after the Marotte. olatt.

Take Rie-meal, which you shall salt; make your paste with it, and make it up like a Pie; then take one Hare or two, or two joints of Mutton, with a little Beef-suet, which you shall mince together very small and season it, then make up your Pic, on the top of which you shall leave event, after three hours baking, take it out, and fillit with good broth, put it in the oven again, and when it is quite baked, serve it.

15. Pie of young Rabbits.

After they are dreffed, lard them with great lard, and make your paste like that of Venison; if you serve it warm, make it a little sweeter, and ferve.

16. Pie of Pullets.

Dress and slower them, if you will; garnish and season them, and put them into very fine paste, serve it warm with a white sauce of yolks of Eggs allayed.

If your Pullets are big, you may stick them with mean lard, and feason them, garnish and bake

them alike.

17. Pie of Larks.

Dress them, draw them, and flat them, then pass them in the pan with Mushrooms, Trouffles, Beatills, and all being well seasoned, put them into fine paste, bake them the space of two hours and a half, let the sauce be well allayed and fed; you.

The French Confid

may put some Sugar in it; Hipacrast-like, and so serve it cold; if with Ragoust, serve it warms.

Take the fillet, and press it like the wild Boar, that is, well larded and seasoned, put it into sing or brown paste, as you will, serve it in slices, warm or cold.

Another way.

Mince such stell of Veal, as you will with Bees such and season it; make up your passe, and make the bottom of your pie, or the whole, with this meat thus minced and seasoned, which moreover you shall garnish with Mushrooms, bottoms of Artichokes, Cardes, Kidneys, Veal sweet-breads, and hard yolks of Eggs; after which you shall cover and bake it; after it is baked, serve it uncovered with a sauce of yolks of Eggs allayed with Verjuice of Grapes.

It is made to eat cold like that of Partridges, and for to eat warm, like that of Larks, make it up with fine passe, and serve it warm with Ragoust.

Dress you Woodcocks, draw them, lard them with mean lard, and season them like the Partridge pies for to be eaten warm or cold; if you serve it warm, garnish it with what you have, and season it as you think fitting, bake it the space of two hours and a hali, and serve it warm or cold.

Dress your Black-birds, draw them, and put them into paste, season and bake them as the Larks, for to be eaten warm, or cold.

After it is dressed, lard it with great lard, and selfen it well, put it into since brown paste to the lit; bake it the space of three hours; serve and garnish it for to eat it warm.

The Pic of Marieuse with lard is made and ferved the self same way.

Take the four quarters, and cut them very small, blanch them in fresh water, then put them in fine paste and well made up, with a little passey and fine herbs minced; after it is well back, and well scalored, serve it with a white sauce.

Another way.

Take your Lamb and cut it into pieces, then feafon it with beaten Nutmeg, Repper and Salt, then lay it into the bottom of your Pie, then lay upon it some hard Lettice boiled and cut in quarters, some Chest-puts, Pine-apple seeds, Sampire, Sparagus, sliced Lemon, the yolks of Eggs boiled hard, and Grapes, good store of sweet Butter; after it is baked, serve it with Verjuice and sweet Butter.

Another may.

You may take your Lamb whole, or in quarters; without cutting it, lard it with great lard, and put it into paste scasoned with minced Paralley, Salt, Pepper, beaten Cloves, and garnished with Mushrooms, Morilles, and Capers; and after it is baked, serve it with a white sauce of yolks of Eggs allayed with Verjuice.

Wash them with lukewarm water, and cleanse them, then put them into paste; take Mushrooms, small

22. Pie

small Pallats of Beef cut, Beatilles, a little Parsley, and Chibols; pass all in the pan, pour on it some yolks of Eggs, bottoms of Artichokes, bearen laid. or fresh butter, and put them into your Pic, which you shall bake for the space of two hours, and serve with a sauce of yolks of Eggs allayed with

25. Pie of Kid warm. Dress it, and take off the head, lard it with mean lard, and season it, put it into fine passe dressed up, or not, garnish it with Beatilles, Mushrooms, Morilles, Trouffles, and serve If you will serve it cold, let it's seasoning be

flonger.

Another way. If you you have two Kids, or Roe-bucks, taken out of the body of the Goat, or of the Hind, lard and feason them, and put to them abundance of

Sugar, which will make both your meat and fauce full of Sugar.

If your Kids are small, put them into dreffed passe, and sever them, putting the one into Sugar, and the other in Ragoust; serve it warm.

26. Goofe Pie. After it is dreffed, lard it with great very lard, and put it into paste scasoned as the Venison Paflic: scrve it alike, warm, or in flices.

27. Rie of knuckles of sboulders.

Dress the bones of your knuckless blanch them, break and lard them with great lard, or lard flamped, then put them into fine paste; garnish and scason your Pie with all what you have, bake it for the space of two hours and a half; when it is baked, serve it with what sauce you will.

20. Tourse of young Rigeons. Make a fine paste, and let it rest, then take your young Pigeons', cleanse them, and blanch them. If they are too big, cut them, and take Gaudimaux, Sparagus, Mushrooms, bottoms of Artichokes, Beef-marrow, yolks of Eggs, Cardes, Pallats of Beef, Trouffics, Verjuice of Grapes, or Goole-berries, garnish your Tourte with what you have, not forgetting the scasoning; then

ferve.

Another way. MAfter your young Pigeons are well dreffed and blanched, make a sheet of fine paste or past-paste, put in the bottom forne Gaudiveaux, and young Pigeons at the top; if they are small, whole; if big, cut them into halves; garnish your Tourte with Combs, Pallats, Mulhrooms, Trouffles, Cardes, Marilles, yolks of Eggs, Veal Sweetbreads, bottoms of Artichokes, and minced parsley, all well seasoned with Salt, Pepper, Clove and Nutmeg; Cover up your tourte, and bake it the space of two hours and a half; After it is baked serve it uncovered with a fauce of yolks of Eggs, allayed with Verjuice of Grapes.

Another wayi When your Pigeons are clean dreffed, feafon them with Pepper, beaten Cloves and Mace, and Salt, then put into your Pie some minced Chibols, and sweet-herbs, then put in them some bottoms of Artichokes, Chesnuts, yolks of hard Eggs, very thin flices of lard's some Collistower indifferently well boiled, Capers, Oilters, Mushrooms, sliced Lemon,. and grapes, seasoned as your Pigeons, sweet Butter; then close and bake it; when it is baked,

20. Tourse

ferve it with vessuice and sweed Batter thickned with the yolks, of Eggs, was all a person of the

. ... de land hay .. Tourse of Lard.

Take Lard, flice to, and melt it between two dishes, season in as the round of Marrownen following when it is ready, ferve it.

16 10 10 10 10 10 Toutte of Marrone.

and Take Marrows, melt icy when it is melted, firain it, and put some Sugar to it, yolks of Egg, Pistaches, or Almonds stamped; then make very thin sheet of sine passey on which you shall pur your implements, bind it, if you will; bake it, and serve it lugarid.

Tourte of Veals ... Take a piece of Veal, blanch ityand mince it with twice as much of Beck fuet y after it is well feating ed make a sheet of your fine paste, put your met on it, in the midst of which you that put what you have, as Beatilles, &c. sugar it if you will, then when it is baked, serve.

Another way. Garnish a sheet of fine paste, or puft paste, and fille it half with your minced meat, put over it Mushrooms; Kidneys, Combs, bottoms of Artichokes, Cardes, yolks of Eggs, all well feafoned, fill up your tourte with the same meat; cover it, and endore it with a raw egg allayed; bake it the space of one hour and a half, and ferve it uncovered with a fauce. 32. Tourte of Beatilless

Blanch your Bearilles, put them into a sheet of paste seasoned and garnished as the tourte of young Pigeons; bake it also alike, and serve it with a white fauce, or juice, or some Ragoust of tosts; you may put to it some pistaches, peeled and minced.

The tourte of Sparrows is ferved like that of young Pigeons with a white fauce, 34. Tourse of Larks.

You may make it as that of the young Pigeons, But here is yet another way. Drefs them, draw themifier them and pass them in the pan with lard, parley, and mulbrooms, then put them into your miles and scalon them with yolks of eggs, capers udall what you have Cover up your Tourte, and who in two hours is after it is baked, ferve it with

ngood fauce, or forme juice. udis 35. Tourse of Keal Sweet-breads. "You may put them anto fine or puft-pafte, flicked and rolled, well-fenlomed and garnished, or elfe passebem in the pair with multivooms, combs, mouther, morilles, wolks of eggs, bottoms of Artichokas stor fome: broken Sparagus; and thus make up your Tourty of hich you hall ferre with thickning of mulhrdoma apparate) is modeled at a

36. Tourse of branen of Capon acoust. Take some quantity of bravens of Capon, mines them very imaliand allay shemiwith two wolks, of Eggs, from Burton, a light Salt; Pifteiches; much Dugart a licule juice, progocod broth; make appyour sounce with and or putt-palte, Sugarit, wells end if you will so you may add to it belides lame pignas and coranted me limit. Biew it tough. Gammontof Bacom Patyrnos access

Steep your Gammon all mighe in water, l'Grape it clean, and thum strivelth all manber of hweetherbsii cleanse there and chop them ismall with fome yolks of hard, Eggs, beaten Natmeg and Pepper, fluff it and boiler; being tender and cold, paroishe under side, take off the skin and scason

or Lemon.

The French Cook.

it with Nutmeg and Pepper; then lay it on your Pie or Pastie, with a few whole Cloves, and slices of raw Bacon over it and Butter, close it up in short paste, and bake it.

38. Steak Pie with a pudding in it. Season your Steaks with Pepper and Nutmege, and let it stand an hour in a Tray, then take a piece of the leanest of a leg of Mutton, and mine it small with suct, and a few sweet-herbs, tops of

young Time, a branch of Penirial, two or three of red Sage, grated bread, yolks of Eggs, fweet Cream, Raifins of the Sun; work all together like a Pudding, with your hand stiff and roul them round like Balls; and put them into the Steaks in a deep Coffin, with a piece of sweet Butters Sprincle a little Verjuice on it, bake it, then cut it up, and roul Sage leaves; and fley them wand flick them upright in the walls, and ferve your Pie without a Cover, with the juice of an Orange

39. Wild Boar baked. Take the leg and leason it well; lard it with big lard fealoned with Nutmeg, Pepper, and beaten Ginger, lay it in your Pie; being seasoned with these spices, and Salt all over, then put a few whole Cloves on it w few Bay-leaves, large slices of lard, and good store of Butter, bake it in fine or course crust; being baked, liquor it with

good sweet Butter, and stop up the vent If to keep long, bake it in an earthen pan in the above-said seasoning; when baked, fill it up with Butter, and you may keep it a whole year.

40. Red Deer baked. Take a side of Red Deer, bone it and season it, then then take out the back finew and the skin, and lard the fillets or back with lard as big as your middle-finger, being first seasoned with Nutmeg and Pepper; then take four ounces of Pepper, as many of Nutmeg, and fix ounces of Salt, mix them well together; and feafon the fide of Veni-Bin, flashing it to make the seasoning the better enter, then put Butter in the bottom of the Pie, squarter of an ounce of Cloves, and a Bay-leaf or the then lay on the flesh, putting on some Cloves and good store of Butter, close it up, and Reit stand eight hours in the Oven, forget not to baste the sides of your Pie with half a dozen Eggs beaten well together; when baked and cold, fill It up with sweet clarified butter.

In For a side, or half a hanch of Red Deer, take half a bushel of Rye-meal, being coursly searced, and make it up fliff with boiling water only. 41. Calves Chaldron Pie.

Take a Calves Chaldron, boil it tender, and being cold, mince it, and scason it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Ginger, with Cinnamon, Salt, Caraway-seeds, Verjuice, some Currans, Sugar, Rosewater and Dates, stir them all together, and fill your Pie; when baked, ice it! 42. Maremaid Pie.

Take a Pig, flay it and quarter it, take also a good Eel flayed, spealed, boned and seasoned with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg; then lay a quarter of your Pig in a round Pic, and part of the Eel on that quarter; then lay one other quarter on the other fide, and more Eel, and thus keep the order, till your Pie be full, then lay on a few whole Cloves, flides of Bacon and Butter, and chofe it up, bake The French Crok.

bake it in fine crust, and afterwards fill it up with Butter.

43. Fallow Dear baked, to be caten boy on cold Take Venison, bone and lard it with lard as big as your little finger, scason it with two ounces of Pepper, two ounces of Nutmeg, and four ounces of Salt; then make your Pie, and lay therein some Butter, then lay in the fesh in the inside downward, coat it thick with feafoning, and put on the top of the meat, some Cloves, with good store of Butter, then baste up your Pie with Eggs. and so bake it, and so fill it up with clarified Butter.

44. Marrow Pies.

Take minced Veal and Beef-fuet seasoned with Pepper, Salt, Nutmegs, and boiled Sparagus cut half an inch long, yolks of hard Eggs cut in quar ters and mingled with the meat and marrow, fill vour Pies herewiths then batte them with Saffronwater bake then not too hard, and musk them.

Otherwaies your ingredients may be Flower Sweet-breads, Marrow!, Artichokes, Pistaches Nurmeg, Eggs, Bacon, Veal-fuet, Sparagus, Chef nuts, Musk, Saffron and Butter. Mack

Or Flower, Butter, Voal, Suct. Pepper, Salt, Nuttneg, Sparagua, Rotatoe a, Eggs, Grapes, Marrow and Saffrons

Or lattly, Flower, Butter, Eggs, Artichokes, Sweet-breads, Lamb-flones, Potato's, Nutmegs Pepper, Salt, Skirrets, Grapes and Bacon.

45. Pepates, vulgarly in English called Petits. made of Veal, Pork, Lamb, any kind of

Venison, Beef, Poultry on Forel. Mince any of these with lard, then season them

with Salt and a little Nutmeg, min the meat with Pine-apple feed, and a few Grapes or Goofeberries, herewith fill the Pies, and being baked, liduor them with a little Gravis.

The French Cott

46. Minced Pies after the Italian fashions Parboil a leg of Veal, and being cold, mine it with Beef-fuet, and season it with Repper, Salt and Gooleberries, mix with it a little Verjuice, Currans, Sugar, and a little Seffron in Powder.

47. Beef-Pallas Piese Let your Pallats, Lips and Nofes be boil'd ten-Her and blanched, then take Cocks-Rones and Combs, or Lambs-flones and Sweet-breads out into pieces, but let them be scalded; then take

half a pine of great Oisters parboiled in sheir bwn liquor, quarter'd Dates, a handful of Piflathes , a few pickled Broom-bude , forme fine interlarded Bacon, fliced very thin, being allo fealded, ten Chefruts rofted and blanched ; feafon all there together with Salt, Nutmeg, and a good quantity of large Mace, fill the Pie, and put to it some sweet butters, and so bake it; being baked, cut up the lid, and liquor it with Butter, yolks of Higgs , Claret wine , with fliced Lemondand

Barberries placed above.

48. Phealant Pie. Take a brace of Pheasants, bone and lard them with big lard , then feafon them with an ounce of Pepper, as much Nutmeg, and two ounces of Sale, lay some Butter in the bottom of the Pie; then lay on the Fowl, and put in it fix or eight Cloves whole, then put or all the leafoning, with good

fore of Butter, close it up, and baffe it over with Eggs; being baked, fill it up with clarified Butter!

Thus

Thus you may bake Turkie, Chickens, Perchickens, Heath-pouts, Caponels, or Partridge, to be eaten cold.

49. Pigeon Pie, wild or same.

Take half a dozen, pull, trus and draw them, wash and wipe them dry; then season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, as much as will suffice, then lay some butter in the bottom of the Pic, lay on the Pigeons, and put the seasoning on them in the Pie, put Butter a top and bake it; being cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

Make the passe of a pottle of fine Flowre, and a quarter of a pound of Butter boil'd in water.

30. Ollive Pie. Dec Take sweet Marjoram, Tyme, Savory, Parsky Sage, Spinage, Endive, Sorrel, Violet leaves and Straw-berry leaves; mince them very small with some yolks of hard Eggs, then put to them half a pound of Currans, Nutmeg, Pepper, Cinnamon Sugar and Salt, minced Raisins, Goose-berries, and Dates minced small, mingle all togethers then take flices of a leg of Veal cut thin, and hacked with the back of a knife, lay them on a clean board, and frow on the aforefaid ingredients, roul them up, and put them in a Pie, then lay on them some Dates, Marrow, large Mace and some Butter, and so bake it; being baked, cut it up, and liquor it with Butter, Verjuice and Sugar, and put thereon a flic't Lemon, and serve it up with scraped Sugar.

51. Steak Pies, a la mode de Paris.

Season your Steaks with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt lightly, then take a piece of the leanest of a leg of Mutton, and mince it small with some Beef-

Beef-fuet, and a few fweet-herbs, fome grated head, yolks of Eggs , went Gream, Railing of the, Sin, &c. work all together, and make them intolittle balls; put them into a deep round Pie on the Steaks, then put to them force Butter, and fprinkle, kowith Verjuice; being baked, flick the balls, with Bay-leaves rouled in Butter and fried; ferve, the Pie without a Cover, and liquor it with the pice of Oranges and Lemonsan at the analy of han 52. A Steak Pie after the English fashione, had biCue a neckis Loin of break into Steaks, and fason them with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt , then get some sew sweet-herbstminced small with an Onion, and the yolks of three or four hard Eggs mincedaliaithen put the meat into the Pie with some Capers, and strow these materials on it, then; puttin Butter stand bake it moderately for three hours; let the Pie be round and pretty deep. 1989

Take a young Udder and lard it, being sead soned with Nutineg, Pepper, Cloves and Mace, boil it tender, and being cold wrap it in a Caul of Veal, put it into the Pic with some slices of Veal under it; season them, and put some also on the top with some slices of lard and butter, close it up, and being baked, liquor it with clarified Butter; thus it is to be ordered to be eaten cold; if hot, liquor it with White-wine, Gravic and Butter.

54. Battalia Pie.

Take four Pigeons and truss them, and as many Ox-pallats well boiled and blanched, and cut into small pieces: take six Lamb-stones, and as many Sweet-breads of Veal cut in half, and parboil'd.

N 3

boil'd, and twenty Gocks-combs boiled and blank ched, and the bottoms of four Artichokes, with a pint of Oisters parboil'd and bearded, and the matrow of three bones, and then season all with Mace, Nutmeg and Salt, so put your meat in a cossin of sine paste, prorportionable to the quantity of meat, put half a pound of Butter on your meat, and a little water in the Pie; let it stand in the Oven an hour and half, then take it out and pour the Butterious of the top of the Pie; and put it into leer of Gravie, Butter and Lemons, and so serve it up.

The English Pie is made with pufe-paste.

The Tourte of Franchipanne is made of passe allayed with whites of Eggs.

All kinds of Tourtes are made with fine or puft-

Your Passies for keeping, on to chary off; may be made with Ryc-meal.

They that are to be eaten readily, make them with a paste more then half fine.

The second of the same of

The Manner and Method how to make ready the first Services for Fish-dayes out of Lent.

ni J. Soals with Ragoust.

Ake your Soals, scrape and empty them, and wipe them dry, then flowle them and pass them in the pass half fried, afterwards open them, take our the bone, and farred with capers, Pine-Reeds, Samphire, the pet of a Letton finely mineed, a little Nurther, use Made and Salt, Mushrooths, Thousles, Metts, wery fresh Butter; a few chippings of Bread, a Chibol, a little Verjaice and broth, foak all together, and serve with the pince of a Lemon over it.

Draw them and wash them clean, then have a pint of sair water, with as much white wine, some wine vinegar and Salt; when the Kettle boils, put in the Soals, with a Clove of two, slick Officer, and some large Mace; being boil'd and cold, lerve them with the spices, some of the Gravie they were boilk in, slick Lemon and Lemon peel.

them; then take Claret-wine and Salt, grated Ginger and a little Garlick, then boil this fauce in a diffic when it boils, put in the Soals, lay them on their backs, and then turn them; being enough, take them out of that Liquor, and put them into another dish, with a little

little of that Liquor,' Anchoves and Butter, and ferving them up, fqueeze on some juice of Orange.

Take Soals, fley and draw them, scotching the one side with your knise, lay them on a dish, and pour on them some Vinegar and Salt, letting them lie in it half an hour, in the mean time set over some water on the sire, White-wine, six cloves of Garlick, and a sagget of sweet-herbs; then put the slesh into the boiling Liquor, with the Liquor wherein they were steep't; being boil'd, drain them well, then beat up your Butter very thick, with Anchoves minced small and dissolved in the Butter; when the sish is dished, pour it thereon, and strow a little grated Nutmes, and minced Orange mixt with the Butter.

Take a pair of Soals, lard them with water'd falt Salmon, then flowre the Soals, and fry them in very strong Ale; being fried, put them into a warm dish, and put to them Anchove-sauce, made of some Gravie in the pan with Anchoves, grated Nutmeg, a little Butter, an Onion slic't small, give it a walm, and pour it on them with slices of Oranges.

6. Pike with Ragoust.

Cut it into pieces, and put it into a pot with White-wine, a bundle of herbs, and Butter very fresh, and season it well with Capers, Lemon cut through with your knife, Rosemary, and Mushroom; then after the sauce is very short, and well thickned, serve it with slices of Lemon and Pomeranate.

Jenebes wish Regoust.

Salt Repper, Mace and an Onion; put in it half apint of White-wine, and a little minced Parsley; and the sauce being very short, thicken it with yolks of Eggs, then serve.

8. Tenches farced with Ragoust.

11 Scald them, and take out the bones, then make a sarce with the siesh, which you shall season; and with it sarce your Tenches, with the yolks of hard Eggs; then seathern a soaking in a dish with a little broth and white-wine, a sew chippings of broad, Mushrooms, if you have any, Sparagus, Melts, and Trousses, then serve.

After they are dreffed, out them in the middle, then pickle them with Salt, Pepper, Onion, and Lemon-peels after they are pickled, take them out and dry them, flowre them with flowre nor allay two or three Eggs with a little flowre and falt, and fry them with refined Eutter; after they are fried, fet them a little a boiling with their pickle, then ferve; and garnish with what you have.

them proportionably to their bigness, feeth them in a por, kettle or skillet, with White or Claret, wine, and season them well with Salt, Clove, Pepper, minced Onion, Chibol, Capers and some crusts of bread; seeth all well together, and when it is enough, and the sauce well thickned and short, serve.

Assert!

II. Cap

11. Carpfarced with Ragoust.

After your Carp is well scaled, emptie it, and cut it along the back-bone, take off the skin, and take out the sless, which you shall mince very small, and season it with Parsley, fresh Butter, Salt, Pepper, Cloves and Mace, a little Gingor, yolks of Eggs, Milk, and Melts, then make a Ray goust with broth, Verjuice, tresh Butter, Mush-sooms, Sparagus, and Chibols, after it is well fod, and the sauce well thickned with chippings and Capers; serve.

14. Oarp fried wish Rayouft.

You must scale it and empty it, then slit it, and take out the bone, powder it with Salt and slower it, then fry it in refined Butter; after it is stied serve it dry with the juice of an Osange over it.

13. Carp boiled with Ragouft.

Empty it as it comes out of the water, flice it on the top, butter it, and put it on the griditon; when it is broiled, make a fauce with fresh Butter passed in the pan, Parsley and Chibol minced very small, Verjuice, Vinegar, and a little broth, season all well, and seeth it with Capers; if you will, serve with a green sauce, and serve as soon as you have put it in.

14. Carp stewed a la mode de Cour.

Take a Carp and split him down the back alive, and put it into boiling Liquor, then take a large stew-pan, and put in as much Claret as will cover it, wash off the bloud, take out the Carp and put into the wine in the dish three or four slic't Onions, three or four blades of large Mace, Gross Pepper and Salt; when the stew-pan boils, put in the Carp, and cover it close; being throughly stewed,

flew'd, dish it up with carved sippets found about it, pour the Liquor on it, it was boiled in, with the spices, Onions, slic't Lemon and its peel; run it over with beaten Batter, and garnish the dish with dried grated bread.

Boale it, and lard it with Salt-Eel, Pepper and Numeg; then make a pudding of some minced Eel, Roach or Dase, some sweet herbs, grated bread, Gloves, Make, Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, yolks, of Eggs, Pistaches, Chesnuts, and the Carps Melt parboit d, and cut into Dice-work, with some stell Eel minced, and among the pudding or farce, dish it up with boaten Butter and slic't Lemon.

Take your Carp as it comes out of the water, empty it and cusin proportionably to its bigness, put it with Vinegar, a very little Salt, Pepper, and minced Onion, then put it with Capers and very fresh Butter, seeth it in a kettle with its implements; and when the sauce is thickned, put it into a dish, lest it should schell of the brass, and serve.

17. Halb of Carps.

Take Carps, scale them, empty them, and take off the skin; cutting it at the gills, and taking it off beneath, after they are unskinned, take off the flesh, and mince it with Parsley, then allay it with some broth and very fresh Butter, season it well, and seeth it with a bundle of herbs; when it is well sod, put to it Cream or Milk, with yolks of Eggs, if you will, and serve, well garnished with Sparagus, and melts of Carps.

Another

Another way after the Italian.

Take your Carp and draw him, then put a little Vinegar into him to make him bleed, and fave the bloud in a pipkin, then wash your Carp and boil him in water, some white-wine, falt and sweetherbs; then take your bloud and put into it the melt of the Carp, cut small some Oisters, Mush. rooms, a few Capers, large Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, let these boil together very leasurely over a gentle fire, then burn a little butter in the pan, to colour your fauce, and serve it on your Carps garnished with Smelts and small shell-fish, as you fee occasion, sliced Lemons, Barberries, Grapes; rub the bottom of your dish with a clove of Garlick before you dish it, dish it upon your bread, being fried and soaked in your sauce.

- 18. Bream with Ragoust.

Emptie it, and put a bundle of herbs into the body of it, melt some Butter, stub it with it on the outlide, and put it on the gridiron; after it is boiled, make a sauce with fresh Butter, Capers, Parsley, and minced Chibols, soak it well with Vinegar, and a little broth; after the fauce is well. thickned; serve.

19. Salmon with Ragoust.

Broil it slicked with Cloves; after it is broiled, put it with a little very fresh butter, wine, salt, pepper, and sugar, stew all together, untill the fauce be short, and almost in a syrup; then serve.

20. Salmon stewed: Cut into flices of the thickness of two or three fingers, and put it after the way of stewing, slicked with Cloves in a kettle with white or red wine, well seasoned with butter, falt and minced onion;

feeth it well with capers, if you have any, when the fauce is short and thickned, serve, and garnish with what you will.

The Irench Cook.

Another way. Wash it clean in Vinegar and Water, and let it lie a while in it, then put it into a great pipkin with a cover, and put to it fix or feven spoonfuls of Water, and four or five of Vinegar, and as much of White-wine, a good deal of Salt, a handful of sweet-herbs, a little white Sorrel, a sew Cloves, a little stick of Cinnamon, a little Mace it put all these in a pipkip close, and set in a kettle of kething water, and let it stew three hours.

21. Tronts Salmon'd.

Seeth and pickle them, and serve them the same way as the common Trouts, of which you have the direction hereunder.

22. Eels souc't in Collers.

Take a good large filver Eel, fley it, and take out the back-bone, wash it, and wipe away the bloud from it, then season it with beaten Nutmeg and Salt, cut off the head, and roul in the rail, being seasoned on the inside, bind it up in a fine white cloth close and streight, then put into a skillet Water and White-wine, of each a like quantity, and some Salt; when it boils, put in the Eel, being boil'd tender, take it up and let it cool; when it is almost cold, take it out of the cloth; pare it, and dish it with a sprig of Rosemary in the middle of the Coller.

23. Eel pouts with Ragoust. Scrape them in warm water untill they be white, empty them, and put them in white-wine, fresh butter, salt, pepper, onion, and capers, stew them

them gently, and have a care that your fauce may not turn, that is, that it do not become oily; garnish with mushrooms and melis, and serve.

24. Ele pours fried with Ragouft.

After they are dreffed, if they are big, flit them on the back, and flowre them, then fry them half with refined butter; put them with Ragoust, and fry into it fresh butter, capers, juice of mushrooms pariley, chibols, falt and pepper, and the fauce being very short and thickned, scrve.

Another way of Ele ponts stewed. After they are scalded, or as many do fley them, cut them, or leave them whole, and stew them with white wine, a little onion, which if you will not have feen, you may flick whole with cloves, falt, pepper, butter, and a bunch of fine herbs; after they are fod, and the fauce very short and thickned, serve; you may put to it capers, anchovies, samphiere, or grapes.

25. Oisters with balf short broth salted.

Blanch them well in water, then pass them in the pan with butter, parfley, chibols, and season them well, stew them with a little white-wine; after they are fod, and the fauce well thickned, ferve.

Anosher ways

As they come out of the shell, put them on the chafen-dish with fresh butter, nutmeg, chibols flicked with cloves, tyme, a few chippings of bread, and the juice of an orange or a lemon; after they are fod, ferve.

Another way.

Take them dead or alive, cleanse and blanch them well, then pass them in the pan with an onion

The French Cooks opion very finall, good fresh butter and capers, gason them well, when they are sod, serve; you may fry them with lard and the same scaloning.

26. Qifters stem'd a la mode.

Open your Oissers, and parboil them in their own liquior, about the quantity of a pottle, then wash them from the dreggs in clean water, beard them and put them into a pipkin with some claret wine, and some of the liquor they were parboil'd in, a whole onion, some salt and pepper, and stew them till they are half done, then put them and their liquor into a frying-pan, fry them a pretty while, put to them a good piece of sweet butter, and fry them therein so much longer, then have a dozen of yolks of Eggs dissolved in wine vinegar, wherein you must put some minced parsley, and some grated Nutmeg, add these ingredients to the oisters, then shake them together in the fryingpan, and serve them up. Otherwayes.

Boil great Oisters in their shells, brown and dry, but do not burn them; then put them into a pipkin, with some sweet butter, the juice of two or three oranges, a little pepper and grated nutmeg, give them a walm, and dish them with caryed sippets, the dish garnished with fine searced Manchet.

27. Oifters with Ragouft. Take them very new, open them, and take beed they be not dry, by firiking one against another; for they which found hollow and dry, are only good for to be salted; after you have taken them out of the shell, take the gravel out of them, and put them in a dish with their water, and fry with fresh butter, onion, parsley well minced, ear pers, and a few chippings of bread; when they are enough, ferve.

28. Oifters in Fritters.

Takethem very new and blanch them, drain and dry them well; make a paste with verjuice or milk; wherewith you shall allay your flowre seasoned with falt; with an egg, or more proportionably, put your oisters into these implements, and take some refined butter, heat it well, and put your oisters therein, one after another; after they ait fried, drain them, and strew on them a little smill falt, beaten nurmeg, lemon peel, and spinage scalded and minced finely, and fried parsley; then ferve.

29. Cifters broiled.

Open them, chuse the best, and let them lie in their shells, for to eat them new, to them which are something altered, put a very little fresh butfer, with a little bread fryed, and a little nutmeg; then let them on the gridiron, after they are rolled, pass the fire-shovel red hot over them, that they may have a colour, and take heed they be not too dry, and serve.

30. Vilain with Ragoust.

After it is dreffed, broil it on the gridiron with a bundle of herbs in the body of it well feafoned, after it is rosted, pass in the pan an onion minced with fresh butter, chippings, capers, and anchovies, all well feafoned according to your tafte; stew all together; and serve.

31. Villain with (hort broth.

Broil it, after it is taken out of its broth; make a fauce Robert, and flew it with it, and ferve with parfley. 32. Villain

32. Villain stewed. You may stew it as a Carp, and season it well with capers, chibols, parfley, and good fresh but-

ter, the fauce being very short, serve.

33. Soies broiled and farced.

Dress them as they come out of the water, and endore them with butter, then put them on the gridiron, with a little farce, or with some fair, and a twig of Sage.

For to make your farce, take forrel, parsley, and raw yolks of eggs, mince and season all together with a twig of thime, then put it into your Soies, and make a sauce with fresh butter, salt, vinegar pepper, chibol, and parsley, all passed in the part, and the fauce very short, serve with a little. nutmeg upon it.

34. Soies broiled without farce. Broil them without farce, make a sauce alike; to which you shall add some capers; then serve:

35. Soies stewed.

Put them as a Carp, thicken the fauce well, garnlih it with your Soies, and serve,

36. Barbels with Ragoust.

If they are small, stew them, seeth them well, and serve; it is all the ragoust that one may give them:

37. Barbel rofted. If they are meanly big, dress them, and broil them on the gridiron, and ferve with a fauce of sharp taste.

38. Barbels with balf short broth. . Take them big enough, put them with the half short broth, with white-wine, fresh butter, falt, pepper, chibols, parfley, and capers ; after

they are well fod, and the fauce thickned; serve, 39. Barbels with (hort broth.

Seeth them in their short broth, after they are fod, take off the skin, and put them on a dish. then make your fauce thickned, and put it over it; which for to make well, take half a pound of new Butter, with a drop of Vinegar, or a little of half short broth; melt it, and as it melteth, put into it one or two yolks of Eggs proportionably, thicken it well, and take heed it becomes not bily.

For to make it with Vinegar alone, take Nutmeg, Salt, Gooseberries, or Verjuice, seeth, all in Butter; when it is fod, take it out of your Butter, and put it with your fauce, then ferve, for the sauce cannot be warmed again, without much prejudice and harma

40. Barbels stewed.

They are done as the Carp, either whole or cut, with Veriuice of Grapes.

41. Dabs in Castrolle.

Dress them, and empty them under the Gills, cleanse them well, and drain them; after they are drained, put them in a bason or a skillet, with Butter, Chibols under, beaten Clove, Salt, Pepper, Capers, a little White-wine or Vinegar, and Mushrooms, seeth all together leasurely, lest the flesh break off; after they are well sod, and the fauce thickned, ferve the white fide underneath, and garnish with your Mushrooms.

42. Burts in Castrolle.

Drefs and fit them as the Dabs, and serve alike.

43. Burts fried. Fry them; and put them with Ragouft, with The French Cook.

the juice of Orange, fresh Butter, a whole Chibol, and minced Caders; then serve.

1 ... 44. Burts broiled. Broil them on the gridiron, and make a fance with butter, Onion, Parley, Salt, Pepper and Vinegar; after all is well fried together, foak it with your Burts; let the fauce be well allayed, and ferve.

45. Pluice in Castrolle.

Dress them as the Dabs, but on the other side, keth, and make them ready alike, and ferve.

46. Plaice rofted.

The Plaice are rofted as the Burts.

Draw them, and wash them clean a then put them in a stew-pan with some White-wine, Butter, some sweet-hetbs, Nutmeg, Pepper, an Onion and Salt; being finely stewed, serve them with beaten Button on carved fippets, with flic't Lemond

Otherwayes. Draw, wash, and scotch them, then fry them not too much, and put them in a flew-pan, puc to them some Claret-wine, grated Nutmeg, Vinegar, Butter, Pepper and Salt, and stew them together with some slices of Orange.

48. Barnicle with Ragoust. Pall it well, and dress it as a Duck, then lard it with great lardons of Ele or Carp, spit it, and in turning it, baste it with Butter, Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, Chibols, and Lemon-peel; after it is half rolled, put it in a pot with water, and the sauce wherewith you have basted it; after it is well sod, and seasoned, put to it Mushrooms, with Capers, and ferve:

49. Bar-

0 2

Dress and lard it as above, then seeth it with water, and season it well, when it is half sod, put to it a quart of white-wine, and feeth it well; then ferve it with parsley over it.

50. Barnicle rofted with Ragouft. Rost it on the spit; after it it is well rosted, put it on the gridiron, and make to it a fauce Ro-

bert, or such other as you will, then serve.

51. Barnicle without bones.

Farce it with what you have, mixed, and minced with the flesh of it, and put it with Ragoust, after it is sod, garnish it also with what you can, as mushrooms, Trouffles, Sparagus, Andovilless, Melts, Riffols, or fleurons, season all well, and ferve.

52. Chewmes with rosted Ragoust.

Empty it at the Gill, and put in it a little Salt, fine herbs, and an Onion, roft it; after it is rofted, make a sauce with fresh Butter, Chibols, minced Parsley, Capers, Gooseberries, or Verjuice, all passed in the pan, and well seasoned, stew it with your Chewme; allay the Liver of it with the fauce, if it is not thickned, or garnish with it; then ferve.

53. Chewme with thort broth. Seeth it with a short broth, and when it is half fod, take it out and fet it on the gridiron, then foak it with a brown fauce, and ferve.

54. Chewme stewed.

Scald it well, feeth it after the way of stewing, after it is stewed very well, and the fauce allayed, so that it be not oily, serve.

55. Lam-

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55. Lampraye with Ragoust.

After it is dreffed, make it ready and serve it as the Alose Roved.

56. Lampray on the gridiron with Ragoust.

After it is dreffed, cut it proportionably to its bigness, then put it on the gridiron; after it is briled, make to it such a sauce as you will, so that it be of sharp taste; then serve.

57. Lampray bak'd to eat bot, after the Italian fashion.

Fley your Lampray, and feason it with Nutmeg, Salt, Pepper, Cinnamon and Ginger; then put it into a dish or Pasty-pan, either cut or whole, put to it Ransins, Currans, Prunes dried, Cherries, Dates and Butter, close it up and bake it; being baked, liquor it with strained Almonds, Grape-Verjuice, Sugar, sweet herbs chopped and boiled all together, serve it with juice of Orange, Whitewine, Cinnamon, and the bloud of the Lampray, and ice it.

58. Lampray with sweet sauce:

Dress and cut it alike, make a fauce with Vinegar, Sugar, two or three Cloves, a little Butter, and a little Salt; stove, and serve. Another may.

Cut into small pieces, and seeth it with Wine, and Sugar, and season it a very little, because of the Sugar, mix with it a little Butter and Capers; then ferve.

59. Eelrosted with a green sauce.

Cut it in length, and roll it on the gridiron, then take Sorrel, or Beets, and take out the juice, fry an Onion very small, seasoned with Salt, Pepper, a drop of Yinegar, minced Capers, and Orange ferve.

ferve.

The French Cook. of bread to allay the fauce; after it is enough, ferve; and, if you will, whiten with yolks of Eggs in Verjuice.

Another way.

You may fry it with refined Butter, or Oil; after it is dreffed, cut the sides, and take out the bones, pickle it a while, and if you will garnish with it, fry it as foon as you will; if it is to serve warm, fry it only when you have use for it; which you shall do after you have dried it well, cut very thin and flowred, or fried in a paste. Serve with juice of Orange or Lemon.

Another way. Broil it as the Lampray, and season it with sharp fauce, with what garnish you will. 64. Sea Eel.

Make it ready as the first Ragoust of common Eel.

65. Sea Eel stemed. Afterit is dreffed, cut it into lumps, and season it as the other stewings.

66. Sea Eel fryed with Ragoust. Make it as the second Ragoust of common Eel; then serve.

67. Lobster with short broth. Seeth it with short broth, well seasoned with what is necessary; after it is sod, cleave it in two, and serve it with Vinegar and Parsley.

68. Lobster with a white sauce. After it is sod, break it, and cut the flesh into , pieces, which you shall fry with Butter, minced Pariley, and a drop of Verjuice, which being

done, take three or four yolks of Eggs with a little Nutmeg, and put them in the pan, serve forthwith

60. Eel stewed.

sauce, and when you are ready to serve, and your

sauce well allayed, pour your juice over it; then

Cut it into pieces, and stew it with Parsley, Ca. pers, White-wine, fresh Butter, all well seasoned; then ferve.

61. Eel like Servelot. Dress your Eel, and skin it; which to do, take it next to the head, and cut it, then with a clout draw the skin downwards; after it is skinned, cleave it in two, and take out the bone, beatit well, and flice it in two, spread your two flice, and put to it pepper, Salt, Butter, and parsley, rowl them up, and tie them very fast, put them into a pot with White-wine well feafoned, and feeth them well; after it is well fod, take it up, and cut it into slices, garnish a plate with it, and

62. Eels rofted. Take a good large filver Eel, draw it, fley and

cut it into pieces three inches long, spit it on a small spit with some Bay-leaves, or large Sageleaves between each piece, spit it cross-wayes, and rost it; being rosted, serve it with beaten Butter and Elder Vinegar and pounded Nutmeg, or serve it with Venison-sauce, dredging it with beaten Caraway-seed, Cinnamon, Flowre and grated bread.

63. Eel with Ragoust. Cut it into pieces, and put it in a pan or skillet with White-wine, Butter, Chibols, minced Parsley, Capers, Salt, Pepper, and a few chippings

meg.

with and garnish with the feet of your Lobster, 69. Lobsters broiled.

Take the tails of your Lobsters and part them in two halves longways, crack the Claws, and fo broil them, broil the barrel whole being falted, and baste it with Tyme, Rosemary, Parsley and Savory; being broiled enough, dish it, and serve it with Butter and Vinegar.

70. Lobsters rosted. Half boil them, then take them out of the shells, and lard them with small lard of Salt Eel, lard the Claws and Tails, and spit the meat on a small spit, with some slices of the Eel, and Sage or Bay-leaves between, stick in the fish here and there a Clove or two, and some sprigs of Rolemary, rost the barrel of the Lobster whole, and baste them with sweet Butter; let your sauce be made of Claret-wine, the Gravie of the Lobsters, juice of Oranges, an Anchove or two, and sweet Butter beaten up thick with grated Nut-

Or thus.

Make a farfing in the barrels of the Lobsters with the meat in them, some Almond-paste, Nutmeg, Tyme, sweet Marjoram, yolks of raw Eggs, Salt, and some Pistaches, and serve them with Venison Sauce.

71. Langoust with short broth. Seeth it, season and fry it as the Lobster, and garnish with the seet of your Langoust; then

72. Langoust with white-sauce. It is done the same way as the Lobster, serve it dry with Parsley,

73. Pike

The French Cook. 73. Pike farced.

Slit it all along the back, and take off the skin from the head to the tail, take out the flesh and the small bones, leave the back-bones for to keep it the firmer when it is farced. Which to do, take half of flesh of Pike, and half of Carp, or of Eel, mince it very small with Parsley, raw yolks of Eggs, Salt, Pepper, fine herbs, Butter and Milk mixed together, with Mushrooms; farce your Pike, and sow it up again, then seeth it in a dripping pan, make your fauce with fish-broth, or pease broth, a drop of Verjuice, and a little Vinegar, which you shall pass in the pan with Parsley, Capers and Mushrooms, which you shall feason and seeth well; serve, and garnish with what you will, after it is well fod.

74. Pike rosted on the spit. Dress it the same way, and spit it, to the end it may hold fast, wrap it with buttered paper, and when it is rosted, take it off the spit, and soak it in the same sauce as the other, and garnish it with Mushrooms, Melts of Carps, Pistaches, Trouffles, and broken Sparagus, and have a care that the fauce be not too fat; then serve with Pomgranate, or Lemon-peel.

75. Fresh Mackerels rosted.

Rost them with Fennel, after they are rosted, open them, and take out the bone; then make a good fauce with Butter, Parsley, and Gooseberries, all well seasoned; soak your Mackerels a very little with your sauce; then serve.

76. Fresh Herring broiled.

Empty them at the gills, and broil them on the gridiron, moistened with Butter; after they are broiled

broiled, make a fauce with fresh Butter, a drop of Vinegar, Salt, Pepper and Nutmeg, mix some Mustard with it. and serve.

77. Herrings wish brown sauce.

After your Herrings are broiled, make a brown fauce, making your butter brown in the pan with Parsley, and Chibols minced, which you shall put into your brown Butter with a drop of Vinegari if you will put to it Capers, and serve.

. 78. Pilchers of Royant.

After you have scaled them, make them ready as the broiled Herrings, serve with a white or brown sauce with Multard.

79. Rochet with Ragoust.

After it is well dreffed, put it into a dish, and season it well, with Butter, Salt, Pepper, a bundle of Herbs, Mushrooms, minced Parsley, Verjuice and broth; seeth it between two dishes; after it is fod, serve it with a sauce thickned; as for the garnish, you shall put some, if you have any, if not, you shall let it alone. You may also make it ready as the Grenost which followeth.

80. Crabs fryed.

Take Crabs and boil them; being cold, take the meat out of the great Claws, flour and fry it, and take the meat out of the body, strain half of it for fauce, and the other half to fry, and mix it with grated bread, Almond-paste, Nutmeg, Salt, and yolks of Eggs, fry it in clarified Butter, being first dipped in Butter, putting in a spoonful at a time; thenslet your sauce be made of Wine-Vinegar, Butter, juice of Oranges and grated Nutmeg, beat up your Butter thick, and put some of the meat that was strained into the sauce, lay the

meat

meat on the fauce, and run it over with beaten Butter, fried Parfley round the dish brim, and the small leggs round the meat.

81. Granost with Ragoust.

Dress and slit it, then butter it well on the outfide, and broilit on the gridiron; after it is broiled, make a brown fauce, with which you shall foakit, for to cause it to take falt, and the savour of what you have put to it, serve.

82. Fresh Cod broiled wish Ragoust.

After it is dreffed, you must butter it, and broil it on the gridiron, scasoned with Salt and Cloves sticked; as it is broiling, baste it with Butter; after it is broiled, make a sauce with very fresh Butter, into which, after it is half brown, you shall put some minced Parsley, and if you will, some Onion or Chibol, which you may take out, for such as are fantastical; mix a little broth with it, a drop of Vinegar and minced Capers; foak your Cod in its sauce; when you are ready to serve, put some Mustard in it, if you will; then serve.

83. Cod with half short broth.

Seeth it with white-wine, falt, pepper, and a bundle of herbs; after it is fod, drain it, and make a sauce with butter, a little of its short broth; a little nutmeg and falt; fet it on the fire, and turn it well; in turning of it, allay it with two yolks of eggs; and pour on it your Cod; then serve.

84. Fresh Cod with Ragonst.

After it is scaled, emptie it, slit it at the top, then put it into a dripping pan, or into a flat bason, with good butter, salt, pepper, and beaten cloves, some chibols under, broth or pease-broth, boil all, and put to it some parsley, a drop of vinegar,

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vinegar, and a few chippings of bread over it; feeth it before the fire, or in an oven, which is best; after it is sod, serve.

Take it unfalted, scrape it, and seeth it in a kettle with fresh water, boil it a very little, and scum it; after it is scummed, take it off the sire, and cover it with some table-cloth in double; when you are ready to serve, set it a draning; make a sauce with some butter alone, take heed that it curdle not, put it upon your sish, and serve with parsley on it, and about it.

Take the flesh of Carp, Eel, and Tench, mince them together, and season them with a little butter very fresh, with capers, sampeir, some blades of large mace, and fine herbs; set up all into a linnen cloth, and tie it, then seeth it with white-wine like short broth; after it is sod, set it a draining; after it is drained, untie it, cut it into slices, and serve it on a plate as a Gammon of Bacon.

Take your Muscles and wash them very clean, and boil them either in water or beer and salt, then take them out of the shells and beard them, fry them in clarified butter, and being tried, put away some of the butter, and put to them a sauce made of their own liquor, some sweet-herbs chopped, a little white wine, nutmeg, three or four yolks of eggs dissolved in wine-vinegar, salt, and some slic't Oranges, give them a walm or two in the frying-pan, make the sauce pretty thick, and dish them in the scollop shells.

Take as much water as will cover your Museles, set it a boiling; when it boils, put in your Museles, being clean washed, put some Salt to them; being boil'd, take them out of the shells and beard them very well, then wash them in warm water, wipe them dry, slowre them, and say them crisp; serve them with beaten Butter, juice of Orange and sryed Parsley, or sryed Sage dipt in Butter, fried Elicksander leaves, and slic't Oranges.

88. Museles.

Cleanse them, and boil them a very little with a bundle of herbs, as soon as they are opened, take them up, and take them out of the shell, then fry them with fresh butter, Parsley, and mineed Chibols, seasoned with Pepper and Nútmeg, then allay some yolks of Eggs with Verjuice, and mix them together, serve, and garnish with the best shaped of their shells.

Dress it, wash it well, and take off the slime which is upon it, then empty it, and take out the liver very neatly, and the gall also, if your Ray is big, take off the two sides also, and leave the body; seeth them with White-wine, or Verjuice, Salt, Pepper, large Mace, Onion, and sine herbs; when they are sod, let them take salt a little, and take heed of the rellish of the brass; after that, take them out, and take off the skin, make a brown sauce with Butter, Parsley and Chibol, very small, and fried with brown Butter; put a drop of Vinegar to it, a piece of Liver, and soak it with it; serve with Gooseberries, or Verjuice

juice in the season, and garnished on the top with the rest of the Liver which you had in the kettle, your Ray being half sod, and cut it into slices.

90. Smelts with Ragoust.

File them up together into rows, thrusting a small twig through their eyes, slowre and say them, put to them a little small Sale, and take out the twig, as you put them in the dish, then serve with Orange or Lemon.

91. Scollops stemed.

Boil them very well in white-wine, fair water and falt, take them out of the shells, and stew them with some of the liquor, Elder Vinegar, two or three Cloves, some large Mace, and some sweet herbs chopped small; being well stewed together, dish sour or sive of them in Scollop-shells with beaten Butter, and juice of Oranges.

92. Tripes of Cod fried.

Seeth them, and after they are fod, fry them with Butter, Onion minced or Chibols, Parsley, Salt and Pepper, and at the latter end some Vinegar, and a little Nutmeg. You may whiten them with yolks of Eggs and with Verjuice; and serve.

93. Cuttles fried.

Boil them, after they are enough, cut them into pieces, and fry them as the tripes of Cods, and ferve.

94. Poor John fried.

After it is well watered, cut it into pieces, and feeth it, after it sod drain it, and fry it with Butter, Onion, Pepper, Nutmez, and Vinegar, then serve.

95. Poor

You may put it with Butter, a drop of Verjuice, and some Mustard, you may also mix with it some supers and Chihols.

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You may serve it with Oil, Vinegar, and Onion minced.

96. Joal of Salmon with brown Sauce. Unsalt it well, scale it, boil it in water, and

seth it proportionably, as it is thick, then let it self; when you will use it, make a brown sauce, with Butter, Onion, Pepper, Vinegar, put it over

it and ferve. 97. Salmon rofted.

Take a Rand or Jole, cut it into four pieces, and season it with a little Nutmeg and Saltistick a few Cloves, or you may lard it with pickled Herring, or a sat salt Eel; then put it on a small spit, puting between every piece some Bay-leaves, and slick it with little sprigs of Rosemary, rost it, and baste it with butter, save the Gravie, and when it is rosted enough, mingle the Gravie with sweet Butter, Wine-Vinegar, and some slices of Orange, and pour the sauce thereon.

Another way.

After it is sod, drain it, and let it cool; and serve it with minced Onion, Oil and Vinegar.

After it is fod, put it with Oil, Vinegar, Creffes, or other such Sallat as you will, and some Capers, if you have any; then serve.

Dress them, and cut them into slices, or pieces of the thickness of three inches, slick them with Cloves,

Cloves, and put them into a pot with Salt, Pep. and feeth them leasurely with a short broth, per, Vinegar, and some Bay-leaves; cover it well and when you will use it, water your pieces, and feeth them with Wine; serve them dry, or with a brown fauce, seasoned with what you will.

100. Mackerels Salted. Slit them along the belly, and falt them; for to use them water them, and seeth them in water, aster they are fod, serve them with Parsley, Vinegar and Pepper, you may put some Oil if you will.

Another tray. After they are fod, make a fauce to them with Butter, Onion, Vinegar, Pepper, and Mustardi flove and serve.

101. Pickled Herring. Take falt Herrings as foon as they come out of the Sea, gill and gut them, and so barrel them, and when you will use them, water them, drain

and dry them, then broil them and serve with Mustard or with Pease.

Another way, You may serve them stewed, cutting them into pieces, and keething them with Onion and Butter.

102. Red Herrings. After they are half falted, thred them, and hang them a smoaking in the Chimney, when you will use them, open them and steep them in Milk; for to serve, take them out, and broil them a very little on the gridiron, and serve, if you will, with Mustard.

103. Ordinary Trones. Dress them at the gills, pickle them; after they are pickled, flit them according to their bignes, foned with all what is fitting, and whereof you hall find the making in feveral places of the Fish fervices; and take heed that their flesh do not break from the bones; after they are fod, forve hem whole with Parsley, in a placed Napkin, 104. Tamarine Carps, Mullet, Gurnes,

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Rochet or Whale, & C. Take a quart of Water, to a gallon of Vinegar, good handful of Bay-leaves as much Rosemary, a quarter of a pound of Pepper beaten; put all these together, and let it seeth softly, and heason it with a little Salt; then fry your Fish with frying Oil till it be enough, then put it in an earthen veillel, and lay the Bay-leaves and Rolemary between and about the fush, and pour the broth upon it, and when it is cold, cover it, &c.

W. After they are dreffed and well blanched, cut them in pieces, and put them in line paste, or puts-paste, with some garnish, as Melts of Carps, Capers, Simpiere, pickled Cabbage, Pine-leeds, broken Sparagus, Mushrooms, yolks of Eggs, and season all well; then serve.

106. Eel Pie. Cut it into round flices, and put it in your sheet bi paste, well seasoned with yolks of Eggs, Parfley, Mushrooms, Sparagus, Melis, Verjuice of Grapes, or Gooleberries, in the season; do not spare Butter, Salt nor Pepper, cover your Pie, and endore it; for to keep it up, take some small bindings of paper, butter them, and put them

round about it, and tie them softly with a thread's bake it, and after it is baked, allay three yolks of Eggs,

Eggs, with a drop of Verjuice and a little Nutmeg. and when you are ready to serve, put it in and mix it well, then open it, and serve it garnished round about with the crust into four.

Or thus in the English fashion.

Take half a dozen good Eels, fley them, and take out the bones, mince them, and season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, then lay some Butter in the Pie, and lay a lay of Eel, and a lay of water'd salt Eel, cut into great lard, as big as your finger, lay a lay of it, and another of mined Eel; thus lay five or fix lays, and on the top lay on some whole Cloves, slic't Nutmeg, Butter and some slices of salt Eel, then close it up and bake its when baked, fill it up with clarified Butter, and close the vent.

Another way thus. Season your Eel with Nutmeg, Pepper and Sale, then lay them into your Pie, then put to it a few Chibols, or an onion minced, a few sweet herbs, and Lemon-peel minced, then put on it some. Mushrooms, and a few Capers, some pickled Purslain, sliced Lemon, Grapes, and good store of Butter when you serve it, the liquor above expres-

fed, is good to liquor it withall.

107. Pie of Grenoft. Dress your Grenost, or many, if you have them, and flit them at the top, make a sheet of fine paste, of what shape you will, make up your Pie, and when it is made up, put your fish in it; garnished with what you have, as Mushrooms, Capers, Parsley minced, hard yolks of Eggs, bottoms of Artichokes, and broken Sparagus, all well seasoned with Butter, Salt, Pepper and Nutmeg; then

COVET

and endore it. If it be raifed, bind about it a butter'd paper, bake it, and forget not to give it rent, as loon as it hath taken erack, for it would take it of it felf, and it may be, beneath, and fo all the fance should be lost, which you could not put in again the same way. After it is baked, make an allaying with yolks of Eggs raw, and a drop of Versuice, and put it into your Pie at the top with a funnel, and mix it well on all fides with flirring of it; ferve it warm, and garnished sodut with the upper crust, cut as you will.

198 Salmon in ftew'd broth. Take a Jole, Chine or Rand, put it into a flewpan with as much Claret-wine as will cover it! some Raising of the Sun, Prants, Currans, large

Mace, Cloves, whole Cinnamon, flic't Ginger and Salt; fet it a flewing over a fofe fire, and when ie boils, put in some thickning of strained bread, or flowro strained with some Prunes; being stewed,

dish it up on sippets, the fruit on it with slic't Lemon, and some Sugar in the fauce. 109. Small Pier of Fish.

Take out the bones of a Carp, and of an Eel, mince the fielh with Parsley; a small twig of thime, and some Butter; after it is mell minced, and leafoned, with Nutineg, make a fine patte, and make up your Pics of what bigness you will, fill them, cover them and endore them; upon the big ones you may put a head after they are bau' ked, fervei

110. Pie of Plaice. After they are dreffed, make up your Pie of the bigness of your Plaices, and put them in , stitted only on the top, and garnished with Mulhinoms, Sparagus,

Sparagus, Artichokes, Capers, and hard yolks of Figgs, all well seafoned with very fresh Butter, Sald Pepper, minced Pariley, and a flice of Lemon, or Orange; cover and bake it; when it is baked mix with it some yolks of Eggs allayed with Veb Juice; then, serves

par in arain the first were Mis. of the post & for Taure of Melgen yet and Sain Whiten them well, and drain them, then make your theet of patte mand garnith it with Melts of Caprs, Mushrooms, Trouffles, Capers, hard yolks of Eggs, broken Sparagus, bottom of Artichokes Salt, Mace, Papper, Parfley and fresh Butter; cover it, and bake it in the Oven, or in a Tourt-Pan, Endore it with Eggs, if de be in flesh-times after it hath taken crust, give it went a when it is baked, uncover it very nearly, cut the lid into lours putitingund about, and ferve-painted and the 20 showed write of to reduce of sment of any allow However are incorrectly from Perform to a restriction of the control of the contr

The way of making Eggs ready for the 10 give to a police I miso die comim berger I Eggs farceds emol to a comim TAke Sorrel alone it you willings with other A herbs, wash, and swing their then minco them very small, and put them between two dilhes with frelh Butter, or pals them in the pan 31 after they are passed, soak and season them; afteri your farce is fod, take fome hard Eggs, cut them

yolks,, and mince them with your farce, and after. all is well mixed, flew them over the fire, and put

into halves, across or in length, and take out the

.The French Cook. to it a little Nutmeg, and lerve garnished with the whites of your Eggs which you may make brown in the pan with brown Butter. 2. Eggs with bread.

Take bread, crumb it, and pass it through a framing pan, if you will melt fome Butter, being melted, put it with your bread; and fome Sugar, men chuse some very new laid Eiggs, as many as you have occasion for, and beat them well with your bread, Sugar, Butter, Salt, and a little Milk ;. for to feeth them, melt a piece of Butter very hot, put your implements into it, and feeth it; for to give them a colour, pass the fire-shovel red hot over them, and serve your Eggs sugar'd. You; may make them ready in a dilh, or in a Tourt-. ban.

3. Eggs in Moon Shine. Take them very new, melt a piece of very fresh Butter in them, put in your Eggs and a little Salt; when they are enough, put a little Nutmeg on them, and take heed the yolks do not break, nor be two hard; then ferve.

4. Eggs with black Butter. Break very new-laid Eggs in a dish, and have a care that the volks do not break, put Salt to them, make some Butter brown in the pin, and seeth them in it; after they are enough, put a drop of Vinegar in the pan, passit over the fire, pour it on your Eggs, and serve. 5. Eggs with Milk.

Break your Eggs, Tilt them and fugar them if you will, beat them well, and mix your milk with them; for to feeth them, melt a little fresh Butter. in a dilh; after it is melted, put your implements

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in it, feeth them, and give a colour with the fire, shovel; when they are enough, sugar and serve.

6. Eggs with Sornel.

Take very young Sorrel, after it is very clean and drained, put it between two diffies with Butter, Salt and Pepper, and when it is well confumed allay the yolk of an Egg with it, and garnish it with Eggs cut into quarters, or as you will, and ferve.

For to keep your Eggs alwayes fresh, put them into fresh water.

7. Eggs fried into flices.

Make them hard, take them out of the shell, and cut them into flices, then fry them with good Butter, Parsley, Chibols minced, Pepper, Goose berries, or Verjuice of Grapes; after they are well fried and seasoned; put them into a dish with a drop of Vinegar passed in the pan. If the sauce is too short, put in it a drop of broth, then serve with Nutmeg; if you will, mix with it Capers, Mushrooms broken Sparagus, fried before you mix them, as also Muthrooms, for it would not be good otherwise.

8. Eggs peached in mater.

Take the newell you can get, boil some water, and when it boils, break your Eggs in it, let them feeth a little, striking on the handle of the skillet, lest they stick on the bottom, and burn, then take them out sofily, and drain them. For to serve, make a brown fauce, or green, with a handful of Sorrel, whereof you shall take out the juice, then melt a little butter, with Salt, Nutmeg, and the yolk of an Egg, all well seasoned and allayed together;

gether; after this you shall put your juice in them, and stir them, and serve forthwith.

9. Eggs with Cream.

Break some Eggs proportionably, take out half of the yolks, and beat them well with Sugar and Salt, mix your Cream with them, and feeth all in iskillet; after it is sod, serve them upon a plate, and fugar. If you will give a colour, you may do it with a hot fire-shovel; and if you do love sweet odours, you may put some.

10. Cream Frayze.

Break some Eggs, take out half of the whites, season them with Salt and Cream, and beat all well together, warm some Butter, a little more than ordinary; and when it is enough, serve it in square, or triangle, or as it is, and sugar it well if you will.

11. Parsley Frayze. Break your Eggs, and season them with Sale, Parsley minced small, and Chibols, if you will, beat them well with Butter, and make your Frayze, after it is made, you may rowl it if you will, and cut it into round flices, garnish a plate with it, fugar, and ferve as readily as you can.

12. Eggs with Verjuice.

After you have broken your Eggs, season them with Salt, and beat them well, take out the treads, and take out some embers, over which you shall turn them, in putting into them some Butter, and Verjuice of Grapes beaten, and paffed in the pan; when they are enough, serve, but have a care they be not too thick.

13. Eggs with Anchovies. Cleanse well your Anchovies, and water them, changing

changing often their water or wine, take out the bone, and fet them a melting in a dish with very fresh butter; when they are melted, break some Eggs, according to the proportion of your fauce; and after they are fod and mixed, ferve them with a little Nutmeg. 1 14. Eggs with Cheefe.

Take Butter and Cheese, and melt them together, which you may do eafily, flicing your Cheefe very thin; when they are melted, break as many Eggs as you think may feeth in what you have melted; after they are well beaten, put them over the fire, and fiir them as they feeth; and when they are sod, not too thick, serve with a little Nutmeg.

15. Eggs mingled, or stirred together.

Melt some Butter with Eggs in a dish, seasoned with Salt, a little Pepper and Nutmeg; when they are on the fire, stir them with spoon until they be enough, and ferve.

16. Eggs in Moon shine with Cream.

Make a bed of Butter in your dish, and break your Eggs over it, after they are broken, scason them with Salt, then put some Cream to them until they be hidden, or some Milk, so that it be good, feeth them, and give them colour with the fire-shovel red, then serve.

17. Eggs made in glasses.

Make a preparation like that of the Eggs with bread, and add some Cream to it which is not fowre, and a little Sugar, and a few crumbs of bread, then take some serneglasses, put them on a plate near the fire with a very little Butter in them; when the Butter is melted, put also your implements in these glasses; as they are before the

fire they will feeth, but as they feeth turn them, after they are fod, pour them out upon another plate, they will come out of the glasses the sharp end upwards; serve them thus, and garnish them with Cinnamon and Lemon-peel preserved.

18. Farced Frayze. Break your Eggs, and put more yolks than whites, put to them some remnant of Farces, if. you have any, or make one of purpole, with all forts of herbs according to your take, and feeth it with butter or lard, then serve your Fraize sugar'd, if you will, and bend it square, or triangle, or roul it up to cut into flices.

19. Eggs in Snow.

Break fome Eggs, fever the whites from the yolks, put the yolks in a dish upon Butter, and stason them with Salt, and set them upon hot cinders; beat and whip well the whites, and a little before you ferve, pour them on the yolks with a drop of Rose water, and hold the fire-shovel over them; then sugar and serve.

20. Eggs fried.

Take fifteen Eggs and beat them in a dish, then have interlarded Bacon cut into small bits like Dice, and fry them with chopped Onions and put to them Cream, Nutmeg, Cloves, Cinnamon, Pepper, and sweet herbs chopped small, serve them with scraped Sugar and juice of Orange.

21. Eggs dreffed bard.

Put some Butter into a dish with some Vinegar or Verjuice, and Salt; the butter being melted, put in two or three yolks of hard Eggs, dissolve them in the Butter and Verjuice for the sauce; then have hard Eggs, part them in halves or quar-,

fire

ters, lay them in the fauce, and grate some Nurmeg over them.

22. Eggs buttered.

Take a score of Eggs, more at less, whites and yolks as you please, break them into a dish with some Salt, and set them over a quick Charcoal-fire, ftir them with a filver spoon; being well butter'd, put to them the juice of three or four Oranges, Sugar, grated Nutmeg, and sometimes beaten Cinnamon, and so serve them.

23. Egg beske

Take a large dish, lay a lay of slices of Cheese between two lays of toffed cheat bread, put on them some clear Mutton-broth, green ordinary Peasebroth, or any other clear Pottage that is seasoned with Butter and Salt, cast on some chopped Parfley grofly minced, and upon that some poached Eggs.

24. Eggs in the Portugal fashion.

Strain the yolks of a score of Eggs, and beat them very well in a dish, put to them some Musk and Rose-water; then stew your Eggs on a soft fire; being stewed dish them on a french plate, and scrape Sugar thereon.

25. Eggs a la Huguenotte.

Break a dozen and half of Eggs, and beat them well together, put to them the pure Gravie of a leg of Mutton; sir and beat them well over a Chafen-dish of Coals with a little Salt, put to them the juice of Orange and Lemon, or Grape Verjuice; then put in some Mushrooms well scasoned and boiled. Observe, as soon as your Eggs are well incorporated with the Gravie and the other ingredients; then take them off from the

the fire, keeping them covered a while; then ferve them with some grated Nutmegrover them. 16. Rigs Taufie fastion.

Take two dozen of Eggs, only the yolks, and frain them on Flesh dayes, with about half a pint of Gravic; on Fifth-dayes, with Oream, Milk and Salt, with four Machrooms finally sared, as much Bisket, some Rose water, a little fack, and a quarter of a pound of Sugar; put to these a piece of Butter, as big as a Wallnut, and fet them on a Chafen-dilh with some preserved Cicron, and fome pounded Pistaches; being well buctered, distiit on a plate, and crown it with a hot fire-shovel, flrow on fine Sugar, and flick it with preferved Lemon peel in thin flices.

. 17. TEggs and Almonds. Take eighteen Eggs and firain them with half a pound of Almond-paste, and half a pint of Sack, Sugar, Nutmeg and Rofe water, fet them on the fire, and when they are enough, flick them with blanched and flic't Almonds and Wafers, then scrape on some Sugar, and trim the dish with 28. Eggs broit'd. , your finger.

Take an Ovem prel and hear it red hot, and having blown off the duft, breakly our Eggs thereon, and put them into a hor Oven, or brown them on the top with a red hor fire fliovel; being finely broil'd, put them into a eiffh with some Gravic, a little grated Nutmeg and Elder Vincgar.

29. Egg grandfare I diffr.

Boil a dozen Eggs hard, and part them in halves long wayes, take out the yolks, minee them, and put to them some sweet herbs mireed small, some

boil'd Currans, Salt, Sugar, Cinnamon, the yolks of two, or three raw Eggs, and some Almondpaste, mix all together, and fill the whites; then lay them in a dish with the yolks downwards with some Butter and bake them; serve them with carved Sippets, flic't Orange and Sugar.

1 10 30. Eggs compounded as big as twenty.

Take twenty Eggs, part the yolks from the whites, and strain the whites by themselves, and the yolks by themselves, then have two Bladders, boil the yolks in the one fast tyed up as round as a ball, being boiled hard, put it into another Bladder with the whites about it, bind it up round like the former; being boil'd, it will appear like one perfect Egg: This serves for grand Sallets.

31. Eggs butter'd on Tofts. Take a dozen and half of Eggs, and beat them in a dish with some Salt, and put Butter to them, then take large Manchets, out them into Tofts, and tost them against the fire with a pound of fweet Butter; being well butter'd, lay the Tofts in a dish, put the Eggs on the Tosts, and garnish the dish with Pepper, and Salt.

32. Eggs the Polonian way.

Take a dozen Eggs and beat them in a dish, then have bread steeped in Gravie; beat them together in a mortar with some Salt, then put a little preserved Lemon-peel into it, adding some Butter; then butten them according to former directions, and serve them upon Sippets.

33. Eggs or Quelque Chofe. Set on a Skillet either full of Milk or Water, make the liquor boil; then have a score of Eggs. beaten together with Salt, and some sweet-herbs chopped,

shopped, tunethern through a Cullender into the bealing liquor a being not too hard boiled, take them up, and dish them with besten Butter, juice of Orange and Lemonsy record it suggested 2. Downsdank

The Aread Cist.

You may put the yolks in the middle of your Show, which is made with your whites of Eggs whipped, and seeth them before the fire with a dish behind it was their the training of 34. Egg Pricafer . S.

Beat twelve Eggs with Gream, Sugar, Nutmeg, Made and Role water; then have two or three Rippins cut in round flices through Core and all! out them, in a frying pant, and fry them with figeet Butter ; when they are enough; take half the Eggs and Cream; and fry themin other fresh Butter, fir it like a Tansie; when enough, dish ie on a french plate , and put to it the juice of an Orange and fome fcrap'e Sugarding and was more क्षेत्रके वर्ष अवस्थानिक विकास है महिला है महिला है है brode and with the burney S. B. B. was specifical Most of the state Congress and a chop or the gur, pour year langs

The Manner and Method how to ferve the fecond Course of Fish. monde comme Tie Turbos in Gaftrolle a grade que Sme

The Resistand empty is under the bolly, Mitthig! Dit there very neatly or other will the gills ! put it into a pan with White-wind until it steeps, and leafon it well with Salt, Pepper, Cloves, large Mace, fine herbs) us Referrary, Thime, and Odluc on, and let it feeth leafurely, left the flesh should it break V. Si 2013 13

break off from the bones; after it is fod, let it reft a very little, less it should take the taste of brass serve it garnished with flowers and parsley. The You may gut it before you seeth it thus.

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but that the short broth must not be of so shap a taste, because it taketh salt sooner, being this ner; after it is sod, serve it with parsley upon the

3. Vives, or Seardragous broiled on she Gridiron.

They are dangerous, by reason of three priviled which they have about the head, therefore when you dress them, remember to scrape them, and to sut off these three prickles, and the head at the gills, whereat you shall empty them; when they are thus dressed, and emptile, shit them on the outside, and inch some Butter, and pour some into the slits; with Salt and clove, then set them on the gridien; when they are broiled, make a brown sauce with sresh Butter, Salt and Pepper, minced Parsley, Gooseberries, or Verjuice of Grapes, and a drop of Vinegar, pour your sauce on them, and serves

After they are dreffed, dry them, and if they are big, flit them along the back, flowre them, and fry them in fallar Oil, or refined Butter; when they are fixed, powder them with Salt on the outfide, and ferve with Orange.

Empty it at the gills, and flice it along the back, and put it in your thore broth well feafoned s-when it is enough, serve.

6. Sturgeon

6. Sturgeon Olio. Take some Sturgeon, and mince it with fresh kel, put to it some sweet-herbs minced small some grated bread, yolks of Eggs, Salt, Nutmeg, Pepper, some Gooleberries, Grapes or Barberries, and make it into finall rolls; then take fresh-fish, kaled, washed, dried, and parted into equal pieces. feafon them with Pepper, Nutmeg, Salt, and fet them by , then make ready thell fish , and feafon them as before; then take Potato's, Skirrets, Artichokes and Chesnurs, boil them, cleanse them, & scafon them with the former spices: next have yolks of hard Eggs, large Mace, Barberries, Grapes or Gooleberries, and Butter; make your Pic and put Butter in the bottom of it, mix them all together, and fill your Pie therewith, then put in two or three Bay-leaves, and a few whole Cloves, mix the minced balls among the other meat and roots; then lay on the top Tome large Mace, Potato's Barberries, Pistaches, Chesnuts and Butter, beaten

You may serve it broiled on the gridiron, but in the second course, you must put it with short broth, and serve it as the Salmon, except when it is sod, you take two or three Napkins plated, and put them over it beforead with parsley, and thus you serve.

8. Grenast in Castrolle.

with the juice of Oranges, cut open the cover,

Although it is commonly lerved with thort broth, yet tor the second course, it may be served in Castrolle, which to do, you must put it into a pipkin, season it well and garnish it with Mush-rooms

when it is fod, the flesh do not break off from the

9. Bescard with short broth.

Make ready and serve it as the Sturgeon above Article o. with three Napkins strewed with parsley.

It is served and made ready the same way, as the Sturgeon and Bescard above, but that the seething of it is much longer; when it is enough, serve.

Cut it into pieces, and roll it on the spit, as it rosteth, baste it with Butter, Salt, Vinegar, and Pepper; after it is well rosted, baste it with another sauce made with Butter and minced Onion, then mix all together and soak it, mix a little slower with it, and serve.

They are made ready the same way, as in the discourse of the first courses of fish.

Dress and prepare it for to put it with short broth, which you shall make ready the same way as that of the Barbels; when it is sod, serve it dry with Parsley in a Napkin over it.

The French Cook.

After it is well dressed and cleansed, pickle it with Vinegar well seasoned, and a little before you serve, fry it with refined Butter, or with sallat soil; when it is well fried and crisp, set it a draining, and bestrew it with small Salt; then serve it whole, or the two sides set together again, with Orange.

Cut the Fish into thin slices, hack it with a knife, and it will be ribbed, then fry it almost brown with Butter, take it up, draining all the Butter from it, make clean the pan, and put it in again with Claret, slic't Ginger, Nutmeg, Anchove, Salt and Saffron beaten, fry it till half be consumed; then put in a piece of Butter, shaking it well together with a minced Lemon, and rub the dish with a clove of Garlick.

After they are well scalded, you may put them with short broth, as abovesaid, and serve them with parsley.

You may also put the Chewme with short broth, serving it with the scales, well seasoned with parsley in a napkin over it.

19. Chewmes broiled.

As it comes it of the short broth, put it on the gridiron; when it is broiled, make a sauce like Sauce Robert, and stew all together, but a very little; then serve, and if you will, put some capers to it:

After it is lealed and dreffed at the gills well eleanfed

cleanfed and dryed, frie it in fresh Butter, and forme of the Pike-broth, then set it on the something sharp, because this Fish is sweet of it self; put into it Capers, Anchovies, Mushrooms, and thicken your fauce with a few chippings of bread passed in the pan.

Or otherwise make a Farce with Sorrel well seasoned, and after it hath boiled a very little, lerve.

20. Fresh Cod.

Put it after the way of short broth, and let it boil but a very little, and take it out again; then let it rest, and cover it with a table-cloth or a napkin, and when you will serve, drain it, make a fauce thickned, and ferve with parfley.

21. Breame rosted. After it is dreffed, broil it on the gridiron, and

butter it on the top; when it is rosted, make a fauce with fresh Butter, Parsley, and Chibols, Vinegar, Salt and Pepper, put all together, and

ferve.

Another way.

You may put it with short broth, and then broil it, and after, a fauce with very fresh Butter, parsley and Chibols minced, pass all in the pan; and when you will serve, mix with it some Sorrel juice, and ferve.

22. Pike boil'd in white broth.

Cut your Pike in three pieces, then boil it in water, salt and sweet-herbs, pu in the fish when the liquor boils; then take the yolks of fix Eggs, beat them with a little Sack, Sugar, melted Butter,

broil it well, then flit it all'along the back, take out pals to keep it warm, flir it left it curdle; then all the the bones and tailtogether all the the bones, and close it up again, take the like up your Pike, put the head and tail together Melt, and with any taking out the Melt, and with store of good herbs make a fauct in a dish, cleaving the body in two, taking out the sick-bone, then pour the broth on it, garnishing the dish with Sippers, strowing on fine Sugar.

23. Pike with blew.

Dress it as it comes out of the water, and cut it, or leave it whole, and in this last water, slice it Ill along, then put it in a bason, and take Salt, Vinegar, Onion, Pepper, and Lemon, or Orangemel good store, boil all together a very little, pour it on your Pike, and presently it becomes blew ; to feeth it, boil your White-wine well feasoned with Salt, put your pike into it, and let it feeth tafte your short broth, if it be strong enough, and ket the pike rest in it, until it hath taken a taste, have a care that it do not remain too long in it, and in this case, take it out until you be ready to ferve, which you shall do warm, with Parsley in a Napkin.

24. Pike boil'd a made de Londres!

Take a live Pike, draw him, and flit the River; with him clean from the bloud, and lay him in a Tray, then put some Salt and Vinegar to it; then fet on a kettle with water and falts, and when it boils, put in your Pike, boil it but foftly; when enough, make your fauce of beaten Butter, juice of Lemon, Grape Verjuice, on Wine Vinegar, dish up the Pike on carved Sippets, and pour on the fauce, garnish the dish with scalded Parsley, large Mace, Barberries, flic't Lemon, and Lemon-25. Pike with fauct.

After it is sod as abovesaid, take off the skin.

The Acench Cook.

and take a drop of your short broth, put it in then dress them, wash them, put them between dish with half the yolk of an Egg well allows them dress them, and dry them, set aside them dish with half the yolk of an Egg well allayed fome very fresh Butter, and Nutmeg; let the sauce be well thickned, and well scasoned with Salt, Chibols and peel, and if you will, put in it Anchovies; but take heed it become not oily, and ferve your Pike hot.

26. Trouts with thort broth.

Slice them proportionably to their bigness, and give some strength to your short broth; before you feeth them, dress them at the gills, and pickle them; after which let them feeth leafurely, lest the slesh leave the bones; after they are enough, serve them with Parsley in a Napkin plated, which you shall cover with flowers in the season.

27. Trouts Salman'd.

Make them ready, and serve them as the common Trouts above written.

28. Perches with short broth.

As they come out of the water, dress them at the gills, and put them in a short broth of Whitewine, well feafoned with all kinds of good things, as Pepper, Salt, Cloves, large Mace, Lemon or Orange-peel, Chibols and Onion; after they are sod, take them out, and take off the skin; make a fauce with a drop of your short broth, allayed with Vinegar, the yolk of an Egg, an Onion in quarters, fresh Butter, Salt, and a very little of white Pepper; mix all together readily over the fire, pour it on your Perches, and serve.

29. Eel pouts.

Make some water lukewarm, put them in it, take them out a while after, take off the slime with a knife, and thus you shall make them all white; then

Wo linnen Clothes, and dry them, set aside them which are big, and slie them on the top, for to ferve to the Oil or refined Butter, with Salt and Orange, scrve. 30. Eel pouts in Caftrolle.

Put your Eel-pouts in Castrolle, and season them with Butter, Salt, beaten Cloves, Pepper, large Mace, an Onion or Chibols, peels, a bundle of herbs, Verjuice, a drop of Vinegar, and a very little broth; when they are ready ferve, and garnish, if you will, with Anchovies, Capers, Mushrooms, and any other garnish you have.

31. Pike roafted a la mode de Picardiu.

Take a Pike, scour off the slime, and take out the entrails, lard the back with pickled Herrings, then take some great Oisters and Claret-wine, seafon the Oisters with Pepper and Nutmeg; stuff the belly with the Oisters, and intermix the fluffing with Rolemary, Time, Winter Savory, sweet Marjoram, a little Onion and Garlick, sow these in the belly of the Pike; then prepare two flicks about the bread of a lath, and with these tie the Pike on the spit with Rosemary and Bays, bafte the Pike with Butter, Claret-wine and Anchovies dissolved; dish it with the Gravie boil'd 32. Carp with blew.

The best fort of Carp is that with Melt; take it alive, and season it to put it with short broth, in the same manner as the Pike above written in the 20th Article. If it is big, you may cut it into four, or flice it along the back, and put it in a bason into blew, if you will, seeth it in a fishkettle, put a leaf in the bottom, take your Carp

Trenth Course

with a clout, season it well with Onion, Pepper, what you have remaining of your must rooms, Salt, Cloves, and Mace, peel, and all all Salt, Cloves, and Mace, peel, and all well wrap, mouffles or melts; foak all together leafurely, and, ped in your linner cloth. Gains and all well wrap, mouffles or melts; foak all together leafurely, and, ped in your linnen cloth, fet it a boiling, the leaf left it flicks, put some chibols under it with a little under it, lest it burn with much best less less the fauce, under it, lest it burn with much boiling, or that the linnen cloth flick to the kettle, let not your short broth be altered with any thing, but let it be well seasoned with all what is fitting. When it is boiled leasurely, serve it with Parsley in a Napkin. 33. Pike broiled.

Take a Pike, draw and scale it, boil it whole, splat or scotch it with your knife, wash out the bloud clean, falt it, and having heated the gridiron very hot, broil it on a soft fire, baste it with Butter, and turn it often; being finely broil'd, serve it in a dish with beaten Butter and juice of Lemons, garnish the dish with slices of Oranges, and Rosemary.

34. Carp farged. Take up the skin over the back as far as the belly, take out all the small bones, the tripes and melts, and take out of the head the gills and the tongue, then make a farce with a little flesh of Carp well minced, and fooned with as much butter as flesh, allittle parsley, chibols, and a. builde of fine herbs; allay all with an egg, or mix with it mushrooms, melts, or muscles, capers, and bottoms of artichokes, chibols, and tongues of Carps; put your farce into your carp all along, and leave a hollow, for to put what you have fried, season all well, and close it up, seeth it in a bason, or in a castrolle, (which is a kettle made in the form of a great tourt-pan, or as a kind of dripping-pan) or in a dish before the fire, with a

drop of verjuice and a little broth, butter, and

what

verjuice, and some yolks of eggs, allay the sauce, The Carp thus farced may be put into fine or and ferve.

guit-patte, and garnished with what you have. 35. Mackerel broiled.

Draw the Mackerel at the gills, wash and dry them, then salt and broil them with Mints and green Fennel on a soft fire, and baste them with Butter and Vinegar, or Oil and Vinegar, with Rolemary, Tyme and Parsley; dish it up with beaten butter, flices of Lemon or Orange.

36. Smelts. Take them very new, file them, and dry them well; when you are ready to serve, slowre and fry them with Oil or Butter, take off the twig, and powder them a little with small Salt, and serve with Orange.

37. Plaice. This Article is in the discourse of the Entrees, or first courses of fish, which it had been uscless to repeat, and superfluous to quote by Articles, and Pages, because they may easily be found if you seek for them; in the mean time I advice you, that what I fet you down, doth not oblige you to more or less in laying out of your convenient expenses, or layings out, but I do it to put you in mind of what may be ferved, not forgetting to tell you, that you may choose what you like best, and intermingle Pies or Tourtes proportionably to the dishes you have, observing to serve a Pie or Tourt after fix diffies of Service.

A Method to make ready the Intercourses for Fish-dayes.

1. Mulhroom.

Ake it very new, take out the gravel, and wash it with water or white-wine, then put it in a dish with fresh Butter well seasoned with Salt, white Pepper, chippings of bread, take heed it burns not too; after it is enough, put to it a little Nutmeg, the juice of Orange or Lemon, then serve. Another way.

Pass it in the pan with very fresh butter, Parsley, a bundle of herbs, Pepper, Salt, and stew it in a dish, or in a pot, and when you will serve, put some Cream to it, or the yolk of an Egg, or a few chippings of bread, a little Nutmeg,

You may garnish it with what you will proportionably to the quantity you have.

Another way. Blanch and wash them clean, if they be large quarter them, and boil them with falt and water, vinegar and sweet-herbs, large mace, cloves, bayleaves, and two or three cloves of garlick; then take them up, dry them, dip them in batter, and fry them in clarified butter till they be brown, let your sauce be made of claret-wine, the juice of lemons, salt butter, the juice of horse-reddish root, flic't nutmeg and pepper, put these into a fryingpan with the yolks of eggs, shake them that they curdle not. Otherwayes.

Take good Murton-broth being cold, and no fat, mix it with Flowre and Eggs, some Salt, beaten Nutmeg and Ginger, beat them well together; then take Pippins, pare and core them, and

cut

ent them into Dice-work or square bits, and when you will fry them, put them into the Batter, and fry them with clarified fuet, then fugar 2. Mulhrooms with Cream. mem.

Take them very new, and the smallest, for they are best, peel them dry, and wash them in water, and take them out forthwith, and drain them, cut the biggest; and together with the mallest, fry them with fresh Butter, Chibols minced very small, Salt, and Pepper, then soak them in a small fot until you be ready to serve. and then you may put some Cream to them, which when it hath boiled a little while, and the fauce being thickned, you may ferve.

3. Trouffles. Seeth them with a short broth, when they are fod, serve them in a placed napkin.

Another way. Serve them the same way as the Mushroom, and put a little broth to them, cream, and some juice, when they are cut very thin, and fod, serve.

Another way. Peel them, and cut them very small, and very thin, then pass them in the pan, and season them with a very little Salt, because they must boil long with some broth, which you judge to be good; after they are fod, unfalt them, and let the fauce be somewhat thickned with some thickning, or with some chippings of bread; then serve-

Another way. As they come out of the fand, wash them with white-wine, feeth them with firong wine, much Salt, Mace, a bundle of sweet herbs, a few Chibols, and Pepper, after they are fod, serve them with a 4. Eggs plated napkin.

4. Eggs frun.

You shall find them in the Intercourses of the Flesh-dayes, and the way how to serve them. 5. Nolles

Take four or five yolks of Eggs, some very fresh Cream, much Sugar, a little Salt, beat well all together, and feeth it on a hollow plate, or on a dilh, pass the fire-shovel red hot over it, besprinkle it with sweet waters, serve and sugar, with Sugar musked.

6. Eggs delicately deft,

You shall find the manner of making and ferving them in the middle courses of Flesh-daies.

7. Tourt of Franchipanne. You shall find it in the discourses, and in the Table of Pastery of Flesh-daies.

8. Frayze with Cream.

Take store of yolks of Eggs, few whites, and a little Cream, some salt proportionably, beat all together, and a little before you ferve, make your Frayze, and if you will, sugar it, and serve.

9. Fritters.

Take four small Cheeses, white and fost, six Eggs, half a pint of Flowre, and a little Salt, beat all together, and try it, for the Cheefes are sometimes too fost, or too dry, &c.

Otherwayes.

Peel them, and put them in a clean dish, strow Salt on them, and put an Onion to them, some Sweet-herbs, large Mace, Pepper, Butter, Salt and two three Cloves; being tender stewed on a soft fire, put to them some grated bread, and a little white-wine, stew them a little more, and dish them, rubbing the bottom of your dish with Gar-

THE French Cook. lick; let there be Sippets and flic't Orange on them, and run them over with beaten Butter.

10. Stiffer Fritters.

Make them them the same way, but that you must put a little more flowre; draw them out very small with a handle of a spoon; after they are fried, serve them sugar'd, and besprinkled with Orange flowers.

Otherwayes in the Isalian fashion.

Take a pound of Rice, and boil it in a pine of Gream, being thick, lay it in a broad dish to cool ; then stamp it in a stone Mortar with a pound of old Check grated, some Musk, with the yolke of half a dozen hard Eggs, Sugar and grated Manchet; the paste being stiff; make it into balls, if too tender, work it with more flowre and grated bread; being fried, scrape thereon Sugar, and garnish the Balls with stock Fritters.

Pafte Spun. You shall find the fashion of drelling and ferving of it in Flesh-dajos.

11. Servelats of Eele. Dress your Eele, and flit it in two, take out the bone, beat well the flesh, and season it, roul it up, and hind it; after it is bound, wrap it up in a small linnen cloth, and seeth it in a pot with Wine, Salt, Pepper, Cloyes, Mace, Onion, fine herbs, and let the sauce be reduced to a small quantity; after it is well fod, unwrap it, and cut it into very thin flices, then serve it dry, or with fome fauce. 12. Meles of Carp friest.

Cleanse them well, and blanch them in water, and dry them, when you will ferve, flowre and fry them; when they are fried, serve with Salt and 13. Melts Quange.

13: Melts with Ragouft.

Blanch them in water, and put them in a diff with a little White-wine, well seasoned with Butter, Salt, a bundle of herbs, Pepper, some juice of Mushrooms, a few Capers and Anchovies; after the fauce is thickned; ferve it with juice of Orange, Lemon juice, and Nutmeg.

14. Liver of Eel pouts.

Take it out of the fish, and put it into a dish with very fresh Butter, a few fine herbs, Parsley minced very finall, Mushrooms also small, of the best of your broths, minced Capers and an Anchovie; when it is well fod, and the fauce thickned, serve.

Another way. Fry it, if you will, and ferve it with Salt, juice of Orange or Lemon.

Othermaves.

Take two large Pikes, scale, draw, and wash them clean from the bloud; then put to them a gallon and half of good White-wine, and an ounce of Ising-glas, boil them in a large Pipkin to a Jelly, scum it clean, and blow off the fat; then take a quart of sweet Cream, a quart of the Jelly, a pound and half of double refin'd Sugar fine beaten, and a quarter of a pint of Rose-water, put all together in a clean bason, and give them a walm on the fire, with half an ounce of fine searsed Sugar; then set it to cool, and dish it.

15. Jelly of Fish.

Take scales of Carp, half a dozen of Tenches, three pints of White-wine, seeth all well together with a little Salt and Cinnamon, and four Cloves, firain all through a Napkin, that is, squeeze or

press it to have the juice of it, and put to it one pound of Sugar, take a dozen of Eggs, fry the whites of them; let your Arainer be ready and very clean, warm your Jelly, and when it is ready to boil, pour into it the juice of five Lemons, and the whites of your Eggs, when it begins to boil, pour it into the firainer, and firain it again, until it be very clear; put it after the natural way upon a plate, or in a dish, and serve.

Che Liam Range

16. White Meat.

Make it of the remnant of your Jelly, and put into it some stamped Almonds and a drop of Milk, firain it, and make it into white meat, and when it is cold, serve.

17. Green Felly.

It is made the same way; firain it with a very little juice of Beets, and ferve cold.

18. Artichokes stewed.

The Artichokes being boil'd, take out the core, and take off the leaves, cut the bottom into quarters splitting them in the middle, then have a flat sewing-pan with Manchet Tosts therein, lay the Artichokes on them with the Marrow of two bones, five or fix blades of large Mace, half a pound of preserved Plumbs with the Syrup, Verjuice and Sugar; stew these together two hours, and ferve them up in the same dish they were stewed in. 19. Artichokes fried.

Cut as to cat with Pepper, cut off also the sharp ends, and whiten them in warm water, then fet them a drying, and flowre them for to fry when as you have occasion; serve them garnished with fried Parsley.

19. Sparagu

THE FOREST COST.

(9)33

19. Sparagus with white fauce.

As they come from the garden, scrape them, and cut them equally; seeth them with water and Salt; take them out, as little sod as you can, it is the better, and set them a draining, then make a sauce with fresh Butter, the yolk of an Egg, Salt, Nutmeg, beaten Pepper, a small drop of Vinegar; and when all is well stirred together, and the sauce, thickned, serve your Sparagus.

21. Sparagus with Cream.

Cut them in three pieces, and when you have blancht them, fry also well seasoned; after they are fried, put your Cream in, and soak them with it, if the sauce is too thin, put some yolks of in it to thicken it, and serve.

22. Celerins.

It is eaten with Pepper and Sale, or with Oil, Pepper and Sale.

23. Colliflowers.

Dress and blanch them, seeth them with water and falt; after they are sod, set them a draining; and make a sauce as for the Sparagus, then serve.

Take the stesh of many Carps, with a little Eel, mince well all together, and season it with Butter, and gather it together in the form of a Gammon, fill up the skins of your Carps with it, sow them up again, and wrap them up in a very fat linner cloth; seeth them in a pot with half Wine, and half Water, well seasoned with Salt, es consume well your sauce, after they are sod, take them out, and unwrap them all warm.

You may serve them warm and cold, and every way garnished as a Gammon.

die Angenfe with Ragonfe

One may cat them at all times, you may make my thickning with them, and you may use them for Pottages, to garnish, and for many other things.

Apple Fritters.

You shall find this Article and the four which follow, in the discourses of Flesh-daics, and for the fashion of Eggs have recourse to the Table.

A Method how to make ready that which may
be found in Gardens, and may upon occafron be served up in first Courses and Intercourses of the Fish-dayes, Flesh-dayes,
or in Lent.

1. Skirrets.

Boil them a very tittle, then peel them for to boil in brown Butter; after they are flied,

Another way.

For the Flesh-daies, make a paste liquid enough with Eggs, a little Salt and a little Flowre; for to make it more dainty, mix with it some soft Cheese, dip your Skirrets into it, fry and serve them.

Another way.

For to fry them in Lent, allay your Meal with a little Milk or Verjuice, and more Salt; dip your Skirrets in this, and fry them in refined Butter, for

25. Tortoife

for the better; if you will, garnish them with fried Parsley, which to fry, when it is very clean and dry, you throw it into your frying-pan very hot, then take it out forthwith, and fet it before fire, fo that it bery green; ferve your Skirrets with Parsley round about.

2. Pap of flower of wheat.

It is made the same way, as that of flowic of Rice, and they will feeth as much the one as the other. For to make them, allay them with a very little Milk and Salt, out of Lent, put some volks of Eggs to it, a little Butter, and some Sugar feeth it leafurely, so that somewhat may slick to the bottom of the skillet, ferve, and fugar.

2. Hops. Cleanse them well, and leave nothing but the green, boil them a little while in water, then drain them, and put them in a dish with a little Butter. a drop of Vinegar, a little of your best broth, some Salt and Nutmeg; foak them for to use them in garnish, or for some other thing.

4. Lettice.

For to garnish with them all kinds of Pottages, be it of Pullets, Pigeons, Peafe-broth, Herbs, or of Health, blanch them well, and wash them; foak them in a pot with some of the best of your broths; In Flesh-daies; scason them with whatis fat; In fast daics, scason them with Butter, and when they are fod, cut them into halves, and garnish your Pottages with them, and serve.

5. Pumphin.

Slice it very thin, and fry it with Butter; when it hath gotten a good colour, foak it between two dishes, with an Onion, or a Chibol flicked

The frehely Took. flicked with Cloves, Salis Pepper, Nutmeg, and Verjuice of Grapes, if you have any; when it is chough, felvel "You may also put it with Cream. on a noiso na crationer way. w moch and

Cut it fired great pieces , and feeth it in'a pot with water, when it is well fod, take out the water, Main your Philipkin, and fryft with Butter, and an Onlon Hithced Very Imali; feafon if with a drop of Verjuice, Numer, and ferve.

Another way After it is firained as aboveraid, put to it very fresh Butter, and let it melt with the Pumpking some Sugar and Althonds, put your implements into d'ifeet of line palle, in the fam of a Tourte. and Bakeses When it is Baked, fugar it, and ferve.

Many do put Pepper to it; put a very little Salt to it, and you may garnish it with preserved

Lemon peel cut into flices

6. Parinips. Cut off the ffrings of them, walh them well, and feeth them; when they are fod , peel them, and cut them as you will; put them in a dish with very fresh Butter, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg and a drop of broth, or a drop of Vinegar, or Verjuice; foak all together, and flir it well; thus you will find your fauce thickned; then ferve.

Another way. Make them ready as the Skirrets above, Are ticle 1. and serve them with juice of Orange, or Verjuice, and a little Salt.

7. Gouts-beard.

Seeth them as the Pathips, after they are fod, make the fauce alike, and ferve.

You may serve them fried.

8. Carrott

Cleanic and feeth them; when they are fod, peel them, and cut them into very thin round flices, trie them with fresh Butter, an Onion minced, Salt, Repper and Vinegars, then ferve.

9. Red Beers

After they are well cleanled, and well lod in water, or in the Cinders, pare them, and cut them into round flices; fry them with a minced Onion, well fealoned with a drop of Vinegar and good fresh Butter,; when they are well fried, ·ferve.

Another may.

After they are fod or baked, cut them as abovefaid, and put them with Oil, Vinegar and Salt; then ferve.

10. Ferusalem Artichokes.

Bake them in the embers; after they are well baked, peel, and cut them into round flices; frie them with very fresh Butter, an Onion, Salt, Pepper and Vinegar; when they are well fried. ferve with a little Nutmeg.

11. Cucumbers.

Pare and cut them into round flices, fry them with very fresh Butter; after they are fried, put in an Onion, Salt and Pepper, and let them loak well on the Chafen-dish; then serve with the yolks of Eggs, if you will,

Another may.

For to preserve or pickle them, take them very young, and very small; blanch them in fresh water, and drain them; then put them into a pot with Salt, Pepper and Vinegar, cover them well, and do not forget Cloves.

Another

Another may.

Cut them yery thin, then put them with Onion. Sale, Salt, Pepper and Vineger, after they are well pickled drain them, and for to ferve them. put forme Oil to them, and fave them in Sallate beated not of sold Tornitte or See Louis

Scrape them, blanch them, and feeth them with water Butter and Salt; after they are enough put them in a dish with very fresh Butter; you may put in some Mustard; frive with Nutmeg.

10 Apples fried. Pare and cut them into round flices, and fry them with yery fresh Butter; when they are fried, keye, making a broth with a little Nutmeg.

Another may. Cut them into halves, take out the cores, lerve them in the skin, and put them in a dish with Butter, Sugar, and Water, and a little Cinnamon. let them feeth thus; when they are enough, ferve them fugar'd.

. 14. Apple Cream.

Take twelve Pippins, pare, flice or quarter them; put them into a skiller with some Clarec wine, and a race of Ginger fliced thin, some Lemon-peel out fmall, and fome Sugar, let thefe flew together till they are loft; then put them in adilh, and when they be cold, take a quart of. Cream boil'd with a little Nutmeg, and put therein of the Apple to thicken it as you pleafe, and serve it up.

Red Carross.

They are made ready in the same minner as the white ones.

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... 18. Sp.1.

The French Count

15. Sparagus fried.

Break them cut them into small pieces, and wash them, after they are drained, fry them with very fresh Butter, and season them with Salt, Pepper, and minced Parfley; after they are fried, flew them on a chafen-dish with an Onion sticked with Cloves, and a drop of broth; then ferve with Nutmeg.

You may also put some Cream, if you will. 16. White Succory

Blanch it well in water, and drain it, then bind it, and feeth it in a pot with water a butter and falt; when it is well fod, take it out, and drain it again; afterwards you shall stew it on the chafen-dish, with butter, salt, nutmeg, and a drop of Vinegar; when you are ready to ferve, make a fauce thickned, and ferve.

Another way.

After it is blanched, prepare it into a Sallat, with Salt, Vinegar and Sugar; then ferve.

17. Cardes of Beets.

Take of the ftrings, and blanch your Cardes in fresh water, then seeth them in a pot, or kittle with with water, butter, a crust of bread and falty. when they are fod enough, take them out, and fer them a foaking in a dish with butter, until you be ready to use them , and then warm them, and fit them on a place, then make a fauce allayed with very fresh butter, a drop of Vinegary and some Nutineg; then serve.

18. Cardescof Artichokes.

Choose the whitest, take out the strings and blanch them; after they are blancht, feeth them with falt and water, a piece of butter, and a crust

of bread; when they are fod very well, garnish your dish, and make a white sauce, and serve. Peale Strained

Steep your Peare, wallt them Well, and feeth them in hot water; and fill them again with it; efter, they erodothy bray shorth, need firsin them through a strainer , take forme of the thickest peafe-broth and loak on the chafen-dish with Butter, Salt, and Onion whole Ricked with Cloves; then ferve.

You may serve, and fry pease whole, with very fresh butter, salt, minced onion, Pepper and Vinegar; In Lent garnish them with herrings. 20. Troufflas of Entres (orfirft courfe.) Cleanse them well, peel them, and fry theur with very fresh butter, an onion sticked with Cloves, a little mineed parfleyis and a drop of broth; flew them between two diffics; and the fauce being a little thickned, ferver the days conda न्याको कुल में blot का गती कर होती प्रकारणों, क्रा कि मानव girens valoridro gante qual nang, the da ched while we go it fly or at a fill the control to sion: And then forest our path respectionably to Plantic or Porte which syngthere a mind to कारांत योग करते छ पूर्व वर्ष सीति पूर्वारणों मानवोदर en be (ed then any other, lift you deceive pour

The fire poll. is made up with four paneds of reverse and one pound and a hall of Burker, which a aoiffurfal and a second control of the factor corrections.

and the mann water is made the lange Wood verm the march and the better;

737.5

Instructions how to make Pastry.

work, for Fish.

Before I proceed to discover to you how to make ready these things, became there will often be made mention of divers sorts of Paster. I judge it to be to the purpose, to give you some few Instructions bow to make them.

Ple pust-passe is made thus. Take sour pounds of slowre, allayed with Salt and Water, very sweet nevertheless after it is a little rested, spread it with the quantity of two pounds of Butter, join them together, and stave a third part of your paste empty, for to fold it up into three, and when your Butter is shut up, sour paste again very square, for to fold it up fourfold; after this, turn it up thus, other three turns, and set it in a cool place, for to use it upon occasion: And then spread your paste proportionably to the Pie or Tourte which you have a mind to make up; and observe that this passe is harder to be sed then any other, lest you deceive your self.

The fine passe is made up with sour pounds of slowre, and one pound and a half of Butter, which you must allay very well together with Salt; after this, set it rest until you have use for it, and make with it Pies or Tourtes.

The patte with warm water is made the same way, but you warm the water and the butter;

ind handle it but a very little, lest it burn; make

The brown paste is made with Rye-slowre, Water and little Butter, you may put to it, if you will, some Salt and Pepper; when it is very strong and resized; make Venison Pasties with it.

All kind of Pips tat or lean, which are caten werm are trained the tell lame way according to the forts of meat. You may put in it the same garnish, as Mushrooms, Prousses, Sparagus, yolks of Eggs, bottoms of Artichokes, Capers, Cardes, Pistaches.

niffes, you than put in vent sweet breath, Kid-

Take Helle Pies garnified, and of wary fender mest, will hot endute the Oven above two hours and will half of the Till Big of finally of the Till Big of the Till Big of finally of the Till Big of

The Pie of young Hare will not be in the Oven above two littles, be it in pull parte of other, it is ferved warm and uncovered.

The Pies which you will keep; must be of a seeper take of highlegus I what those which you make to eat warm our delivery theks far, the paste must be somewhat browns and make the fine, you make get a basker made for the purpose for to easy them in.

Carp well leafoned with Pepper, S.H. Vinegar, and beaten Cloves untake your patte fifte or other wife, and feeligh your Pie with Cloves, S.H. Pepper, fine herbs, and when it is mid cup, cadore if,

in the fleth, daies, with the yolk of an Fgg; in Lent, with Eggs of Pike allayed with waste and put it in the Oven, and a while after give it yeps The brown gatter is made vei in New Co

Water and thethe Presset Sychemay pictic in the it will shine Sits god Pronies when in After the foregoing instruction or mard of Advice, which is that how come to the Method of the Paffry-mork for Fish, concerning Pies and Touris

of Fees, but on Arange Sales and Land of the Pie. A Free your fish is dressed, and it with Eele or Carp, leafoned with Repper, Salt, and bearen Cloves, then put it in paste', and over it a Bay leaf, and good fresh Butter, or beaten Lard ; according 26 you will pulg it beforinkle it with Lard, with a drop of Winegar, and close it up afe ter the form of the Fish, after it is baked, ferve it The Part with the will not abled to que The Pies of Tours, Beerre, Carp, and Sturgeon, are made up alike. Sacy control of cores bevroi et

The Pier College mayer side esi 9 sil T Take a Salmon newly caught, scale-draws and wipe it dry (crape out the bloud from the backs bone , fcotchi it on the back fide a and feafon it with Pepper, Numeg and Salin the Pie being made, pur Butter in the bottom of it, a few, whole Clovest and lome of the featoning lay on the Salmon, and pur lome whole Cloves on it fome flic's Nutmeg and Butter, close if up and balte it over with Eggs; being baked, fill it up with clapped per, fine parby, and when is med the senit and

White wine, Sell remy work Edied a ware lied Mince a Rand of fresh Salmon were Small with good fresh-water Eel sleyed and honed i then mince some Violet-leaves, Sorrel, Strawberrybayes, Baifley, Sage, Savory, Manjoram and Time, mingle all together with the meat, Currans Cin-Minny Nutries, Repper, Salt, Sugar, Osraware, Lole, water, White-wine, and fome maneed Oranendon But, Butter in the Bostom of the Pice, fill there , and being baked, ice them , and scrape on

solle, and a draiget Vineger, les e Appuitagus ei di molw . 3. Riesofi Dalenve si buid , dweis Drefs your Dab, and flice it on the topa; if you will, lard it with Eel well fealoned, then dreis up your Pigasecording: to the bigness of your Dab, and put it in it well leafoned with Sale, Pepper, Clarest fine ther be Mulbrooms an Morille, serligile Raddaysfried, with feely Briter mbottsmanh Astin shokes inchrinken sparague o and good frella Buch toxiques in with apen work; and if you will, enrich it with some works, and bake it; afteritie baked and well fed muse made wahatesinicoof Grapes and volkent Fans, and The pies of Turbothi Tromo and ती संदर्भाता

Or thus. Fles them, cut themsing pieces, and fealon them with Reppedie Number 1964, Salos, then fill your gierwichthemmand thy upon them Chrisis welliwashed pickt in forth Dates cut in halven Princes Jora bottoms of Artichokes Mulbrooms, volke of Figgs hoil d band detick fuckers, Cittern flieght ismons . (Masen Grapes, and good, flore of. freihe Hurrig when died sphed a ferva if with hi white

7. Pic

your Pie, and ferve it uncovated south adapting

White-wine, Sugar, and Butter boil'd a very little, and thickned with the yolks of two or three Bess, fugar it and ferve.

Flea them; cut them into round flices, and feafon them; make up your Pie, and fill it up with Eels, hard yolks of Eggs; Mulhrooms, Trouffer if you have any bottoms of Artichokes, and good fresh Butter, serve it undovered with a white sauce, made with yolks of Eggs allayed in very juice, and a drop of Vinegar; lest it should talk down, bind it with butter'd Paper, when it is baked take the Paper off.

Make it as that of Dab, and lerve it warm. and has

Farce it the fame way as for the first course, and raise your Pie, put it into it garnished with what you will, bake it covered i after it hath baked two hours, serve it uncovered with a white Sauce.

Cut your Carp into pieces, and put it into paste, made up and featoned with what you have poake your Pie, and serve it uncovered with a White Sauce.

Take a Carp well deanled and boned, and allo a good fat fresh-water Eel; minut them together, and season them with Popper. Nutmeg, Ginnamon, Ginger and Salt, put to them some Currans, Caraway-seed, mineed Oringo peel, and the volks of six hard Eggs mineed. Sie't Dates and Sugar, lay some Butter in the bottom of the Pie; when baked, ice it.

Pake the fleshoot Carp and of Ect, mines them with Butter, and scalen them with falt, pepper, fine herbs, and from multipoorns, then mike up your pies, as small infinall as you can; fill them up, cover, and endownherm, and bake them; then sorke, and endownherm, and bake them;

After they we wrefled, flicothem and sput them be your thece of patto, forfon them with falt, pepor beaten cloves, anuthmothalpalled in the pair with brown bured, droth butter, and all wharyou bave, cover it, bakent, and hold in with busered super s contiens is baked afterye with a white lives, nutmegg the joice and files of terion, ou se moriller, comples, and a duic parti propheto Ath to revo bring Pie of Grewfling of his belleg After it is dealled hicker and pur it in your hour of parte, lealand with late; pepper, marineg, fresh butter, mushrooms, Trousses, mousserme, morilles, parfley tryed, and toxtoms of Artichokes, effer the pie de sande apund bounds with butteled paper, bake it; after it is baked, ferre it and vere with a white think mor languather tallaying you After your Oillers are cleanled and Blanchestil warm werer, pakiade pait the pait with very biff is mide the lime was avolish of Diby Bei Calle to Widfallelland while of Hellis, we is when

whith with Alignes bas all would be with the pair with Busser, take out the bone, and fairce them with Busser, take out the bone, and fairce them with what you willy as millifeding, taken, troubles, mouldeons, bortoms of Artichokos, teith batter palificated in the pair; with

with parlley and chibols minced vety small; put them into patte raised, or into a sheet of put patte, which you shall put into a tourt pan, and lovering the remnant of your farce; in small garnish, with yolks of Eggs, and very fresh butter is cover up your pie, and give it vent, a while after it is in the oven; when at is baked, serve it with what sance you will.

It is made the same way as kine of Carp, but that because the sless of Eel is factor than that of Carp, it must be allayed with butter, as that of Carp, but must be allayed with butter, as that of Carp, only mix short together, and season them well with salt, pepper, a sew sing beads; then make a bed therewith and over it put must rooms morilles, trousses, and a little parsey mineed passed in the parswith butter, and over all that the remnant of your hashal then share my our pie, and bake it is after it in baked. Serve it with a white sauce. Thurst encountry of Butters it with a white sauce. Thurst encountry of Butters it is made therefore may at the pie of Butters the made therefore may at the pie of Butters there mentioned besides it is to be a said and reget

After your Oisters are cleanled and blanched in warm water, passishers in the pan with very fresh Butter; Paisley; and minesed Ghibels; and Multirooms, all well sastoned approach into a siege of what paste you will, and garnish with hard yolks of Eggs; bottoms of Artiphokes, Morilles, broken Sparagus, all well passed in the passis payer up your Tourt, and bake it after it is baked, serve with good sauge, which you shall make thus, pass in the pan two or three Chibals whole; Sals.

Popper is drops of Verjulces or Minegary then when it is brown; mix with derive yilks of Eggs well allayed with Verjuice; take out the Chibples and put your fauce in your Touke boiling hor, with a little Nikmey life is a little, and ferwegit ingovered.

Take a pottle of Oisters, being parboil'd in their own liquor, beard and dry them, then calon them with large Mace, whole Pepper, a little beaten Ginger, Salt, Butter and Marrow, then close it and bake it; being baked, make a lear with White-wine, the Oister-liquor and maconion, or rub the Ladle with Garlick you beat it up withall; being boil'd, put in a pound of Butter with a minced Lemon, and liquor it therewith.

After it is blanched a very little in warm water, very clean and dried; put it into a sheet of paste, then fry Mousserons, Morilles, Trousses, broken Sparagus, a little Parsley minced, bottoms of Attichokes, Cardons, or Cardes sod, and yolks of Eggs, all well seasoned, and in such a proportion as your Tourte may not change it's name, and that the garnish may not exceed the principal, bake it; when it is baked, serve.

the following Article, with such gainish as you have.

Blanch it well with water warm enough, for

to take off the slime; untill it be white, then cubic into

into round slices as half the head, put it into worth, yolks of Eggs, a drop of Verjuice, and a sheet of paste with Salt , Pepper beaten Cloves Capers, Muthrooms, hard volks of Eggs, bottom of Artichokes, Parfley, Chibols well minced, and upon over that very fresh Butter, that it up with theet of puft-paste, if you have any i when in baked, serve it uncovered with a white sauce, and garhished with the lid cut into four:

18. Tours of Carpa

It is made and scasoned alike with that of Ech pout, but that it must not be scalched, but well scaled.

Or sbus

Take a Carp, scale it, and scrape off the stime, then rost it with a sleyed Eel; being rosted, let them stand and cool, then cut them into little pieces like great Dice one half of them, and the other half minced small, and seasoned with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, Goofeberries or Grapes, with some bottoms of Artichokes cut indifferent small; mingle all together, pur some butter in the bottom of the Pie; lay the meat hereon, and being baked, liquor it with Gravic, and the juice of Oranges.

19. Tours of Crawfish.

Scoth them with Salt, Pepper, and very little Vinegar, take off the feet and the tail, then drefs them, and pass them in the pan with very fresh Butter, Mushrooms, and all what you have to put in it, not forgetting some Parsley minced, scason ail well, and put it in what paste you will, fine or puft; after it is baked, ferve it with a red fauce, which you will make, if you stamp some bones of Graw-filhes, and after you have strained them through a linnen cloth, mix them with some broth,

little Numes ; put this fauce in your Fourt as it omes out of the Oven, and ready to ferve, then 20. Tours of Frogs.

Pals the great Legs in the pan with good But-GENERY fresh, Mushrooms, Parsley, Artichokes and cut, and Capers, all well seasoned, put it into a three of fine or putt-patte, and bake it , after it is baked, ferve it uncovered with a white fauce.

Or thus.

Take the hind Legs of Frogs fleyed, cut off the Feet, and feafon them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Sale put them in a Pie with some sweet-herbs chopped small, large Mace, flic't Lemon, Goolebegries of Grapes, pieces of Skirrets, Artichokes, Potato's ox Parinips, and Marrow, close it up and bake it, being baked, liquor it with Butter, and the juice of Orange.

21. Tourt of Tenches. Scald them, and cause them to become white. then dress them, and cut them into round flices. put them into your sheet of Tourt or Pie, make it up and garnish it with all what you have, as very fresh Butter, Capers and minced Parsley, bake them; after they are baked, serve with a white fauce, a little Nutmeg; and beaten Cloves and

22. Tourt of Butter. Mace. Melt a piece of Butter, after it is melted, put some Sugar in it, and some stamped Almonds, with a little Cream or Milk allayed with fod flowre; then make a theet of fine or puft paste, put your implements into it, make a brim about it a bake it, and screet sugar'd, and with sweet-water, if you have 23. Tourse any.

23. Tourt of Spinage.

Take Spinage-leaves, cleanse and blanch them after they are blanched, drain them, and mine them very small; after they are mineed, allow them with some melted Butter, Salt, Sugar, and the weight of a Macaroon of stamped Almonds them put all in your sheet of paste and bake it; the it is baked, serve it sugar'd, and if you will, given the document the dish with lemon-peel preserved.

Grate your Meloon, and stamp it in a morting their some Butter, and put it with Sugar, a compose Pepper, Salt, and a Macaroon; mix all together

garnish your sheet with it, and serve it sugard.
25. Tourse of Pistaches.

After your Pistaches are peeled, beat them, and lest they become oily, besprinkle them with stowic of Orange-water, or other sweet water; melt as much Butter as there are Pistaches, and take as much Sugar, a little Salt, and the crumbs of white bread fried, or a drop of Milk, and all being well allayed together, put it into a sheet of fine passe, make the tourt and sheet very thin; bake it, sugar it, and serve it warm, and besprinkle it with what sweet water you will.

26. Tourt of Almonds.

It made the same way, but that for to besprinkle it, you must use milk in stead of sweet
Waters.

Or thus.

Strain beaten Almonds with Cream, yolks of Eggs, Sugar, Cinnamon and Ginger, boil it thick; and fill your Fourt; being baked, ice it.

27. Tours

27. Tourt of Stramberries.

Walh your Strawberries, and put them into our Tourt, being seasoned with Cinnamon, singer, and a little red wine; then put on Sugar, ake it half an hour, ice it, scrape on Sugar, and ake it.

28. Tourt of Medlers.

Take Medlers that are rotten, strain them, and et them over a Chasen dish of Coals, season them with Cinnamon, Sugar and Ginger, put some jolks of Eggs to them; let it boil a little, and lay ff in a cut, Tart, being baked, scrape on Sugar.

Boil them in Wine, and strain them with Cream, Sugar, Cinnamon and Ginger; boil it thick, and fill your Tart.

30. Tourt of Pumpkin.

Boil it with good Milk, pass it through a Strainer very thick, and mix it with Sugar, Butter, a little Salt, and if you will, a few stamped Almonds; let all be very thin, put it in your sheet of Paste, bake it; after it is baked, besprinkle it with Sugar, and serve.

31. Tours of Pears.

Pare your Pears, and cut them very thin, seeth them with Water and Sugar; after they are well fod, put in a little fresh Butter to them; beat all together, and put it in your sheet of paste very thin; bind it if you will, and bake it; when it is baked, besprinkle it with water of flowers, sugar it, and serve.

• 32. Tourt of Cream.

Take very new Cream, and allay it with a few beaten Almonds, some Sugar, and a little Milk

Pap well sod; let all boil together a very little, and when all this is cold, put it in your sheet of paste, and bake it; after it is baked, sugar it well, and if you will, put Musk to it, and serve.

33. Tours of Apples.

It is made the same way as that of Pears.

34. Tourt of Franchipanne.

Take the fairest Flowre you can get, and allay it with whites of Eggs; presently take the twelfth part of your paste, and spread it untill you may fee through it; butter your plate, or Tourt-pan, spread this first sheet, butter it, thrust it in over and do the same to the number of six, then put what Cream you will, and make the top as the bottom to the number of fix sheets, bake your Tourt leasurely; after it is baked, besprinkle it with water of flowers, sugar it well, and serve.

You must have a care to work up your paste as soon as it is made, because it drieth up sooner then you are aware; and when it is dry, it is unuseful, because your sheets must be as thin as Cobwebs, therefore you must choose a moist place

to do it in.

35. Tourt of whites of Eggs.

After they are well beaten, season them with a little Salt and Sugar, melt some fresh Butter with Milk, mix all together, then put all into your sheet of fine paste; bake it; when it is baked, ferve it warm and sugar'd.

36. Tourt of yolks of Eggs.

Allay together some Butter, five yolks of Eggs, some Sugar, two Macaroons, a little Salt and Milk; make up your Tourt with them, and bake it; when it is baked, serve it sugar'd with Lemon peel very thin over it. 37. Tourt

The French Cook. 37. Tourt of Massepin.

For to make it full glased, and broad as a plate; take half a pound of Almonds, and a quartern of Sugar; beat your Almonds, and cut some Sugar in; spread your paste, work it low enough, and bake it on a hollow plate upon a small fire; make a Cream with Milk, whereof you will find the making hereafter; fill up this paste with it about the thickness of half an inch; bake it, and pass the fire-shovel over it; put over it either Cherry, or Strawberries, or Rasberries, or Gooseberries, or Verjuice, or preserved Apricocks, a little more than half; after it is filled, put it in the Oven again, and make aglasing with the half of the white of an Egg, and fix times as much Sugar well beaten together; when you are ready to ferve, pour it over your Tourt, and give it quick fire and little; then serve upon a plate.

For to make the Cream of which mention is made above, allay a very little Flowr with a quart of Milk, seeth it well, and let it be very thin; then put a little Butter in it, four yolks of Eggs, and two whites well beaten; stir well all over the fire, and mix with it a very little Salt and Sugar,

about half the quantity of your Cream.

For to make it green, put in it some beaten Pistaches, or some of the grating of Lemon-peel preserved.

You may serve your Tourt glased without Com-

fits, and with Fruit.

14. A Method how to pickle several Sorts of Roots, Herbs, and other things for to keep constantly in the house.

1. Butter melted.

TATHen it is cheap, you may buy a quantity, V and melt it for to use it upon occasion; which to do, put it into a pan, let it melt leafurely, untill the Cream go to the bottom, and it becomes clear at the top, and when it is cold, keep it for your use.

2. Artichokes.

Cut off the Choke, and what is too hard about them (that is called Artichokes in bottoms;) steep them in fresh water for to blanch them, drain and dry them; and after this, put them in a pot with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar, melted Butter, Clove, and some Bay leaf; cover them well, and keep them untill you have use for them; and then unsale them in lukewarm water; after they are unfalted, seeth them with Butter, or some piece of lard, or fat; after they are sod, serve them with a white sauce or garnished.

3. Cucumbers.

Take them very small, blanch them in fresh water, and slick them with Cloves, then put them in a pot with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar, and Bayleaf; cover them so close that no air may get in, and serve them in Salat.

4. Purslain. It is pickled as the Cucumber, and you may serve them together.

5. Lettice.

5. Lettice.

Choose the hardest, and take off the great leaves, blanch them in fresh water, and drain them 5 when they are drained, slick them with Cloves, and season them with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar, and Bay-leaf; cover them well, and when you will ferve them, unfalt them, then feeth them, and use them for garnish or for Sallat.

6. Troufles.

Boil them with the best strong wine you can get, Salt, Pepper, and Clove, then take them out, and put them in a pot with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar, Cloves, and some Bay-leaves, cover them well; when you will use them, unsalt them, and seeth them with Wine, and serve them in a plated Napkin.

7. Red Beets.

Wash them very clean, and seeth them; when they are sod, peel them, and put them in a pot with Salt, Pepper, and Vinegar, to use when you will.

8. Sparagus. Put them in a pot with melted Butter, Vinegar, Salt, Pepper and Cloves, cover them well; and for to use them unsalt them, when they are unsalted, feeth them in hot water; when they are fod, scrve them with a white sauce, either to garnish Pottages, or for Salat, or for pastry-work.

9. Green Pease. Take them as they come out of the Cod, fry them with Butter, and season them well, as if you would eat them then, but do not fry them too much; then put them into an earthen pot, season them again, and cover them well; put them in

. a cool place, and when you will use them, unfalt them, and pass them in the pan, as before.

10. Succory.

Tie it, and whiten it in Sand; when you think that it may be kept, cleanse it well, and put it in a pot with Salt, Pepper, a little Vinegar, and Rosemary; when you will use it, unfalt it, to ferve it for Salat, or to feeth it to garnish, or to farce.

II. Mushrooms.

Take the hardest and the reddest you can get, fry them whole with Butter; as to eat presently; after they are fryed and well seasoned, put them in a pot with more feafoning of Butter, and a drop of Vinegar, until they sleep; cover them so that no air may get in; for to use them, steep them in several waters lukewarm, then fry them, as if they were but newly gathered.

Another way.

Take the biggest and largest, whiten them in their water between two dishes, and drain them; after that, pickle them with Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, and Lemon, or Orange-peel; after they are pickled a while, take them out and fry them with refined Butter, and a little Flowre; after they are fried, put them into another pickle, if you will keep them long.

You may use them for Garnish, or for Fritters,

or to farce.

12. Cabbage.

Take the hardest, and slit them into four on the fide of the stalk, then whiten them in fresh water, and dry them; put them into a powdering tub, or into a pot, with Salt, Pepper, Vinegar and

The French Cook.

and Bay-leaves, or a little Rosemary: You may flick them with Cloves, and when you will use them, unsalt them in lukewarm water, to put them in Pottage, and not for Salat; when they are sod, serve.

13. Soals.

Take them very new, and cleanse them; if they are big, flice them on the top, and flowre them after you have dried them, then fry them half with Butter or Oyl, and put them neatly into a pot, with Salt, Pepper, beaten Clove, Lemon, or Orange peel, and Vinegar; cover them well, and for to use them, take them out of the pot, and steep them in water; when they are unsalted, fry them with Butter, or Oyl for them that love it; forget not to flowre them well; and serve them with Orange or Lemon, or if you will, after you have passed them in the pan, open the bone, and put them with Ragoust; which to do, put some Capers, Anchovies, Mushrooms, Trousles, and all what you can get; then stove or soak them, and serve with a sauce thickned, and the juice of a Lemon or of Orange.

14. Oysters. Take them out of the shell, and blanch them, or as they are, put them into a pot, and season them with Salt, Pepper, beaten Cloves, and large Mace, and some Bay-leaves, cover them well, or if you will you may put them into a barrel; when you will use them, unfalt them, or make Fritters,

or fry them.

Or thus. Take Oysters and wash them clean in their liquor, then let them settle, and strain it, and put

your Oysters to it, with a little Mace and whole Pepper, as much Salt as you please, and a little Wine Vinegar; then boil them tender, and skim them as the skum arifeth; when they are enough, take them out till the pickle be cold, then put them into a pot, or Caper-barrels, which are the best things to preserve them, but keep them not above six weeks weeks.

15. Combs salted.

Let the bloud be well taken out, and put them in a pot with large Mace, Pepper, Cloves, a drop of Vinegar, and some Bay-leaves, cover them well, and let them in a place which is neither cool nor warm, when you will use them, take what you have need of, unsalt them in lukewarm water, and change them very often; when they are very well unsalted, boil some water, and scald them; when they are very clean, feeth them with broth or water; when they are almost enough, put in a bundle of herbs with Butter or Lard, and a flice of Lemon: After they are well fod, use them to garnish what you will with them.

16. Broom buds piekled.

Take your Buds before they be yellow on the top, make a Brine of Vinegar and Salt, which you must do only by shaking them together till the Salt be melted; then put in your Buds and stir them once a day, till they be funk in the Pickle, then keep them close covered.

17. Cucumbers pickled.

Put them in an earthen Vessel, lay first a lay of Salt and Dill, then a lay of Cucumbers, and fo till they be all laid; put therein some Mace and whole Popper, with some Fennel-seed; then fill it

up with Beer-Vinegar and a clean stone and a board upon it to keep in the pickle, and so keep them close covered; if the Vinegar turn to a blackish colour, change it and put in fresh. 18. Beef roafted pickled.

Whether it be Chine, Surloin, Rib, Brisket or Flank of Beef, take it and stuff it with Peniroyal, or Parsley minced small, and some Salt, prick in here and there a few whole Cloves, and roast it; then take Claret-wine, Wine-Vinegar, whole Pepper, Rosemary, Bays and Tyme bound up together boil'd in Claret-wine and Vinegar; make the Pickle and put some Salt to it, then pack it up close in some thing that will but just contein it, then put the pickle to it, close it, and keep it for your use.

19. Carp pickled.

Take a Carp, scale it, and scrape off the slime, wipe it clean, and split it down the back, flowr it, and fry it in sweet Sallet Oyl; being well fried, lay it in a deep dish, then take some Wine-Vinegar, and put into a broad mouthed Pipkin, with all manner of sweet-herbs bound in a bundle, with some large Mace, slic't Ginger, gross Pepper, flic't Nutmeg, whole Cloves and Salt, with as much Wine and Vinegar as will cover the Fish; then boil the Spices and Wine with some Salt, a little while, pour it on the Fish hot, and presently cover it close to keep in the spirits of the Liquor herbs and spices for an hours space; then take , flic't Lemon, Lemon-peel, Orange and Orangepeel, and lay them over the Fish in the pan, and cover it up close. You may barrel it, and it will keep as long as Sturgeon, and as good. 20. Con-

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20. Conger pickled.

Scald and draw it, cut it into pieces, and fry it in the best Sallet Oyl you can get; being fryed, put it into a little Barrel that will contein it, then have fome fryed Bay-leaves, large Mace, flic't Ginger, and a few whole Cloves; lay these between the Fish, put to it White-wine Vinegar and Salt; close up the head, and keep it for your use.

21. Sampbire, Kitkeys, Pease and Purslane pickled.

Take Samphire, and pick the branches from the dead leaves, then lay it in a pot or barrel, and make a strong Brine of white Salt, in the boiling, fcum it clean; being boil'd and cold, put it to the Samphire, cover it, and keep it for the whole year: when you have occasion to use it, first boil it in fair water, letting the water boil before you put it in, then take it up, and let it cool.

22. Quinces pickled.

Core them, and lave the Cores, cut some of the Crab Quinces and boil them, after the Quinces be parboil'd and taken up, then boil the Cores and some of the Crab-Quinces quarter'd; the Liquor being boil'd, strain it, put it into a barrel with the Quinces, and close it up.

23. Lemons pickled.

Boil your Lemons in water and falt, and put them up with white wine.

24. All forts of Flowers pickled.

Put them into a Gallipot with as much as they weigh, fill them up with Wine-Vinegar; to a pint of Vinegar, a pound of Sugar and a pound of Flowers, to keep them for Sallets or boiled meats in a double glass, cover'd over very close.

25. Grapes

25. Grapes, Gooseberries, Barberries, red and mbite Currans pickled.

Pick them and put them in the juice of Crab-Cherries or Verjuice, and barrel them up.

26. Lobsters pickled.

Boil them in Vinegar White-wine and Salt, being boil'd, take them up; then have some Bayleaves, Rosemary-tops, Winter-Savory, Tyme, large Mace and whole Pepper; boil these foresaid materials all together in the liquor with the Lobsters, and some whole Cloves; being boil'd, barrel them up, pour the liquor to them, Herbs, Spices and Lemon-peel, and close them up.

27. Salmon pickled.

Take Salmon, cut it in fix round pieces, then boil it in White-wine Vinegar, and a little Water, three parts Wine and Vinegar, and the other Water; let the liquor boil besore you put în the Salmon, and boil it a quarter of an hour, then take it out of the liquor, drain it very well, and take Rosemary-sprigs, Bay-leaves, Cloves, Mace, and gross Pepper, a good quantity of each, boil them in two quarts of White-wine, and as much Vinegar: the Salmon being cold, rub it with Pepper and Salt, then barrel it, laying a layr of Salmon, and a layr of Spice; boil'd in the liquor, suffering it to be cold before you put it in, as the Salmon grows dry, add fresh pickle, and it will keep a twelve-month.

The Method of Salting Several other things to keep, especially for a Pastry-Cook.

1. Cardes of Artichoke.

Huse the whitest stalks, cut them half a foot long, take all the strings out, steep them in fresh water, and change them two or three times; whiten and drain them, dry them with a cloth, put them in a pot, and falt them; when they are falted, melt and refine one pound of Butter, and pour it over them, to set them up, and use them upon occasion.

2. Palats of Beef.

Salt them, as they come out of the head; and set them up until you have occasion to use them; then unsalt them; after they are unsalted, feeth them, and take the skin off, and the beards, then cut them into pieces, or into flices; put them with Ragoust, or garnish with them all what you have to garnish, even the Pastry-work, wherein they may be very useful.

3. Tongues of Mutton.

As they are taken out of the head, falt them; when you will use them, unsalt, and seeth them; after they are fod, flea them neatly, flit them, and put them on the gridiron, with crumbs of bread and falt; after they are broiled, make a fauce with Verjuice, a drop of Vinegar, minced parfley, chippings of bread, a little pot-broth, and stove or foak them; then serve.

4. Pullets pickled.

After they are dressed, cut them into halves, and dry them well, flowre them, and half fry them, then

then put them in a pot with Salt, Pepper, Cloves. large Mace, Vinegar, and fine herbs; cover them untill you will use them; and then unfalt them in fresh or lukwarm water, which is the best; when they are unfalted, dry them, and flowre them, then fry them; after they are fried, ferve. and if you will have them make a shew, you must make a thickning with Eggs, and Flowre, fry them, and put them in a fauce with juice of Orange. 5. Rams Kidneys.

Take off the first skin, and slit them on the top, to make them to take falt, put them in a por, and fet them in a cool place; to use them, unfalt them, and feeth them; then use them how you will.

6. Young Pidgeons.

After you have flatted them well, dry them. flowre and fry them, then put them in a por. with Vinegar, Pepper, Cloves, Mace, and fine herbs; when you will use them, unsalt them, for touse them with Ragoust, or in Pottage, or in Paste, or to serve them pickled.

7. Salt Butter.

Wash it well in fresh water, and drain it, then put in an earthen pan, and knead it with white Salt, Clove, and some Bay-leaves, and some Annifeed stamped, if you will; after this, put it into a pot, and cover it well with Paper or Parchment, after you have taken out the water that comes from it, let it in the Seller, and use it.

A Meshod

A Method how to make in Lent the Broths of Fish, Pease, Herbs, and Almonds.

Broth of Fift.

Ake your Broth with half Water and half Pease-broth, take the bones of Carp, or other Fish, with an Onion sticked with Cloves, a bundle of herbs, and some salt; seeth all well together, with crumbs of Bread, and some Butter; then strain it, and use it for such Broth as you will, except that of herbs, the Pease-broth and many Potrages which are without Fish.

You may use it for Pottage of Craw-fish, boiling it a while with the shells of your Craw-fish stamped, and strained through a linnen cloth, by means whereof your Broth will become red; asterwards strain all, season it, and take it up, and stove it.

Pease Broth.

For to make Pease-broth clear, and that it be good, steep your Pease from one day to the next, after you have cleansed them well; then seeth them with River or Conduit-water lukewarm; when they are almost enough, take out your Pease-broth, and use it for what you will.

You will find the broth of herbs in the Pottages for lean daies, and being common, it is needless to

repeat it.

Broth of Almonds.

Peel well your Almonds in very warm water, and stamp them in a Mortar, and as you stamp them, besprinkle them with Rose-water; after they are; well stamped, put them with Fish-broth, and crumbs

frumbs of bread, then boil all with Salt, Butter, a little beaten Cloves, Mace and Cinnamon, an Onion sticked, and Lemon-peel, whereof the upper skin to be taken off; after it is sod, pass it through a strainer, and put it in a pot until you have use for it.

For to make Almond-broth with Milk, peel well your Almonds, stamp them, and in stamping of them, from time to time beforinkle them with Milk, and Rose-water, when they are well stamped, put them with very fresh Milk, crumbs of Bread, Salt, a little Clove, and a little Cinnamon; boil all a little while, and then pass it through the strainer; when you are ready to serve, boil it with Sugar, and serve.

NOTE.

All the Lent Pottages are made and seasoned as those for the Fasting-dayes, but that you put no Eggs in them; but in some you mix Pease broth, in others which you will serve white and marbled, you may put some broth of Almonds; stove and garnish them as the others.

A Method how to make several sorts of Preferves, both dry and liquid, with some other small curiosities, and dainties for the Month.

Apricocks liquid.

Boil some Water, and mix it with some old Lees of Wine proportionably, a handful or thereabouts, for one hundred of Apricocks, which you

The French Cook. you must put in this boiling water, and stir them with a spoon, until you perceive that they peel on the thumb; after that, take them out, put them in fresh water, and peel them very clean; boil again some water, put your Apricocks in it, and let them boil in it four or five walms; then steep them in water; and prick them on the stalk; take Sugar proportionably, dip your Apricocks in it; and feeth them as it is fitting.

Another way of liquid ripe Apricocks.

Take such a quantity of Apricocks as you will, peel them as well and as neatly as you can, boil some water, put your Apricocks in it, and let them boil a little; take them out forthwith, and put them into fresh water, feeth your Sugar after the fashion of a Conserve, pass your Apricocks into it, and boil them a very little while; fet them in a stove, and let them be there until the next day morning, keeping alwaies a small fire

Apricock Cales.

Take the fairest Apricocks you can get, and parboil them very tender, then take of the pulp, and their weight in Sugar, and boil the Sugar and Apricocks together very fast, stir them and keep them from burning to; when you can fee the bottom of the skiller, they are enough; then put them into Cards sowed round, and dust them with fine Sugar, and when they are cold, stone them; then turn them, and fill them up with some more of the same stuff, but let them stand three or four daies before you remove them from the first place; when you find them begin to candy, take them out of the Cards, and duff them with Sugar. ' Conserve

Conferve of Pippins, Oranges, Quinces or Lemons When you have boiled your paste ready to fahion on the Pie-place, put it up into Galli-pots, and this is all the difference between Conferyes Act Dry Apricocks. See See

Drain them and turn them in ears, or in round, then bestrew them in with Sugar, in powder, and dry them in a store.

Another way of dried Apricocks. Take the hardest, and drain them, then seeth some Sugar as for to preserve with it, put your Apricocks in it, yet something stronger, boil them over the fire, and take them out; after that you shall glase them, and put them upon straw; if they are not dry enough, bestrew them with Sugar in powder, and dry them before the fire.

Conserve of Roses. Take Roses of Provence, the reddest you can get, dry them as much as you can in a filver plate or dish over a small fire, and stir them often with your hand; after they are very dry, stamp them in a mortar, and then pass them through a very fine bolting five; then allay them with the juice of Lemon ; over which you shall put half an ounce of Roses beaten into powder; and for want of juice of Lemon, take Verjuice: Take some fine Sugar, and feeth it to the plume, that is, till the first skin, or crust is seen on the Sugar, when it is boiled enough; after it is fod, take it off from the fire, and whiten it with a wooden flice, or espatory, then put in your Roses, until your Conserve hath taken a colour; if by chance your Sugar was 190 much fod, mix with it the juice, or half the juice of a Lemon, proportionably to what you think

The French Cook.

fitting; then let your Conserve cool a while, and take it out.

Conserve of Lemon.

Take a Lemon and grate it, put the grating of it in water, and after a while take it out and dry it moderately before the fire. Take some Sugar, and feeth it, the first plume or skin, as it shall make, take it off the fire, and put the grating of your Lemon in it, and whiten it with the wooden flice, and put in a little juice of Lemon, which is necessary for it; then make up your Conferve.

Conserve of Pomegranate.

Take a Pomegranate, and press it to take out the juice; then put it on a filver plate, and dry it on a finall fire, or on some warm cinders; seeth your Sugar until the plume or skin appear, and more than others; after it is well sod, take it off of the fire, and whiten it; then put your juice in it, and take out your Conserve.

Conserve of Pistaches.

Take Pistaches, and stamp them, seeth the Sugar till the plume or skin appear, and then whiten it; afterwards put in your Pistaches, and stir them in it; then take up your Conserve upon paper.

Conserve of Borage Flowers a la mode Italian. Take fresh Borage-slowers cleansed well from their heads four ounces, fine Sugar twelve ounces, beat them well together in a stone Mortar, and keep them in a vessel well placed.

Conserve of Fruits.

Take Lemon peel, Pistaches, Apricocks, and Cherries, cut them into small pieces, bestrew them with powdered Sugar, and dry them near a small fire; take some Sugar, seeth it till the plume or skin

skin appear somewhat strong; then without taking it off the fire, put your Fruits in, and when you perceive the same plume or skin, take it out, and whiten it, and when you see a small ice on it, take out your Conserve with a spoon.

Slices of Gammon. Take some Pistaches stamped by themselves, some powder of Rose of Province by themselves, allayed with the juice of Lemon, and some Almonds stamped into a paste also by themselves, and thus each by it felf; seeth about one pound and a half of Sugar as for Conserve; after it is fod, serve it into three parts, whereof you shall put, and preserve the two upon warm cinders, and into the other you shall pour your Roses, and after you have allayed them well in this Sugar, pour all together into a sheet of double paper, which you thall fold up two inches high on the four tides, and pin it with pins on the four corners; after this, when this first Sugar thus poured shall be half cold, and thus coloured, take off your Almonds, mix them into one of the parts of Sugar, left on the warm cinders, and pour them over this implement, and do the like also with Pistaches; Then, when all is ready to be cut with the knife, beat down the sides of the sheet of paper, and cut, this Sugar into flices of the thickness of half a Crown.

Conserve of Sage. Take new flowers of Sage one pound, and beat them very small in a marble morter; put them in a vessel well stopped, set them in the Sun, stir them daily; they will last a year.

White

The French Cook.

White Fennel

Take Fennel in Branches, and cleanse it well; dry it, and when it is dry, take the white of an Egg, and water of Orange-flowers, beat all together, and dip the Fennel into it, then put some Powder Sugar over it, and dry it near the fire upon some sheets of paper.

For to make red Fennel.

Take the juice of Pomgranate with the white of an Egg, beat all together, and dip your Fennel in it, put powder of Sugar to it, as to the other, and dry it at the Sun.

For to make blew Fennel.

Take some turnesol and grate it in water, put in a little powder of Iris, and some white of Eggs, beat altogether, and dip your Fennel into this water, and then put in some Powder-Sugar, and dry it as the other.

For to whiten Gilliflowers, Roses, and Violets.

Take the white of an Egg, with a small drop of flower of Orange water, beat them together, and steep your Flowers in it; then take them out, and as you take them out, shake them, put powdersugar over them, and dry them near the fire.

You may use the same way for to whiten red Corants, Cherries, Respasses, and Strawberries.

Cherries liquid.

Take the fairest you can, and take out the stones, some Sugar proportionably to your Cherries, and boil them together until the Syrup be well made, and fod as much as you shall think fitting: if you will at the same time take out some dry, drain up a portion of the same Cherries, and take some Sugar, which you shall seeth into a Conserve, put

The French Took. in your Cherries, boil them, and take them out.

Plums dryed. Take three quarters of a pound of Sugar to a pound of black Pear-plumbs or Damfins, flit the Plumbs in the Creft, lay a lay of Sugar, with a lay of Plumbs, and let them stand all night, if you stone the Plumbs, fill up the Cavity with Sugar, then boil them gently till they be very tender without breaking the skins, put them into a dish; and boil your Syrups after for a Jelly; then pour it on your Plumbs scalding hot, and let them skind two or three daics, then let them be put into an Quen after the bread is drawn, so often till your Syrup be dried up ; being almost dry, lay them in a Sieve, and pour some scalding water on them, then set them in an oven asterwards to dry.

with the Plums of all fores, liquid. Take plums and prick them, then throw them into a bason of boiling water, and boil them softly a little while milet them fleep in fresh water ; and drain them, then feeth your Sugar a very little, pour your plums into it and boil them in it a while; then set them in the stove, if you will; or elle, if you find them not enough, boil again your Syrrup a while, put in your Plums again, and boil them yet adjedenne mit mais expense a god and

the of the day moren Almonds. 1

They are made ready as the Apricocks: (40) 20 Kerjuice, or green Grapes liquid.

Take the fairest you can get, and take out all the feeds; boil some water, and let your green Grapes fleep a litele in it; then put them into some Sugar a little fod, and boil them seven or eight high boilings, and take them out. Dry

Dry Grape Verjuice.

Drain it well, feeth some Sugar into a Conserve, and put your sugar-Verjuice in; set it on the fire, and ciule it to take the same seething as it had when you have mixed it, so that the plume, of skin, or crust of it be very strong.

Grapes Candied.

Take Grapes, and strow fine sifted Sugar on them, then lay them on a Lattice of Wire and a deep pan, and put them into an Oven as hot as for Manchet; then take them out, turn them, and fugar them again, sprinkling on them some Rose. water, pour the Syrup forth from them; after this, dry them in an Oven, till they be candied.

Bottoms of Hartichokes Take of bottoms of Hartichokes what quantity you will, pare them altogether, and take out the choke carefully; then boil fome water, puttyour Hartichokes in, and let them lie therein; until they bevery well fod; then put them into Sugar; and boil them therein four or five boilings, and let them rest in it, then drain them, and take them out.

Buds of Roses dry. Take the Buds of Roles, give them five or fix pricks with a knife, and boil them ten or twelve boilings in water; then take some sugar, melt it, put your Rose-budsin, and let them yet boil eight or ten boilings. For to make them dry; use them as you do Oranges, whereof the making is fet down a little below.

Pomecitron. Take good Pomecitron, cut it into flices, and put it into fresh water, with one handful of white falt; let them sleep five or fix hours, and then

Boil them in water until they be fod; take them out, and drain them; then take some sugat, and boil it, and put into it your slices of Pomecitron, Rethethem again in the fugar proportionably, and take them out. Holy Comment Lemons whole.

Peel them to the white, and cut them at the tharp end, boil forne water, and put them injuitel they be half fod; take them out, put out the water, and put them in again in other water boiling very high, and make an end of feething them init. Take them out, and put them in fresh water; then melt some sugar, and put your Lemons in it. Oranges preserved a la mode de Cour.

Take a dozen fair smooth-skin'd, well coloured Orauges, and lay them in Conduit-water fix daies and nights, shifting them in fresh water morning and evenings then boil them very tender, and with a Khife pare them very this, rub them with falt, having foldone, core tham, taking out the pulp and feeds, then rub them dry , add to every pound of Oranges, a pound and half of Sugar, and ma pound of Sugar, a pint of Water; then mingle your Sugar and Water well regether in a large Skillet; beat the whites of three or four Eggs, undiput theminto it, then ferthem on the file, nation it thick in ain it through a Napkin; then Merit hall atterns Syrup be thick, then put in your Dranges, and les them boil as fast as may be; when they have boiled near an hour; put to them a pint of Apple-water schen boil them apace, and put to them a pintof white wine, your Oranges clear, and gold Sysup chick, then put in the juice of eight Lemons unto them warm, then let them cool in William.

an earthen pan, and place every Orange by its felf

Oranges.

Take the reddest, and the smoothest, or the yellowest, pare them, and slit them at the end, and let them steep two whole daies in fresh water, which youthall change twice a day; boil some water in a bason, put your Oranges in it, and seeth them halfy take them out, and make an end of seething them sin other boiling water; then set them a draining, and take some Sugar proportionably to your Oranges, with as much water; boil all with

your Oranges with high boiling, then take them out, and drain them.

Take Walnuts; pare them to the white, and fleep them in water lix whole daies; and do not if all to change the water twice each day; then fleth them in water, and when they are fod; stick them with a Clove, with Cinnamon, and with a slice of preserved Lemon; then take some Sugar, and fleth it, put your Walnuts in, and let them boil in it ten or twelve walms; then take them out, drain them and dry them.

Take them very ripe, and pare them, then put them in a pan without water, and flir them often with a scimmer, until they be very dry; take them off of the fire, and mix them with as much Sugar sod into a Conserve, as you have of passe.

Take some Cherries, boil them in water, and pass them through a sive; on a good quart of Pap of Cherries, put sour nunces of Pap of Apples, which

which you shall seeth and strain also; mix all together, dry it, and make it ready as abovesaid. Paste of Gooseberries, and of Grape of Verjuice.

Paste of Gooseverries, and of Grant of Cher-They are made the same way as that of Cherries.

Paste of Quinces.

Take Quinces, seeth them whole in water, and pass them through a course Sieve; then dry them in a pan over the fire, as the aforesaid, mix them in a pan over the fire, as the aforesaid, mix them

in a pan over the fire, as the aforestus, that there with Sugar, and give them five or fix turns over the fire, without boiling, make them ready half cold, and so of the rest.

First scald them very well, then slice them into a dish, and pour a Candy Syrup to them scalding hot, and let them stand all night; then lay them on Plates, and searce Sugar on them till they be dry. Let not your Syrup boil, but heat them therein, and they will look very clear.

Take Almonds and peel them, steep them in water, and change is untill the last be clear all together, stamp them with the white of an Egg, and water of Orange-flowre, then dry them with a little Sugar over the fire; after this, you shall stamp them four or five blows in the mortar, and work them as you will.

Work them as you will.

How so make Cakes of Cherries, Apricosks,

Pistaches, and Almonds.

Take of Cherries, or of Apricocks, what you will, stamp them in a morrar with Sugar in powder, until they be stiff enough for to be wrought, bake them before you glase them, and glase them at the top and underneath. The Pistaches and Almonds

Almonds are made ready more easily, and are easier to make Cakes with.

For to make the sheets of them, steep some Gum in water of Orange-flowers, stamp your Almonds or Pistaches, in a mortar with a piece of Gum; allay all together with Sugar in powder; then make and work up a paste as you will.

You may of the same paste make a glasing very clear, mixing a little musk with it, and be careful to cleanse it well at the top, then cut it in length; round, or in any other form.

The baking of it requires a great care and circumspection; put it in the Oven, or in the Tours-pan with fire under and above, but a little less above the or a

How so make other light Paffes. Take the white of an Egg, beat it well with a little water of Orange-flowers, and allay it with a few Pistaches or Almonds, what you will. Work them very well with some Sugar in powder, and put in a little Musk; bake this in a Tourt-pan with a few hot cinders both above and under.

Clear Plum-Clakes Take Plums of any fort, put them in a stone Jugg into a pot of feething water, and when they are diffolved; firsin them through a clean cloth, and take a pound of Sugar to a pint thereof, and boil it to a Candy height, then put theth into Glasses, and set them in an Oven or drying hear, set them not too hot, but let them not cool in a week, and in that time by turning them often, they will be both clear and hard.

How to make a Tourte after the Combalet fashion. Take three yolks of Eggs without any whites, half a pound of Lemon-peel, with some water of Orange-flowers, and some Music; stamp a Lemonpeel, mix all together, and dry it with a handful of Sugar, in beating of it; then put all in a pan, and give it three or four turns over the fire; make up a Tourt, and put it in the Tourt pan with fome Sugar in powder upon and under and close it up, and pur some fire round about it; when it is half baked, take it up, and fet it a drying in the Oveni.

Hord to make fome finall freets of Paste glasted. Take all forts of dry fruits and stamp them with water of Orange-flowers, All your theets of paste with these fruits, which will form up a certain thickness apable and fit for to glase them; leave a little of it at the tops and bake them in the Fourt-pan until the glading be rifen up: which to bring to pass, put some tire upon, and none under it at a Damfins; red or black Plums, a ready way

to Preferve. Let your Plums be newly gathered , when take a little more Sugar than they weigh, then put to them as much water as will cover them, then boil your Syrup a little while, and to let it cool & then put in your fruit and boil them leisurely in a pot of feething water vill they be tender; being almost cold, pot them up.

How to make the Syrrap of Cherries. Take some Cherries, press them, and take out the juice, strain them, and give them two or three boilings over the they then put in some Sugar proportionably, three quarterns for one quart of juice. The Syrup of Rasberries is made alike.

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How to make Lemonade.

It is made several waies, according to the diversity of the ingredients. For to make it with Jalsomine, you must take of it about two handful, infuse it in two or three quarts of water, and there leave it for the space of eight or ten hours; then to one quart of Water you shall put fix ounces of Sugar: those of Orange-flowers, of muscade Roses, and of Gillislowers are made after the same way, For to make that of Lemons, cut them, and take out the juice, put it in water as above faid, pare another Lemon, cut it into flices, put it among this juice, and some Sugar proportionably.

That of Orange is made the same way.

How so make dry Quinces. Take some Quinces, pare them, and boil them in water; take them out and put, them into some boiling Sugar; when they are fod; take them out, and pour them into fod Sugar, out of which take them out, and dry them as the Oranges and other fruits abovesaid.

How to make pubite Hippocrast.

Take three quarts of the best White-wine, half a pound of Sugar more or less, an ounce of Cinnamon, two or three Marjoram leaves, two corns of Pepper unstamped; pals all through the straining bag with a small corn of Musk, and two or three pieces of Lemon, after that, let all insuse together for the space of three or four hours.

The Claret is made with Claret wine, with the same ingredients, and in the same way.

Otherwayes thus made. Take Pepper, Grains, Ginger, of each half an ounce; Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace, of each one ounce groffy beaten, Rosemary, Agrimony, both fired, of each a few crops, red Roseleaves a pretty quantity, and a pound of Sugar Beaten, lay these to steep in a Gallon of Rhenish wine in a close vessel, stirring it two or three times aday, the space of four daies, then strain it through an Hippocras strainer; this is most excellent to help digestion.

How to make whipped Cream.

Take a quart of Milk, and put it into an earthen pan, with about a quarter of a pound of Sugar; take also one pint of sweet Cream, which you shall mix with your Milk by degrees as you are whipping of it with rods, you shall by degrees take off the the scum, and put it in a dish after the form of a Pyramid.

How to Make Sodden Cream.

Take some sweet Cream, with one quart or two of Almonds well stamped, then mix all in a pan, ftir it, and seeth it on a small fire, and when you perceive it to become thick, take two yolks of Eggs, allay them with a little Sugar in powder, pour them in your Cream, and give it yet four or five turnings,

Pyramidis Cream.

Get six ounces of Harts horn and a quart of water, put these in a bottle with the quantity of a small Nut of Gum-Arabeck and Gum-Dragon; let not your bottle be full, stop it very close with a Cork, and bind it about with a Cloth; put the bottle into a boiling pot of Beef, and let it boil three hours; then take as much Cream as there is Jelly, and half a pound of Almonds beaten with Rose-water; mingle the Cream with the Al-

monds, and strain it; when your Jelly is cold, put it into a filver bason and the Cream to it, sweeten it and musk it; then fet it over the fire, stirring in till it be seething hot, but let it not boil, then set it by to cool, and then serve it.

How to make the English Cream.

Take sweet Cream, and make it something lukewarm in the dish wherein you will serve it; then take the bigness of a corn of wheat of Runnet, and allay it with a little Milk.

How to make Jelly of Gooseberries.

Take some Gooseberries, press them, and strain them through a Napkin; measure your juice, and put near upon three quarterns of Sugar to one quart of Juice; feeth it before you mix it, and feeth it again together; after they are mixed, try them on a place, and you shall know that it is enough,

That of Rasberries is made the same way.

How to make the Jelly of Grape-Verjuice. Take Verjuice, and give it one boiling in water, firain it through a course linnen cloth, and seeth some Apples, the decoction whereof you shall mix with it, and the rest as abovesaid.

The Jelly of Cherries is made the same way.

How to make the Jelly of Appless

Make a decoction of your Apples, strain it through a Napkin, and mix it with three quarterns of Sugar, or thereabouts to one quart of decoction, oc.

How to make the Jelly of Quinces.

Make also decoction of Quinces; make it also a little reddish, strain it through a Napkin, and put it with Sugar as the others.

How to make Bisket.

Take eight Eggs, one pound of Sugar in powder, with three quarterns of a pound of Flower, mix all together, and thus it will be neither too foft nor too hard. Or thus.

Take a pound of the finest Sugar, and a pound of the best Jordan Almonds, theep them in cold water and blanch them, and pick out the spots; then beat them to a passe in a stone Mortar, as you pound them cast in Rose water; being finely beaten, put them in a dish with the Sugar, and set them over a Chafing-dish of Coals, stir it till it will come clean from the bottom of the dish, then put in some Ambergreese.

How to make make Macoaroon.

Take one pound of peeled Almonds; steep them in fresh water, and wash them until the water be cleare, drain them, and stamp them in a mortar; besprinkle them with three whites of Eggs, in stead of water of Orange-flowers, put in a quartern of Sugar in powder, and make your paste, which you shall cut upon the paper after the form of Maccaroon; bake it, but take heed you give it not the fire too hot; after it is baked, take it out of the Oven, and fet it up in a place warm and dry.

How to make the Marmalet of Orleance.

Take fifteen pounds of Quinces, three pounds of Sugar, and two quarts of water, boil all together; after it is well sod, drain it by little and little through a Napkin, and take out of it what you can; then put your decoction in a bason with tour pounds of Sugar, feeth it; for to know when it is enough trie it on a plate, and if it doth come off off, take it quickly from off the fire, and fet it up in boxes, or some where else.

How to make Strawberries.

Take the passe of Marchpaine, roul it in your hands into the shape of Straw-berries, then dip them in the juice of Barberries, or of red Corants, and stir them well; after this, put them in a dish, and dry them before the fire, and when they are dry, dip them again three or four times in the same juice.

Fruits artificial, how to make, as Walnuts, & c.

Take searled Sugar and Cinnamon, of each a like quantity, work it up with a little Gum-Dragon; steep it in Rose-water, and print it in a Mould, made like a Walnut-shell; then take white Sugar-plates, print it in a Mould like a Walnut Kernel; so when they are both close them up together with a little Gum Dragon betwixt, and they will dry as they lie.

How to make the Caramel.

Melt fome Sugar with a little water, and let it seeth more than for a Conserve, put into it some Syrup of Capilaire, and pour all into fresh

How to make Muskadine.

Take the powder of Sugar, a littleiof Gum Adragan, which you shall steep in water of Orange-flowers, stamp all together, make it into Muscadine, and dry it afar off before the fire, or at the Sun.

How to make Snow paste.

Take powder of Sugar, and Gum Adragan proportionably, and stamp all together, and pur

in some good water; then make up your sheet of paste.

Hop to make a Cake of Pistaches.

Take half a pound of powder of Sugar, a quartern of Pistaches, a penny worth of Gum Adragan, and one drop of sweet-water; stamp all together, and when the paste is made, make your Cakes of the thickness of a half Crown, and bake them in the Oven.

Rasberries preserved.

Make your Syrup with the decoction of Apples, when it is well fod, put your Rasberries in, give them only one boiling, take them out, and put them where you will to keep them.

Quinces liquid.

Take them very yellow, and without spots, cut them into quarters, and seeth them in water, until they be well fod, and very soft; then drain them, and put your Sugar in the same water, which you shall seeth a little more than Syrup; put your Quinces in again, and put in their seeds, taken out first and wrapped into a linnen cloth, to give them a colour, and when they are enough, take them out.

White Marmalet of Quinces.

Take unpared Quinces, and boil them whole in fair water, peel them, and take all the pap from the core; to every pound thereof, add three quarters of a pound of Sugar, boil it till it comes from the bottom of the pan, then put it into boxes.

For to make a compost of Apples. Take some Pippins, and pare them very smooth,

and without spots; if they are big, cut them into four quarters, if they are small, cut them into halves, and take out the feeds, and all other fuperfluities; as you pare them throw them in water, and after they are all in, put the Water and Apples in a pan, with some Sugar, to the proportion of a quartern and a half to eight great Apples, and a little Cinnamon; instead of which in Winter, when the Apples have less juice, you may put one glass of White-wine; boil all until the Apples be soft under your fingers; then take them out piece by piece, and press them between two spoons, and set them on a plate, then strain your Syrup through a Napkin folded double; after it is strained, put it in the pan again, for to make a Jelly of it, which you shall know to be fod, if you take some with a small spoon, and that the drops do fall like small pieces of Ice; then take it off from the fire, and when it is half cold; put it over your Apples, that are set on the plate.

Compost of Apples John.

It is made the same way, but that the skin must not be taken off.

Marmalet of Oranges.

Pare your Oranges as thin as you can, boil them in four several waters, let them be very soft before you take them out; then take two quarts of Spring-water, and put thereto two dozen of Pippins quartered and cored; let them boil till all the vertue be out, but let them not lose their colour, then strain them to; every pint of Water put a pound of Sugar, boil it almost to a Candyheighth;

heighth; then taking out the meat out of the Oranges, slice the peel in long slices, as thin as you can, then put in your peel with the juice of two Lemons, and boil it to a Candy.

How to make Marmalet of Apples,

Take ten or twelve Apples, pare them and cut them as far as the Core, and put them into clear water; then take the apples and the water wherein they do steep, with half a pound of Sugar, or less if you will, pour them into a pan, seeth them, as they feeth crush them, lest they should burn; and when there is almost no more water, strain all through a straining sieve. Take what you have strained, and put it in the same again, with the grating of half a Lemon or Orange, before steeped above a quarter of an hour in some warm water, and strained through a linnen cloth, for to know, and take out the bitterness of it; as they seeth, stir alwaies, lest your Marmalat do burn; you may know that it is fod when it is as in a Jelly, and sheweth less moistness; and when it is as it ought to be, take it off of the fire, and spread it with a Knife, the thickness of two half Crowns.

How to make the compost of Pears.

Take what Pears you will, so they be good, pare them, and take out the Cores, the hardness which is at the head of the Pear, and other superfluities, as of the Apples; if they are big, cut them into halves or quarters, if they are small, into three parts; then put them in a pan, with Water, Sugar, and fome Cinnamon; when they are half fod, pour into them a glass of strong red Wine,

The French Cook.

Wine, and keep them alwaies covered close, because it causeth them to become red; give them as much feething, or thereabouts, as you would give to the Syrup of other preserves.

Another way.

Bake some Pears in warm cinders, when they are baked, pere them, cut them into halves or quarters, according to their bigness, and take out the infide; make a Syrup with Sugar, and the juice of a Lemon, or the water of Orange-flowers; pour your Pears into this Syrup, and give them one boiling, then put them on a plate.

How to make great Chesnuts after the Limosine.

Seeth some of these great Chesnuts after the ordinary way, when they are fod, peel them, and in peeling them, flat them a little between your hands; set them on a plate, and take some Water, Sugar, and the juice of a Lemon, or water of Orange-flowers, make a Syrup with it; when it is made, pour it boiling upon your Marons, and serve them hot or cold.

Another way.

If you will blanch them, take the white of an Egg, and fome water of Orange flowers, beat them together, dip your Chesnuts in it, and put them in a dish with some powder of Sugar; roul them until they be covered with it, then dry them near the fire.

How to make the compest of Lemon.

Make a Jelly of Apples, and seeth it; after it is sod, take a big Lemon, pare it very thick, and near the juice, cut it in two, and in length, and divide these two parts into many slices, take

out the feed, and throw these slices into your Jelly; give it ten or twelve boilings, so that your Jelly may have its first seething; take it off of the fire, and let it become half cold; fill a plate with Lemon-flices, and cover them with: your Jelly.

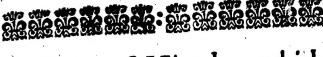
How to make Lemon-paste.

Take some Sugar in powder, and some whites of Eggs, with a little of the grating of the substance of the Lemon, stamp all together in a mortar, and if perchance there were too many Eggs, put in some flower of Sugar, so with samping you may bring what is in your mortar into a palte fit to be wrought; work it after the ordinary manner, and your cakes as you will, after the thickness of half a finger, or less if you will. Bake them upon paper in the Oven; or in a Tourt-pan, with fire above and under, with mediocritie. Have a care that they become not yellow, and as soon as you do perceive that they begin to take that colour, take them out, for they are enough.

How to make Savoy Bisket.

Take fix yolks, and eight whites of Eggs, with one pound of Sugar in powder, three quarters of a pound of good Flower made of good Wheat, and some Aniseed, beat all well together, and boil it; make a paste neither too soft nor too hard; if it is too soft, you may miv it with some Flower of Sugar, for to stiffen it; when it is well proportioned, put it into Moulds of white Tinne made for the purpose; and then bake them half in the Oven; when they are half baked, take them out, and moisten them at the top with the yolks-of Eggs; after that, put them in the Oven again, to make an end of baking; when they are so baked that they are not too much burned, nor too soft, take them out, and set them in a place which is neither too cool, nor too dry.

FINIS.



A Table of Viands, which are to be had, and are usually served at divers seasons of the year.

From Easter to Midsomer.

Ram'd Pullet's

Turkies of that

Level

Wild

Green Geese. Lambs.

Dove house Pidgeons or Culvers

Leverets Young wild Boars Partridges

Phefants Small Birds Young Rabits

From Midsomer to October.

Young Partridges Young Culvers Young Turtle Doves

Young Pheasants

Young Quails
Leverets

Wild Boars
Turkies
Caponers

Caponets Dove-house Pidgeons Corn-fed Pullets

Sea-Hens Fat green Geese Railes

Small Birds Toung wild Ducks Fawns Kidds

Snipes
From the first of
October to Lent

Fat Capons Fat Pullet

Spayed

Spayed Pullet of ... Normandie Snipes Fieldfares. Capons Thrushes Fat Hens to boil Pullets Turkie Hens Curlues Turkie Cocks Dove house Pidgeons Fat Quailes Lambs Leverets Combs Partridges Givars Woodcocks Fat powdered Geefe Wood Quests Larks Plovers Sarcelles Ducks Rouges Sucking Piggs Water Hens Wood Pheafants Water Forel Hernes. Wood Hen. Sea Swallows.

FINIS.